

## Supplemental Listing Document

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this document, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser.

Application has been made to the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the “**SGX-ST**”) for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates (as defined below). The SGX-ST takes no responsibility for the contents of this document, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this document. Admission to the Official List of the SGX-ST is not to be taken as an indication of the merits of UBS AG, acting through its London branch, the Certificates, or the Company (as defined below).

**18,000,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to  
the ordinary shares of Tencent Holdings Limited  
with a Daily Leverage of 5x**

**UBS AG  
(Incorporated with limited liability in Switzerland)  
acting through its London Branch**

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**Issue Price: S\$1.00 per Certificate**

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This document is published for the purpose of obtaining a listing of all the above certificates (the “**Certificates**”) to be issued by UBS AG (the “**Issuer**”) acting through its London branch, and is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with a base listing document dated 28 June 2021 (the “**Base Listing Document**”), including its supplements and addenda as executed from time to time, for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer and the Certificates. Information relating to the Company (as defined below) is contained in this document.

This document does not constitute or form part of any offer, or invitation, to subscribe for or to sell, or solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or to purchase, Certificates or other securities of the Issuer, nor is it calculated to invite, nor does it permit the making of, offers by the public to subscribe for or purchase for cash or other consideration the Certificates or other securities of the Issuer. Restrictions have been imposed on offers and sales of the Certificates and on distributions of documents relating thereto in the United States, the United Kingdom, the European Economic Area, Singapore and Hong Kong (see “Placing and Sale” contained herein).

The Certificates are complex products. You should exercise caution in relation to them. Investors are warned that the price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise and holders may sustain a total loss of their investment. The price of the Certificates also depends on the supply and demand for the Certificates in the market and the price at which the Certificates is trading at any time may differ from the underlying valuation of the Certificates because of market inefficiencies. It is not possible to predict the secondary market for the Certificates. Although the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates may from time to time purchase the Certificates or sell additional Certificates on the market, the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates are not obliged to do so. Investors should also note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock (as defined below) and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock.

For the purpose of section 309B(1) of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289 of Singapore) (the "SFA"), the Issuer has determined, and hereby notifies all relevant persons (as defined in section 309A of the SFA) that the Certificates are classified as capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products<sup>1</sup> and Specified Investment Products (SIPs)<sup>2</sup>, and may only be sold to retail investors with enhanced safeguards, including an assessment of such investors' investment knowledge or experience.

Prospective purchasers should therefore ensure that they understand the nature of the Certificates and carefully study the risk factors set out in the Base Listing Document and pages 5 to 9 of this document before they invest in the Certificates.

Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates will commence on or about 15 February 2022.

As at the date hereof, the Issuer's long term credit rating by Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited is A+, by Moody's Deutschland GmbH is Aa3 and by Fitch Ratings Limited is AA-.

The Issuer is regulated by, among others, the Swiss Federal Banking Commission. In the United Kingdom, it is authorised by the Prudential Regulatory Authority and subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulatory Authority.

14 February 2022

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<sup>1</sup> As defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018.

<sup>2</sup> As defined in the MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products.

Subject as set out below, the Issuer accepts full responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document in relation to itself and the Certificates. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Issuer (which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document for which it accepts responsibility (subject as set out below in respect of the information contained herein with regard to the Company) is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The information with regard to the Company as set out herein is extracted from publicly available information. The Issuer accepts responsibility only for the accurate reproduction of such information. No further or other responsibility or liability in respect of such information is accepted by the Issuer.

No persons have been authorised to give any information or to make any representation save as contained in this document or otherwise authorised by the Issuer in connection with the Certificates and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer. Neither the delivery of this document nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer or its subsidiaries and associates since the date hereof.

This document does not constitute an offer or solicitation by or on behalf of the Issuer to purchase or subscribe for any of the Certificates. The distribution of this document and the offering of the Certificates may, in certain jurisdictions, be restricted by law. The Issuer requires persons into whose possession this document comes to inform themselves of and observe all such restrictions. In particular, the Certificates have not been, and will not be, registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”). Subject to certain exceptions, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act) or to others for offering, sale or resale in the United States or to any such U.S. person. Offers and sales of Certificates, or interests therein, in the United States or to U.S. persons would constitute a violation of United States securities laws unless made in compliance with registration requirements of the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption therefrom. A further description of certain restrictions on offering and sale of the Certificates and distribution of this document is given in the section headed “Placing and Sale” contained herein.

The SGX-ST has made no assessment of, nor taken any responsibility for, the financial soundness of the Issuer or the merits of investing in the Certificates, nor have they verified the accuracy or the truthfulness of statements made or opinions expressed in this document.

The Issuer and/or any of its affiliates may repurchase Certificates at any time on or after the date of issue and any Certificates so repurchased may be offered from time to time in one or more transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise at prevailing market prices or in negotiated transactions, at the discretion of the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates. Investors should not therefore make any assumption as to the number of Certificates in issue at any time.

References in this document to the “**Conditions**” shall mean references to the Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities contained in the Base Listing Document. Terms not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Conditions.

**Table of Contents**

	<i>Page</i>
<b>Risk Factors</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Terms and Conditions of the Certificates</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Summary of the Issue</b>	<b>28</b>
<b>Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities</b>	<b>30</b>
<b>Information relating to the Company</b>	<b>45</b>
<b>Information relating to the Designated Market Maker</b>	<b>46</b>
<b>Placing and Sale</b>	<b>48</b>
<b>Supplemental Information relating to the Issuer</b>	<b>53</b>
<b>Supplemental General Information</b>	<b>54</b>
<b>Appendix I</b>	
<b>Appendix II</b>	
<b>Appendix III</b>	

## RISK FACTORS

The following risk factors are relevant to the Certificates:-

- (a) investment in Certificates involves substantial risks including market risk, liquidity risk, and the risk that the Issuer will be unable to satisfy its obligations under the Certificates. Investors should ensure that they understand the nature of all these risks before making a decision to invest in the Certificates. You should consider carefully whether Certificates are suitable for you in light of your experience, objectives, financial position and other relevant circumstances. Certificates are not suitable for inexperienced investors;
- (b) the Certificates constitute direct, general and unsecured contractual obligations of the Issuer and if you purchase the Certificates you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person. In particular, it should be noted that the Issuer issues a large number of financial instruments, including Certificates, on a global basis and, at any given time, the financial instruments outstanding may be substantial. If you purchase the Certificates you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and have no rights under the Certificates against the Company which has issued the Underlying Stock (as defined below). The Issuer has substantially no obligation to a Certificate Holder (as defined in the Conditions) other than to pay amounts in accordance with the terms thereof as set forth herein and in the Base Listing Document. The Issuer does not in any respect underwrite or guarantee the performance of any Certificate. Any profit or loss realised by a Certificate Holder in respect of a Certificate upon exercise or otherwise due to changes in the value of such Certificate or the Underlying Stock is solely for the account of such Certificate Holder. In addition, the Issuer shall have the absolute discretion to put in place any hedging transaction or arrangement which it deems appropriate in connection with any Certificate or the Underlying Stock. A reduction in the rating, if any, accorded to outstanding debt securities of the Issuer by any one of its rating agencies could result in a reduction in the trading value of the Certificates;
- (c) since the Certificates relate to the price of the Underlying Stock, certain events relating to the Underlying Stock may cause adverse movements in the value and the price of the Underlying Stock, as a result of which, the Certificate Holders may, in extreme circumstances, sustain a significant loss of their investment if the price of the Underlying Stock has fallen sharply;
- (d) due to their nature, the Certificates can be volatile instruments and may be subject to considerable fluctuations in value. The price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise due to, including but not limited to, variations in the frequency and magnitude of the changes in the price of the Underlying Stock, the time remaining to expiry and the creditworthiness of the Issuer;
- (e) fluctuations in the price of the Underlying Stock will affect the price of the Certificates but not necessarily in the same magnitude and direction, therefore, prospective investors intending to purchase Certificates to hedge their market risk associated with investing in the Underlying Stock which may be specified herein, should recognise the complexities of utilising the Certificates in this manner;
- (f) a Certificate Holder must tender a specified number of Certificates at any one time in order to exercise. Thus, Certificate Holders with fewer than the specified minimum number of Certificates in a particular series will either have to sell their Certificates or purchase additional Certificates, incurring transactions costs in each case, in order to realise their investment;
- (g) if, whilst any of the Certificates remain unexercised, trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or halted on the relevant stock exchange, trading in the Certificates may be suspended for a similar period;
- (h) investors should note that the Issuer's obligations to pay amounts in accordance with the terms thereof as set forth herein shall be discharged by delivery of the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (if positive) to all Certificate Holders in accordance with the agreement with the Warrant Agent;
- (i) investors should note that in the event of there being a Market Disruption Event (as defined in the Conditions) determination or payment of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined in the Conditions) may be delayed, all as more fully described in the Conditions;

- (j) certain events relating to the Underlying Stock require or, as the case may be, permit the Issuer to make certain adjustments or amendments to the Conditions;
- (k) the Certificates are only exercisable on the expiry date and may not be exercised by Certificate Holders prior to such expiry date. Accordingly, if on such expiry date the Cash Settlement Amount is zero, a Certificate Holder will lose the value of his investment;
- (l) the total return on an investment in any Certificate may be affected by the Hedging Fee Factor (as defined below), Management Fee (as defined below) and Gap Premium (as defined below);
- (m) investors holding their position overnight should note that they would be required to bear the annualised cost which consists of the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy (as described below) including the Funding Cost (as defined below) and the Rebalancing Cost (as defined below);
- (n) investors should note that there may be an exchange rate risk where the Cash Settlement Amount may be converted from a foreign currency into Singapore dollars. Exchange rates between currencies are determined by forces of supply and demand in the foreign exchange markets. These forces are, in turn, affected by factors such as international balances of payments and other economic and financial conditions, government intervention in currency markets and currency trading speculation. Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, foreign political and economic developments, and the imposition of exchange controls or other foreign governmental laws or restrictions applicable to such investments may affect the foreign currency market price and the exchange rate-adjusted equivalent price of the Certificates. Fluctuations in the exchange rate of any one currency may be offset by fluctuations in the exchange rate of other relevant currencies;
- (o) investors should note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock;
- (p) when held for longer than a day, the performance of the Certificates could be more or less than the leverage factor that is embedded within the Certificates. The performance of the Certificates each day is locked in, and any subsequent returns are based on what was achieved the previous day. This process, referred to as compounding, may lead to a performance difference from 5 times the performance of the Underlying Stock over a period longer than one day. This difference may be amplified in a volatile market with a sideways trend, where market movements are not clear in direction, whereby investors may sustain substantial losses;
- (q) the Air Bag Mechanism (as defined below) is triggered only when the Underlying Stock is calculated or traded, which may not be during the trading hours of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Certificates (as defined below);
- (r) investors should note that the Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Strategy if the Underlying Stock falls further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to rise after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses;
- (s) there is no assurance that the Air Bag Mechanism will prevent investors from losing the entire value of their investment, in the event of (i) an overnight fall in the Underlying Stock, where there is a 20% or greater gap between the previous day closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock the following day, as the Air Bag Mechanism will only be triggered when market opens the following day or (ii) a sharp intraday fall in the Underlying Stock of 20% or greater during the observation period compared to the reference price, being: (a) if air bag event has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (b) if one or more air bag events have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest new observed price. Investors may refer to pages 38 to 39 of this document for more information;

- (t) certain events may, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Certificates, trigger (A) the implementation of methods of adjustment or (B) the early termination of the Certificates. The Issuer will give the investors reasonable notice of any early termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of the Certificate less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. The performance of this commitment shall depend on (A) general market conditions and (B) the liquidity conditions of the underlying instrument(s) and, as the case may be, of any other hedging transactions. Investors should note that the amount repaid by the Issuer may be less than the amount initially invested. Investors may refer to Condition 13 on pages 26 to 27 of this document for more information;
- (u) investors should note that it is not possible to predict the price at which the Certificates will trade in the secondary market or whether such market will be liquid or illiquid. To the extent Certificates of a particular issue are exercised, the number of Certificates of such issue outstanding will decrease, resulting in a diminished liquidity for the remaining Certificates of such issue. A decrease in the liquidity of an issue of Certificates may cause, in turn, an increase in the volatility associated with the price of such issue of Certificates. The Issuer may, but is not obligated to, at any time, purchase Certificates at any price in the open market or by tender or private agreement. Any Certificates so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation. To the extent that an issue of Certificates becomes illiquid, an investor may have to exercise such Certificates to realise value;
- (v) two or more risk factors may simultaneously have an effect on the value of a Certificate such that the effect of any individual risk factor may not be predicted. No assurance can be given as to the effect any combination of risk factors may have on the value of a Certificate;
- (w) investors should note that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred. Investors who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers. In addition, investors should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax treatment which will apply at any given time. Investors should refer to the Taxation Section in the Base Listing Document;
- (x) investors should note that the Issuer may enter into discount, commission or fee arrangements with brokers and/or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates with respect to the primary or secondary market in the Certificates. The arrangements may result in the benefit to investors in Certificates buying and selling Certificates through nominated brokers by reducing or eliminating the commission payable by such Certificate Holders. In the event that the commission payable by Certificate Holders is eliminated, fee arrangements between the Issuer and brokers and/or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates will continue to apply. Investors in the Certificates should note that any brokers with whom the Issuer has a commission arrangement does not, and cannot be expected to, deal exclusively in the Certificates, therefore any broker and/or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates may from time to time engage in transactions involving the Underlying Stock and/or structured products of other issuers over the Underlying Stock as the Certificates for their proprietary accounts and/or accounts of their clients. The fact that the same broker may deal simultaneously for different clients in competing products in the market place may affect the value of the Certificates and present certain conflicts of interests;
- (y) various potential and actual conflicts of interest may arise from the overall activities of the Issuer and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates.

The Issuer and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates are diversified financial institutions with relationships in countries around the world. These entities engage in a wide range of commercial and investment banking, brokerage, funds management, hedging transactions and investment and other activities for their own account or the account of others. In addition, the Issuer and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates, in connection with their other business activities, may possess or acquire material information about the Underlying Stock. Such activities and information may involve or otherwise affect issuers of the

Underlying Stock in a manner that may cause consequences adverse to the Certificate Holders or otherwise create conflicts of interests in connection with the issue of Certificates by the Issuer. Such actions and conflicts may include, without limitation, the exercise of voting power, the purchase and sale of securities, financial advisory relationships and exercise of creditor rights. The Issuer and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates have no obligation to disclose such information about the Underlying Stock or such activities. The Issuer and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates and their officers and directors may engage in any such activities without regard to the issue of Certificates by the Issuer or the effect that such activities may directly or indirectly have on any Certificate;

- (z) in the ordinary course of their business, including without limitation in connection with the Issuer or its appointed designated market maker's market making activities, the Issuer and any of its respective subsidiaries and affiliates may effect transactions for their own account or for the account of their customers and hold long or short positions in the Underlying Stock and/or related derivatives. In addition, in connection with the offering of any Certificates, the Issuer and any of its respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into one or more hedging transactions with respect to the Underlying Stock and/or related derivatives. In connection with such hedging or market-making activities or with respect to proprietary or other trading activities by the Issuer and any of its respective subsidiaries and its affiliates, the Issuer and any of its respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into transactions in the Underlying Stock and/or related derivatives which may affect the market price, liquidity or value of the Certificates and which may affect the interests of Certificate Holders;
- (aa) the value of the Certificates depends on the Leverage Strategy performance built in the Certificate. The Calculation Agent will make the Leverage Strategy last closing level and a calculation tool available to the investors on a website;
- (bb) certain risks relating to the Issuer's operating environment and strategy, including those as set out in Appendix 2 of the Base Listing Document, may impact the Issuer's ability to execute its strategy and directly affect its business activities, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. As a broad-based international financial services firm, the Issuer is inherently exposed to risks that become apparent only with the benefit of hindsight, risks of which it is not presently aware or which it currently does not consider to be material could also materially affect its business activities, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. The sequence in which the risk factors are set out in Appendix 2 of the Base Listing Document is not indicative of their likelihood of occurrence or the potential magnitude of their financial consequences;
- (cc) as the Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("**CDP**"):-
  - (i) investors should note that no definitive certificate will be issued in relation to the Certificates;
  - (ii) there will be no register of Certificate Holders and each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates by way of interest (to the extent of such number) in the global warrant certificate in respect of those Certificates represented thereby shall be treated as the holder of such number of Certificates;
  - (iii) investors will need to rely on any statements received from their brokers/custodians as evidence of their interest in the Certificates; and
  - (iv) notices to such Certificate Holders will be published on the website of the SGX-ST. Investors will need to check the website of the SGX-ST regularly and/or rely on their brokers/custodians to obtain such notices;
- (dd) Generally, investing in the Certificates may involve risks related to the discontinuance, changes or adjustments to benchmarks generally

Discontinuance of, or changes to, benchmarks may require adjustments to the Issuer's agreements, systems and processes. The interbank offered rate(s) ("**IBOR**") and other interest rate, equity, commodity, foreign exchange and other types of indices which are deemed to be "benchmarks", are the subject of national, international and other regulatory guidance and proposals for reform. Some of these reforms are



already effective whilst others are still to be or may be implemented. These reforms may cause such benchmarks to perform differently than in the past, to disappear entirely, or have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Any such consequence could have a material adverse effect on any Certificates referencing such a benchmark. Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks or any of the international or national reforms in making any investment decision with respect to any Certificates referencing a benchmark; and

- (ee) Specifically, the reform of HIBOR may adversely affect the value of the Certificates

The Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate (“**HIBOR**”) benchmark is referenced in the Leverage Strategy.

It is not possible to predict with certainty whether, and to what extent, HIBOR will continue to be supported going forwards. This may cause HIBOR to perform differently than they have done in the past, and may have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Such factors may have (without limitation) the following effects: (i) discouraging market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to a benchmark; (ii) triggering changes in the rules or methodologies used in the benchmark and/or (iii) leading to the disappearance of the benchmark. Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on the Certificates.

In addition, the occurrence of a modification or cessation of HIBOR may cause adjustment of the Certificates which may include selecting one or more successor benchmarks and making related adjustments to the Certificates, including if applicable to reflect increased costs.

The Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate if any of the following circumstances occurs or may occur: (1) HIBOR is materially changed or cancelled or (2)(i) the relevant authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval in respect of the benchmark or the administrator or sponsor of the benchmark is not obtained, (ii) an application for authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision, approval or inclusion in any official register is rejected or (iii) any authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval is suspended or inclusion in any official register is withdrawn.

Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks imposed by any of the international or national reforms in making any investment decision with respect to any Certificate.

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CERTIFICATES

*The following are the terms and conditions of the Certificates and should be read in conjunction with, and are qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document.*

The Conditions are set out in the section headed “Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities” in the Base Listing Document. For the purposes of the Conditions, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Certificates:	18,000,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the ordinary shares of Tencent Holdings Limited (the “ <b>Underlying Stock</b> ” or the “ <b>Underlying</b> ”)
Company:	Tencent Holdings Limited (RIC: 0700.HK)
Underlying Price <sup>3</sup> and Source:	HK\$472.00 (Bloomberg)
Calculation Agent:	UBS AG acting through its London Branch
Strike Level:	Zero
Daily Leverage:	5x (within the Leverage Strategy as described below)
Notional Amount per Certificate:	SGD 1.00
Management Fee (p.a.) <sup>4</sup> :	0.40%
Gap Premium (p.a.) <sup>5</sup> :	4.60%, is a hedging cost against extreme market movements overnight.
Funding Cost <sup>6</sup> :	The annualised costs of funding, referencing a publically published interbank offered rate plus spread.
Rebalancing Cost <sup>6</sup> :	The transaction costs (if applicable), computed as a function of leverage and daily performance of the Underlying Stock.
Launch Date:	7 February 2022
Closing Date:	14 February 2022
Expected Listing Date:	15 February 2022
Last Trading Date:	The date falling 5 Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry Date, currently being 23 December 2024

<sup>3</sup> These figures are calculated as at, and based on information available to the Issuer on or about 14 February 2022. The Issuer is not obliged, and undertakes no responsibility to any person, to update or inform any person of any changes to the figures after 14 February 2022.

<sup>4</sup> Please note that the Management Fee is calculated on a 360-day basis and may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month’s notice to investors. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET. Please refer to “Fees and Charges” below for further details of the fees and charges payable and the maximum of such fees as well as other ongoing expenses that may be borne by the Certificates.

<sup>5</sup> Please note that the Gap Premium is calculated on a 360-day basis.

<sup>6</sup> These costs are embedded within the Leverage Strategy.

Expiry Date:	31 December 2024 (if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, then the Expiry Date shall fall on the preceding Business Day and subject to adjustment of the Valuation Date upon the occurrence of Market Disruption Events as set out in the Conditions of the Certificates)
Board Lot:	100 Certificates
Valuation Date:	30 December 2024 or if such day is not an Exchange Business Day, the immediately preceding Exchange Business Day.
Exercise:	The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
Cash Settlement Amount:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount (if positive) payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:  Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate  Please refer to the “Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities” section on pages 30 to 44 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.
Hedging Fee Factor:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount calculated as: Product (for t from Expected Listing Date to Valuation Date) of $(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times (\text{ACT}(t-1;t) \div 360)) \times (1 - \text{Gap Premium}(t-1) \times (\text{ACT}(t-1;t) \div 360))$ , where:  “t” refers to “ <b>Observation Date</b> ” which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date; and ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is “t-1”) (included) and the Observation Date (which is “t”) (excluded).  An “ <b>Underlying Stock Business Day</b> ” is a day on which The Stock

Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**HKEX**”) is open for dealings in Hong Kong during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Hong Kong.

Please refer to the “Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities” section on pages 30 to 44 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Hedging Fee Factor.

Closing Level: In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

$$\left( \frac{\text{Final Reference Level} \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level} \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level} \right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$$

Initial Reference Level: 1,000

Final Reference Level: The closing level of the Leverage Strategy (as described below) on the Valuation Date

The calculation of the closing level of the Leverage Strategy is set out in the “Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Strategy” section on pages 15 to 18 below.

Initial Exchange Rate<sup>3</sup>: 0.1727248845

Final Exchange Rate: The rate for the conversion of HKD to SGD as at 5:00pm (Singapore Time) on the Valuation Date as shown on Reuters, provided that if the Reuters service ceases to display such information, as determined by the Issuer by reference to such source(s) as the Issuer may reasonably determine to be appropriate at such a time.

Air Bag Mechanism: The “**Air Bag Mechanism**” refers to the mechanism built in the Leverage Strategy and which is designed to reduce the Leverage Strategy exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions. If the Underlying Stock falls by 15% or more (“**Air Bag Trigger Price**”) during the trading day (which represents approximately 75% loss after a 5 times leverage), the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered and the Leverage Strategy is adjusted intra-day. The Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Strategy if the Underlying Stock falls further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to rise after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses.

Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes of continuous trading after the Air Bag is triggered. The resumption of trading is subject further to SGX-ST’s requirements, including at least 30 minutes from the time of publication of an announcement on the exchange in respect of the Air Bag Mechanism being triggered, and at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST grants an approval to resume trading, whichever is later, rounded to the next quarter of an hour.

The Leverage Strategy is floored at 0 and the Certificates cannot be valued below zero.

Please refer to the “Air Bag Mechanism” section on page 18 below and the “Description of Air Bag Mechanism” section on pages 36 to 37 of this document for further information of the Air Bag Mechanism.

Adjustments and Extraordinary Events:	The Issuer has the right to make adjustments to the terms of the Certificates if certain events, including any capitalisation issue, rights issue, extraordinary distributions, merger, delisting, insolvency (as more specifically set out in the terms and conditions of the Certificates) occur in respect of the Underlying Stock. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.
Underlying Stock Currency:	Hong Kong Dollar (“ <b>HKD</b> ”)
Settlement Currency:	Singapore Dollar (“ <b>SGD</b> ”)
Exercise Expenses:	Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates.
Relevant Stock Exchange for the Certificates:	The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (“ <b>SGX-ST</b> ”)
Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock:	HKEX
Business Day and Exchange Business Day:	<p>A “<b>Business Day</b>” is a day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays) on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.</p> <p>An “<b>Exchange Business Day</b>” is a day on which the SGX-ST and the HKEX are open for dealings in Singapore and Hong Kong respectively during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore and Hong Kong.</p>
Warrant Agent:	The Central Depository (Pte) Limited (“ <b>CDP</b> ”)
Clearing System:	CDP
Fees and Charges:	<p>Normal transaction and brokerage fees shall apply to the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST. Investors should note that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred. Investors who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers. In addition, investors should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax treatment which will apply at any given time.</p>

Investors holding position overnight would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs

embedded within the Leverage Strategy including the Funding Cost and the Rebalancing Cost. The Management Fee may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Certificates. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET.

Further Information:

Please refer to the website at <http://dlc.ubs.com> for more information on the theoretical closing price of the Certificates on the previous trading day, the closing price of the Underlying Stock on the previous trading day, the Air Bag Trigger Price for each trading day and the Management Fee and Gap Premium.

In addition, the Conditions have been modified as follows:

1. Condition 1(a)(i) is deleted and replaced with the following:
  - “(i) a master instrument by way of deed poll (the "**Master Instrument**") dated 7 January 2022, made by UBS AG (the "**Issuer**") acting through its London Branch; and”
2. All references to “Instrument” appearing therein are deleted and substituted with the word “Master Instrument”.

## Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Strategy

### Description of the Leverage Strategy

The Leverage Strategy is designed to track a 5 times daily leveraged exposure to the Underlying Stock.

At the end of each trading day of the Underlying Stock, the exposure of the Leverage Strategy to the Underlying Stock is reset within the Leverage Strategy in order to retain a daily leverage of 5 times the performance of the Underlying Stock (excluding costs) regardless of the performance of the Underlying Stock on the preceding day. This mechanism is referred to as the Daily Reset.

The Leverage Strategy incorporates an air bag mechanism which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, as further described below.

### Leverage Strategy Formula

<b>LSL<sub>t</sub></b>	means, the Leverage Strategy Level as at the Leverage Reset Time (t), calculated in accordance with the following formulae:  On Leverage Reset Time (1):  $LSL_1 = 1000$  On each subsequent Leverage Reset Time (t):  $LSL_t = \text{Max}\left[LSL_{r(t)} \times \left(1 + LR_{r(t),t} - FC_{r(t),t} - RC_{r(t),t}\right), 0\right]$
Leverage Reset Time (t)	means  1) the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on any Observation Date; and  2) end of any Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period.  Leverage Reset Time (1) is the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock on Issue Date.
Leverage Reset Time r(t)	means the Leverage Reset Time immediately preceding the Leverage Reset Time (t).
<b>LR<sub>r(t),t</sub></b>	means the Leveraged Return of the Underlying Stock between Leverage Reset Time r(t) and Leverage Reset Time (t), calculated as follows:  $LR_{r(t),t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right)$
<b>FC<sub>r(t),t</sub></b>	means, the Funding Cost between the Leverage Reset Time r(t) (included) and the Leverage Reset Time (t) (excluded) calculated as follows:  If the Leverage Reset Time r(t) is at the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on any Observation Date,  $FC_{r(t),t} = (\text{Leverage} - 1) \times \frac{\text{Rate}_{r(t)} \times \text{ACT}(r(t), t)}{\text{DayCountBasisRate}}$  Otherwise, $FC_{r(t),t} = 0$
<b>RC<sub>r(t),t</sub></b>	means the Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Strategy as at Leverage Reset Time (t), calculated as follows:  $RC_{r(t),t} = \text{Leverage} \times (\text{Leverage} - 1) \times \left(\left \frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right \right) \times \text{TC}$

<b>TC</b>	<p>means the Transaction Costs applicable as determined by the Calculation Agent (including Stamp Duty and any other applicable taxes, levies and costs which may be levied on the stock transactions on the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock by the applicable regulatory authorities from time to time) that are currently equal to :</p> <p>0.13%</p> <p>“Stamp Duty” refers to the applicable rate of stamp duty on the stock transactions in the jurisdiction of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock, which may be changed by the applicable regulatory authorities from time to time.</p>
<b>Leverage</b>	5
<b><math>S_t</math></b>	<p>means the Underlying Stock Price as of Leverage Reset Time (t) computed as follows, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions:</p> <p>If the Leverage Reset Time (t) is at the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on any Observation Date,</p> <p><math>S_t</math> is the Closing Price of the Underlying Stock as of such Observation Date.</p> <p>Otherwise,</p> <p><math>S_t</math> is the lowest price of the Underlying Stock during the respective Intraday Restrike Observation Period.</p>
<b><math>Rfactor_t</math></b>	<p>means an amount determined by the Calculation Agent, according to the following formula, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions:</p> <p>If in respect of the Leverage Reset Time (t), the immediately preceding Leverage Reset Time <math>r(t)</math> is at the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on any Observation Date,</p> $Rfactor_t = 1 - \frac{Div_t}{S_{r(t)}}$ <p>Otherwise,</p> $Rfactor_t = 1$ <p>Where</p> <p><math>Div_t</math> is the dividend to be paid out in respect of the Underlying Stock on the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time (t) if such Observation Date is an ex-dividend date, otherwise is zero. The dividend shall be considered net of any applicable withholding taxes.</p>
<b><math>Rate_t</math></b>	<p>means, in respect of the Observation Date of Leverage Reset Time (t), a rate calculated as of such day in accordance with the following formula:</p> $Rate_t = CashRate_t + \%SpreadLevel_t$
<b><math>CashRate_t</math></b>	<p>means, in respect of the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time (t), the Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND= or any successor page, being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rate is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page. Upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of a Benchmark Event, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute</p>



discretion determine.

**%SpreadLevel<sub>t</sub>**

means, in respect of the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time (t), a rate which shall be determined with respect to such Valuation Date(t) by the Calculation Agent as the difference between (1) the 12-month HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKD1YD= and (2) Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND=or any successor page, each being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rates is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page. Upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of a Benchmark Event, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.

Provided that if such difference is negative, %SpreadLevel<sub>t</sub> should be 0%.

**Benchmark Event**

means:

- (a) the relevant reference rate has ceased to be published on the relevant screen page as a result of such benchmark ceasing to be calculated or administered; or
- (b) a public statement by the administrator of the relevant reference rate that (in circumstances where no successor administrator has been or will be appointed that will continue publication of such reference rate) it has ceased publishing such reference rate permanently or indefinitely or that it will cease to do so by a specified future date (the "**Specified Future Date**"); or
- (c) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the relevant reference rate that such reference rate has been or will, by a specified future date (the "**Specified Future Date**"), be permanently or indefinitely discontinued; or
- (d) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the relevant reference rate as a consequence of which Reference Rate will, by a specified future date (the "**Specified Future Date**"), be prohibited from being used, or that its use will be subject to restrictions or adverse consequences, either generally or in respect of the Certificates; or
- (e) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the relevant reference rate that, in the view of such supervisor, such reference rate is or will, by a specified future date (the "**Specified Future Date**"), be no longer representative of an underlying market or the methodology to calculate such reference rate has materially changed; or
- (f) it has or will, by a specified date within the following six months, become unlawful for the Calculation Agent or the Issuer to calculate any payments due to be made to any holder of the Certificates using the relevant reference rate (including, without limitation, under the Benchmarks Regulation (EU) 2016/1011, if applicable).

Notwithstanding the subparagraphs above, where the relevant Benchmark Event is a public statement within subparagraphs (b), (c), (d) or (e) above and the Specified Future Date in the public statement is more than six months after the date of that public statement, the Benchmark Event shall not be deemed occur until the date falling six months prior to such Specified Future Date.

**ACT(r(t),t)** ACT(r(t),t) means the number of calendar days between the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time r(t) (included) and the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time (t) (excluded).

**DayCountBasisRate** 365

### Air Bag Mechanism

**Intraday Restrike Event** means in respect of an Observation Date, the decrease at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the amount of  $S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t$  where r(t) means the immediately preceding Leverage Reset Time prior to such Calculation Time.

**Calculation Time** means any time between the TimeReferenceOpening and the TimeReferenceClosing, provided that the relevant data is available to enable the Calculation Agent to determine the Leverage Strategy Level.

**TimeReferenceOpening** means the scheduled opening time (including pre-opening session) for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).

**TimeReferenceClosing** means the scheduled closing time (including closing auction session) for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).

**Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period** means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the period starting on and excluding the Intraday Restrike Event Time and finishing on and including the sooner between (1) the time falling 15 minutes of continuous trading after the Intraday Restrike Event Time and (2) the TimeReferenceClosing.

Where, during such period, the Calculation Agent determines that (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is disrupted or subject to suspension or limitation or (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is not open for continuous trading, the Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period will be extended to the extent necessary until (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is no longer disrupted, suspended or limited and (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is open for continuous trading.

**Intraday Restrike Event Time** means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the Calculation Time on which such event occurs.

The Conditions set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document are set out below. This section is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the relevant Conditions set out below, replace or modify the relevant Conditions for the purpose of the Certificates.

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG/SHORT CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

### 1. Form, Status, Transfer and Title

- (a) *Form.* The Certificates (which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include any further certificates issued pursuant to Condition 11) are issued subject to and with the benefit of:-
- (i) an instrument by way of deed poll (the "**Instrument**") dated the Closing Date, made by UBS AG (the "**Issuer**") acting through its London Branch; and
  - (ii) a warrant agent agreement (the "**Master Warrant Agent Agreement**" or "**Warrant Agent Agreement**") dated any time on or before the Closing Date, made between the Issuer and the Warrant Agent for the Certificates.

Copies of the Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement are available for inspection at the specified office of the Warrant Agent.

The Certificate Holders (as defined below) are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

- (b) *Status.* The Certificates constitute direct, general and unsecured contractual obligations of the Issuer and rank, and will rank, equally among themselves and *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer (save for statutorily preferred exceptions). The Certificates provide for cash settlement on exercise and, in particular, the Certificates will not be secured by any underlying assets. The Certificates do not entitle Certificate Holders to the delivery of any Underlying Stock, are not secured by the Underlying Stock and do not entitle Certificate Holders to any interest in any Underlying Stock.
- (c) *Transfer.* The Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate ("**Global Warrant**") which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("**CDP**"). Certificates in definitive form will not be issued. Transfers of Certificates may be effected only in Board Lots or integral multiples thereof. All transactions in (including transfers of) Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records maintained by CDP.
- (d) *Title.* Each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates shall be treated by the Issuer and the Warrant Agent as the holder and absolute owner of such number of Certificates, notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. The expression "**Certificate Holder**" shall be construed accordingly.

### 2. Certificate Rights and Exercise Expenses

- (a) *Certificate Rights.* Every Certificate entitles each Certificate Holder, upon due exercise and on compliance with Condition 4, to payment by the Issuer of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined below) (if any) in the manner set out in Condition 4.

The "**Cash Settlement Amount**", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount (if positive) payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The "**Closing Level**", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

$$\left( \frac{\text{Final Reference Level} \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level} \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level} \right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$$

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on the Valuation Date or any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Valuation Date or Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Exchange Business Days or Underlying Stock Business Days, as the case may be, immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been a Valuation Date or an Observation Date. In that case:-

(i) that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the Valuation Date or the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event; and

(ii) the Issuer shall determine the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level on the basis of its good faith estimate of the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level that would have prevailed on that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, but for the Market Disruption Event provided that the Issuer, if applicable, may, but shall not be obliged to, determine such Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level by having regard to the manner in which futures contracts relating to the Underlying Stock are calculated.

"**Market Disruption Event**" means the occurrence or existence of (i) any suspension of trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange of the Underlying Stock requested by the Company if that suspension is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, (ii) any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Stock Exchange or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) on the Relevant Stock Exchange in the Underlying Stock if that suspension or limitation is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, or (iii) the closing of the Relevant Stock Exchange or a disruption to trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange, if that disruption is, in the determination of the Issuer, material as a result of the occurrence of any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion or terrorism.

- (b) *Exercise Expenses.* Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates (the "**Exercise Expenses**"). An amount equivalent to the Exercise Expenses will be deducted by the Issuer from the Cash Settlement Amount in accordance with Condition 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Certificate Holders shall account to the Issuer on demand for any Exercise Expenses to the extent that they were not or could not be deducted from the Cash Settlement Amount prior to the date of payment of the Cash Settlement Amount to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 4.
- (c) **No Rights.** The purchase of Certificates does not confer on the Certificate Holders any right (whether in respect of voting, dividend or other distributions in respect of the Underlying Stock or otherwise) which the holder of an Underlying Stock may have.

### 3. **Expiry Date**

Unless automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Certificates shall be deemed to expire at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day (as defined below), the immediately preceding Business Day.

### 4. **Exercise of Certificates**

- (a) *Exercise.* Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in accordance with Condition 4(b).

- (b) *Automatic Exercise.* Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) below. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
- (c) *Settlement.* In respect of Certificates which are automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Issuer will pay to the Warrant Agent who will then pay to the relevant Certificate Holder the Cash Settlement Amount (if any) in the Settlement Currency. The aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) shall be dispatched by the Warrant Agent as soon as practicable and no later than five Business Days following the Expiry Date (subject to extension upon the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event (as defined above) by way of crossed cheque or other payment in immediately available funds drawn in favour of the Certificate Holder only (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, the first-named Certificate Holder) appearing in the records maintained by CDP. Any payment made pursuant to this Condition 4(c) shall be delivered at the risk and expense of the Certificate Holder and posted to the Certificate Holder's address appearing in the records maintained by CDP (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, to the address of the first-named Certificate Holder appearing in the records maintained by CDP). If the Cash Settlement Amount is equal to or less than the determined Exercise Expenses, no amount is payable.

The Issuer's obligations to pay the Cash Settlement Amount shall be discharged by payment to the Warrant Agent in accordance with the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

- (d) *CDP not liable.* CDP shall not be liable to any Certificate Holder with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Issuer or the Warrant Agent in connection with the exercise of the Certificates or otherwise pursuant to or in connection with these Conditions.
- (e) *Business Day.* In these Conditions, a "**Business Day**" shall be a day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays) on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

## 5. Warrant Agent

- (a) *Warrant Agent.* The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the appointment of a successor, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Warrant Agent and to appoint another Warrant Agent provided that it will at all times maintain a Warrant Agent which, so long as the Certificates are listed on the SGX-ST, shall be in Singapore. Notice of any such termination or appointment and of any change in the specified office of the Warrant Agent will be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.
- (b) *Agent of Issuer.* The Warrant Agent will be acting as agent of the Issuer and will not assume any obligation or duty to or any relationship of agency or trust for the Certificate Holders. All determinations and calculations by the Warrant Agent under these Conditions shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final and binding on the Issuer and the Certificate Holders.

## 6. Adjustments

- (a) *Potential Adjustment Event.* Following the declaration by a Company of the terms of any Potential Adjustment Event (as defined below), the Issuer will determine whether such Potential Adjustment Event has a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock and, if so, will (i) make the corresponding adjustment, if any, to any one or more

of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate to account for that dilutive or concentrative or other effect, and (ii) determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of such Potential Adjustment Event made by an exchange on which options or futures contracts on the Underlying Stock are traded.

(b) *Definitions. "Potential Adjustment Event" means any of the following:*

- (i) a subdivision, consolidation, reclassification or other restructuring of the Underlying Stock (excluding a Merger Event) or a free distribution or dividend of any such Underlying Stock to existing holders by way of bonus, capitalisation or similar issue;
- (ii) a distribution or dividend to existing holders of the Underlying Stock of (1) such Underlying Stock, or (2) other share capital or securities granting the right to payment of dividends and/or the proceeds of liquidation of the Company equally or proportionately with such payments to holders of such Underlying Stock, or (3) share capital or other securities of another issuer acquired by the Company as a result of a "spin-off" or other similar transaction, or (4) any other type of securities, rights or warrants or other assets, in any case for payment (in cash or otherwise) at less than the prevailing market price as determined by the Issuer;
- (iii) an extraordinary dividend;
- (iv) a call by the Company in respect of the Underlying Stock that is not fully paid;
- (v) a repurchase by the Company of the Underlying Stock whether out of profits or capital and whether the consideration for such repurchase is cash, securities or otherwise;
- (vi) with respect to a Company an event that results in any shareholder rights pursuant to a shareholder rights agreement or other plan or arrangement of the type commonly referred to as a "poison pill" being distributed, or becoming separated from shares of common stock or other shares of the capital stock of such Company (provided that any adjustment effected as a result of such an event shall be readjusted upon any redemption of such rights); or
- (vii) any other event that may have, in the opinion of the Issuer, a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock.

(c) *Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation and Insolvency.* If a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency occurs in relation to the Underlying Stock, the Issuer may take any action described below:

- (i) determine the appropriate adjustment, if any, to be made to any one or more of the Conditions to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, and determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency made by an options exchange to options on the Underlying Stock traded on that options exchange;
- (ii) cancel the Certificates by giving notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. If the Certificates are so cancelled, the Issuer will pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such Certificate Holder which amount shall be the fair market value of a Certificate taking into account the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, less the cost to the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9; or
- (iii) following any adjustment to the settlement terms of options on the Underlying Stock on such exchange(s) or trading system(s) or quotation system(s) as the Issuer in its reasonable

discretion shall select (the “**Option Reference Source**”) make a corresponding adjustment to any one or more of the Conditions, which adjustment will be effective as of the date determined by the Issuer to be the effective date of the corresponding adjustment made by the Option Reference Source. If options on the Underlying Stock are not traded on the Option Reference Source, the Issuer will make such adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate, with reference to the rules and precedents (if any) set by the Option Reference Source, to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, that in the determination of the Issuer would have given rise to an adjustment by the Option Reference Source if such options were so traded.

Once the Issuer determines that its proposed course of action in connection with a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, it shall give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 stating the occurrence of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, giving details thereof and the action proposed to be taken in relation thereto. Certificate Holders should be aware that due to the nature of such events, the Issuer will not make an immediate determination of its proposed course of action or adjustment upon the announcement or occurrence of a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency.

- (d) *Definitions.* “**Insolvency**” means that by reason of the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, bankruptcy, insolvency, dissolution or winding-up of or any analogous proceeding affecting a Company (i) all the Underlying Stock of that Company is required to be transferred to a trustee, liquidator or other similar official or (ii) holders of the Underlying Stock of that Company become legally prohibited from transferring them. “**Merger Date**” means the closing date of a Merger Event or, where a closing date cannot be determined under the local law applicable to such Merger Event, such other date as determined by the Issuer. “**Merger Event**” means, in respect of the Underlying Stock, any (i) reclassification or change of such Underlying Stock that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all of such Underlying Stock outstanding to another entity or person, (ii) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of a Company with or into another entity or person (other than a consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange in which such Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in reclassification or change of all of such Underlying Stock outstanding), (iii) takeover offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person to purchase or otherwise obtain 100 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock of the Company that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all such Underlying Stock (other than such Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity or person), or (iv) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of the Company or its subsidiaries with or into another entity in which the Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in a reclassification or change of all such Underlying Stock outstanding but results in the outstanding Underlying Stock (other than Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity) immediately prior to such event collectively representing less than 50 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock immediately following such event, in each case if the Merger Date is on or before the Valuation Date. “**Nationalisation**” means that all the Underlying Stock or all or substantially all of the assets of a Company are nationalised, expropriated or are otherwise required to be transferred to any governmental agency, authority, entity or instrumentality thereof. “**Tender Offer**” means a takeover offer, tender offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person that results in such entity or person purchasing, or otherwise obtaining or having the right to obtain, by conversion or other means, greater than 10 per cent. and less than 100 per cent. of the outstanding voting shares of the Company, as determined by the Issuer, based upon the making of filings with governmental or self-regulatory agencies or such other information as the Issuer deems relevant.
- (e) *Subdivision or Consolidation of the Certificates.* The Issuer reserves the right to subdivide or consolidate the Certificates, provided that such adjustment is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction).

- (f) *Other Adjustments.* Except as provided in this Condition 6 and Conditions 10 and 12, adjustments will not be made in any other circumstances, subject to the right reserved by the Issuer (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole and unfettered discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to make such adjustments and amendments as it believes appropriate in circumstances where an event or events (including the events as contemplated in Conditions 6(a) to 6(e)) occur which it believes in its sole discretion (and notwithstanding any prior adjustment made pursuant to the above) and irrespective of, in substitution for, or in addition to the provisions contemplated in Conditions 6(a) to 6(e) should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such adjustment or as the case may be, amendment provided that such adjustment or as the case may be, amendment is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction).
- (g) *Notice of Adjustments.* All determinations made by the Issuer pursuant hereto will be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders. The Issuer will give, or procure that there is given notice as soon as practicable of any adjustment and of the date from which such adjustment is effective in accordance with Condition 9. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

## 7. Purchases

The Issuer or its related corporations may at any time purchase Certificates at any price in the open market or by tender or by private treaty. Any Certificates so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation.

## 8. Meetings of Certificate Holders; Modification

- (a) *Meetings of Certificate Holders.* The Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of the Certificate Holders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement) of a modification of the provisions of the Certificates or of the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

At least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the meeting is held) specifying the date, time and place of the meeting shall be given to the Certificate Holders.

Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer or by Certificate Holders holding not less than ten per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution will be two or more persons holding or representing not less than 25 per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised, or at any adjourned meeting two or more persons being or representing Certificate Holders whatever the number of Certificates so held or represented.

A resolution will be an Extraordinary Resolution when it has been passed at a duly convened meeting by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by such Certificate Holders who, being entitled to do so, vote in person or by proxy.

An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Certificate Holders shall be binding on all the Certificate Holders whether or not they are present at the meeting. Resolutions can be passed in writing if passed unanimously.

- (b) *Modification.* The Issuer may, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, effect (i) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Instrument which is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Certificate Holders or (ii) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Instrument which is of a formal, minor or technical nature, which is made to correct an obvious error or which is necessary in order to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law. Any such modification shall be binding on the Certificate Holders and shall be



notified to them by the Warrant Agent before the date such modification becomes effective or as soon as practicable thereafter in accordance with Condition 9.

## 9. Notices

- (a) *Documents.* All cheques and other documents required or permitted by these Conditions to be sent to a Certificate Holder or to which a Certificate Holder is entitled or which the Issuer shall have agreed to deliver to a Certificate Holder may be delivered by hand or sent by post addressed to the Certificate Holder at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, addressed to the joint holder first named at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP, and airmail post shall be used if that address is not in Singapore. All documents delivered or sent in accordance with this paragraph shall be delivered or sent at the risk of the relevant Certificate Holder.
- (b) *Notices.* All notices to Certificate Holders will be validly given if published in English on the website of the SGX-ST. Such notices shall be deemed to have been given on the date of the first such publication. If publication on the website of the SGX-ST is not practicable, notice will be given in such other manner as the Issuer may determine. The Issuer shall, at least one month prior to the expiry of any Certificate, give notice of the date of expiry of such Certificate in the manner prescribed above.

## 10. Liquidation

In the event of a liquidation or dissolution of the Company or the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, all unexercised Certificates will lapse and shall cease to be valid for any purpose, in the case of voluntary liquidation, on the effective date of the relevant resolution and, in the case of an involuntary liquidation or dissolution, on the date of the relevant court order or, in the case of the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, on the date when such appointment is effective but subject (in any such case) to any contrary mandatory requirement of law. In the event of the voluntary liquidation of the Company, the Issuer shall make such adjustments or amendments as it reasonably believes are appropriate in the circumstances.

## 11. Further Issues

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, to create and issue further certificates so as to form a single series with the Certificates.

## 12. Delisting

- (a) *Delisting.* If at any time, the Underlying Stock ceases to be listed on the Relevant Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall give effect to these Conditions in such manner and make such adjustments and amendments to the rights attaching to the Certificates as it shall, in its absolute discretion, consider appropriate to ensure, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, that the interests of the Certificate Holders generally are not materially prejudiced as a consequence of such delisting (without considering the individual circumstances of any Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences that may result in any particular jurisdiction).
- (b) *Issuer's Determination.* The Issuer shall determine, in its absolute discretion, any adjustment or amendment and its determination shall be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders save in the case of manifest error. Notice of any adjustments or amendments shall be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable after they are determined.

## 13. Early Termination

- (a) *Early Termination for Illegality etc.* The Issuer shall have the right to terminate the Certificates if it shall have determined in its absolute discretion that a Regulatory Event (as defined below) has occurred

and, for reasons beyond its control its performance thereunder shall have become unlawful in whole or in part under any applicable present or future law, rule, regulation, judgment, order or directive of any governmental, administrative, legislative or judicial authority or power ("**Applicable Law**").

For the purposes of this Condition:

"**Regulatory Event**" means, following the occurrence of a Change in Law (as defined below) with respect to the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates involved in the issue of the Certificates (hereafter the "**Relevant Affiliates**" and each of the Issuer and the Relevant Affiliates, a "**Relevant Entity**") that, after the Certificates have been issued, (i) any Relevant Entity would incur a materially increased (as compared with circumstances existing prior to such event) amount of tax, duty, liability, penalty, expense, fee, cost or regulatory capital charge however defined or collateral requirements for performing its obligations under the Certificates or hedging the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, including, without limitation, due to clearing requirements of, or the absence of, clearing of the transactions entered into in connection with the issue of, or hedging the Issuer's obligation under, the Certificates, (ii) it is or will become for any Relevant Entity impracticable, impossible (in each case, after using commercially reasonable efforts), unlawful, illegal or otherwise prohibited or contrary, in whole or in part, under any law, regulation, rule, judgement, order or directive of any governmental, administrative or judicial authority, or power, applicable to such Relevant Entity (a) to hold, acquire, issue, reissue, substitute, maintain, settle, or as the case may be, guarantee, the Certificates, (b) to acquire, hold, sponsor or dispose of any asset(s) (or any interest thereof) of any other transaction(s) such Relevant Entity may use in connection with the issue of the Certificates or to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, (c) to perform obligations in connection with, the Certificates or any contractual arrangement entered into between the Issuer and any Relevant Affiliate (including without limitation to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates) or (d) to hold, acquire, maintain, increase, substitute or redeem all or a substantial part of its direct or indirect shareholding in the Issuer's capital or the capital of any Relevant Affiliate or to directly or indirectly sponsor the Issuer or any Relevant Affiliate, or (iii) there is or may be a material adverse effect on a Relevant Entity in connection with the issue of the Certificates.

"**Change in Law**" means (i) the adoption, enactment, promulgation, execution or ratification of any applicable new law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) after the Certificates have been issued, (ii) the implementation or application of any applicable law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) already in force when the Certificates have been issued but in respect of which the manner of its implementation or application was not known or unclear at the time, or (iii) the change of any applicable law, regulation or rule existing when the Certificates are issued, or the change in the interpretation or application or practice relating thereto, existing when the Certificates are issued of any applicable law, regulation or rule, by any competent court, tribunal, regulatory authority or any other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any additional or alternative court, tribunal, authority or entity, to that existing when the Certificates are issued).

- (b) *Early Termination for other reasons.* The Issuer reserves the right (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole and unfettered discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to terminate the Certificates in accordance with Condition 13(c) where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such termination provided that such termination is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the interests of Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such termination in any particular jurisdiction).
- (c) *Termination.* If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. The Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by the Applicable Law, pay to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such Certificate Holder an amount calculated by it as the fair market value of the Certificate immediately prior to such termination (ignoring such illegality) less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any related hedging arrangements. Payment will be made to the Certificate Holder in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holder in accordance with Condition 9.

**14. Governing Law**

The Certificates, the Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law. The Issuer and each Certificate Holder (by its purchase of the Certificates) shall be deemed to have submitted for all purposes in connection with the Certificates, the Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of Singapore.

**15. Prescription**

Claims against the Issuer for payment of any amount in respect of the Certificates will become void unless made within six years of the Expiry Date and, thereafter, any sums payable in respect of such Certificates shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Issuer.

**16. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore**

Unless otherwise expressly provided in the Global Warrant, the Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement, a person who is not a party to any contracts made pursuant to the Global Warrant, the Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement has no rights under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore to enforce any terms of such contracts. Except as expressly provided herein, the consent of any third party is not required for any subsequent agreement by the parties hereto to amend or vary (including any release or compromise of any liability) or terminate such contracts.

## SUMMARY OF THE ISSUE

*The following is a summary of the issue and should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document. Terms used in this Summary are defined in the Conditions.*

Issuer:	UBS AG acting through its London Branch
Company:	Tencent Holdings Limited
The Certificates:	European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the Underlying Stock
Number:	18,000,000 Certificates
Form:	The Certificates will be issued subject to, and with the benefit of, a master instrument by way of deed poll dated 7 January 2022 (the “ <b>Master Instrument</b> ”) and executed by the Issuer and a master warrant agent agreement dated 27 February 2008 (the “ <b>Master Warrant Agent Agreement</b> ”) and made between the Issuer and the Warrant Agent.
Cash Settlement Amount:	In respect of each Certificate, is the amount (if positive) equal to:  Notional Amount per Certificate x Closing Level
Denominations:	Certificates are represented by a global warrant in respect of all the Certificates.
Exercise:	The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders will not be required to deliver an exercise notice. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates will be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
Exercise and Trading Currency:	SGD
Board Lot:	100 Certificates
Transfers of Certificates:	Certificates may only be transferred in Board Lots (or integral multiples thereof). All transfers in Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records of CDP.

- Listing:** Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. Issue of the Certificates is conditional on such listing being granted. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates on the SGX-ST will commence on or about 15 February 2022.
- Governing Law:** The laws of Singapore
- Warrant Agent:** The Central Depository (Pte) Limited  
11 North Buona Vista Drive  
#06-07 The Metropolis Tower 2  
Singapore 138589
- Further Issues:** Further issues which will form a single series with the Certificates will be permitted.

The above summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document and the Base Listing Document.

**INFORMATION RELATING TO  
THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES**

**What are European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities?**

European style cash settled long certificates on single equities (the “**Certificates**”) are structured products relating to the Underlying Stock and the return on a Certificate is linked to the performance of the Leverage Strategy.

**A) Cash Settlement Amount Payable upon the Exercise of the Certificates at Expiry**

Upon the exercise of the Certificates at expiry, the Certificate Holders would be paid a Cash Settlement Amount in respect of each Certificate.

The Cash Settlement Amount, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The Closing Level, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to (1) divided by (2) less (3) subject to any adjustments such as (4), where:

- (1) is the Final Reference Level multiplied by the Final Exchange Rate;
- (2) is the Initial Reference Level multiplied by the Initial Exchange Rate;
- (3) is the Strike Level; and
- (4) is the Hedging Fee Factor.

If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised and investors will receive a Cash Settlement Amount. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired. Please refer to the section headed “Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities” for further details on the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.

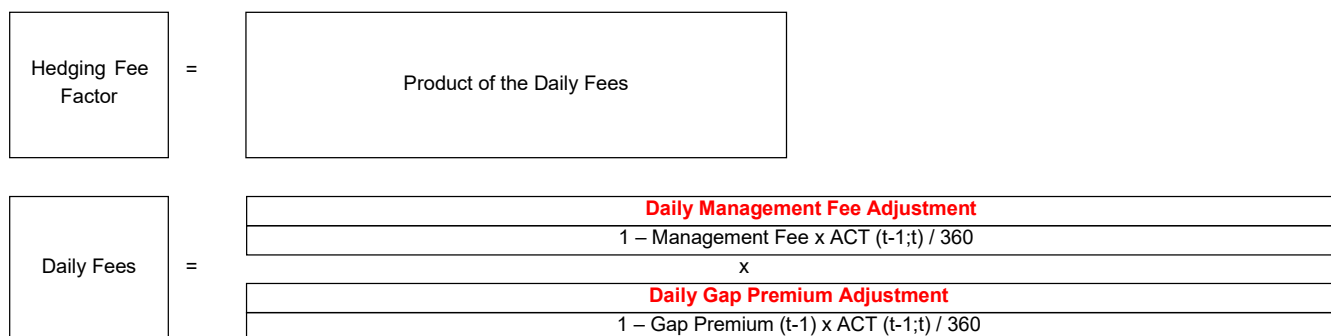
The Certificates are only suitable for investors who believe that the price of the Underlying Stock will increase and are seeking short-term leveraged exposure to the Underlying Stock.

**B) Trading the Certificates before Expiry**

If the Certificate Holders want to cash out their investments in the Certificates before the expiry of the Certificates, they may sell the Certificates in the secondary market during the life of the Certificates, and would be subject to the following fees and charges:

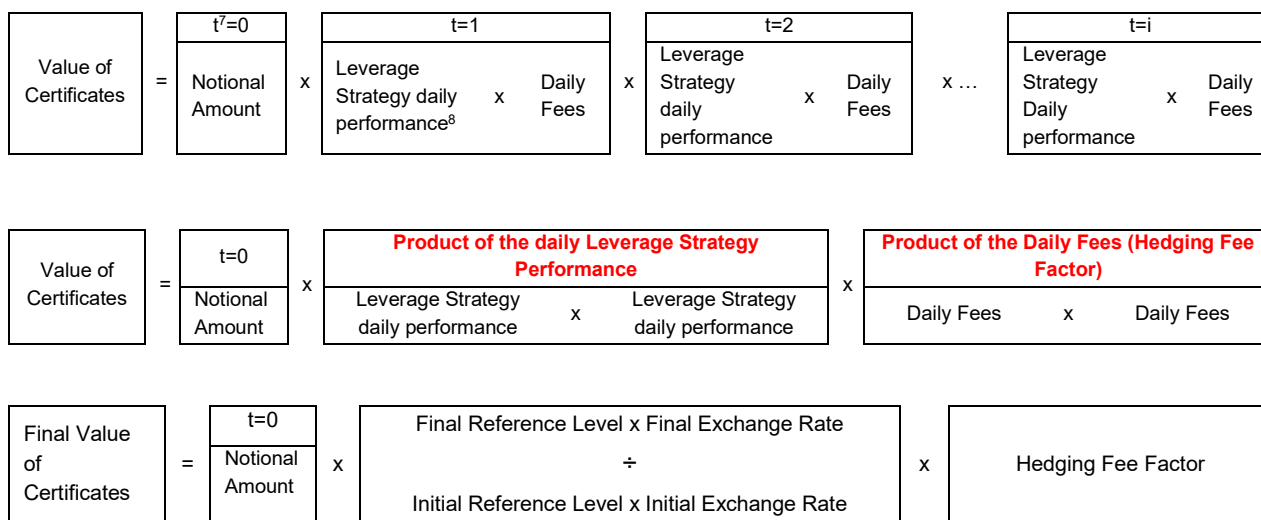
- (i) For Certificate Holders who trade the Certificates intraday: shall pay normal transaction and brokerage fees for the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST, and may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred; and
- (ii) For Certificate Holders who hold the Certificates overnight: in addition to the normal transaction and brokerage fees and applicable stamp taxes, would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy including the Funding Cost and the Rebalancing Cost.

### Illustration of the Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor



### Illustration of the Calculation of Cash Settlement Amount

Cash Settlement Amount = Final Value of Certificates – Strike Level (zero)



### Illustration of the applicable fees and charges for an intraday trading scenario

Hedging Fee is implemented overnight in the price of the Certificate. As a consequence, when trading intraday, investors will not bear any Hedging Fee.

Investors will only support bid/ask costs, which are the difference between the price at which the Designated Market Maker purchases (bid) and sells (ask) the Certificate at any point of time.

<sup>7</sup> "t" refers to "Observation Date" which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date.

<sup>8</sup> Leverage Strategy daily performance is computed as the Leverage Strategy Level on Business Day (t) divided by the Leverage Strategy Level on Business Day (t-1).

### Example of Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor and Cash Settlement Amount

The example is purely hypothetical. We include the example to illustrate how the Certificates work, and you **MUST NOT** rely on them as any indication of the actual return or what the payout on the Certificates might actually be. The example also assumes a product which expires 16 days after listing date, to illustrate the daily calculation of price, costs and fees from listing date to expiry date.

Assuming an investor purchases the following Certificates at the Issue Price:

Underlying Stock:	<b>Ordinary shares of Tencent Holdings Limited</b>
Expected Listing Date:	<b>01/02/2021</b>
Expiry Date:	<b>16/02/2021</b>
Initial Reference Level:	<b>1,000</b>
Initial Exchange Rate:	<b>1</b>
Final Reference Level:	<b>1,200</b>
Final Exchange Rate:	<b>1</b>
Issue Price:	<b>1.00 SGD</b>
Notional Amount per Certificate:	<b>1.00 SGD</b>
Management Fee (p.a.):	<b>0.40%</b>
Gap Premium (p.a.):	<b>4.60%</b>
Strike Level:	<b>Zero</b>

### Hedging Fee Factor

Hedging Fee Factor on the  $n^{\text{th}}$  Underlying Stock Business Day after issuance of Certificate ("HFF (n)") is calculated as follows:

$$\text{HFF}(0) = 100\%$$

On Next Calendar Day (assuming it is an Underlying Stock Business Day):

$$\text{HFF}(1) = \text{HFF}(0) \times \left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t-1; t)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t-1; t)}{360}\right)$$

$$\text{HFF}(1) = 100\% \times \left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 4.60\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right)$$

$$\text{HFF}(1) = 100\% \times 99.9989\% \times 99.9872\% \approx 99.9861\%$$

Assuming 2<sup>nd</sup> Underlying Stock Business Day falls 3 Calendar Days after 1<sup>st</sup> Underlying Stock Business Day:

$$\text{HFF}(2) = \text{HFF}(1) \times \left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t-1; t)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t-1; t)}{360}\right)$$



$$\text{HFF (2)} = 99.9861\% \times \left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 4.60\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right)$$

$$\text{HFF (2)} = 99.9861\% \times 99.9967\% \times 99.9617\% \approx 99.9445\%$$

The same principle applies to the following Underlying Stock Business Days:

$$\text{HFF (n)} = \text{HFF (n - 1)} \times \left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT (t - 1; t)}}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT (t - 1; t)}}{360}\right)$$

In this example, the Hedging Fee Factor as of the Valuation Date would be equal to 99.7919% as illustrated below:

Date	HFF
2/1/2021	100.0000%
2/2/2021	99.9861%
2/3/2021	99.9722%
2/4/2021	99.9583%
2/5/2021	99.9445%
2/8/2021	99.9028%
2/9/2021	99.8889%
2/10/2021	99.8751%
2/11/2021	99.8612%
2/12/2021	99.8473%
2/15/2021	99.8057%
2/16/2021	99.7919%

### Cash Settlement Amount

In this example, the Closing Level and the Cash Settlement Amount would be computed as follows:

Closing Level = [(Final Reference Level x Final Exchange Rate) / (Initial Reference Level x Initial Exchange Rate) – Strike Level] x Hedging Fee Factor

$$= [(1200 \times 1) / (1000 \times 1) - 0] \times 99.7919\%$$

$$= 119.75\%$$

Cash Settlement Amount = Closing Level x Notional Amount per Certificate

$$= 119.75\% \times 1.00 \text{ SGD}$$

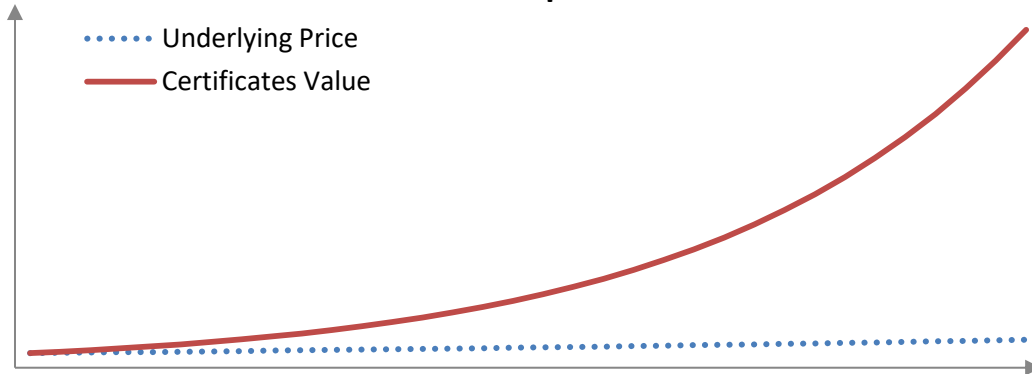
$$= 1.198 \text{ SGD}$$

## Illustration on how returns and losses can occur under different scenarios

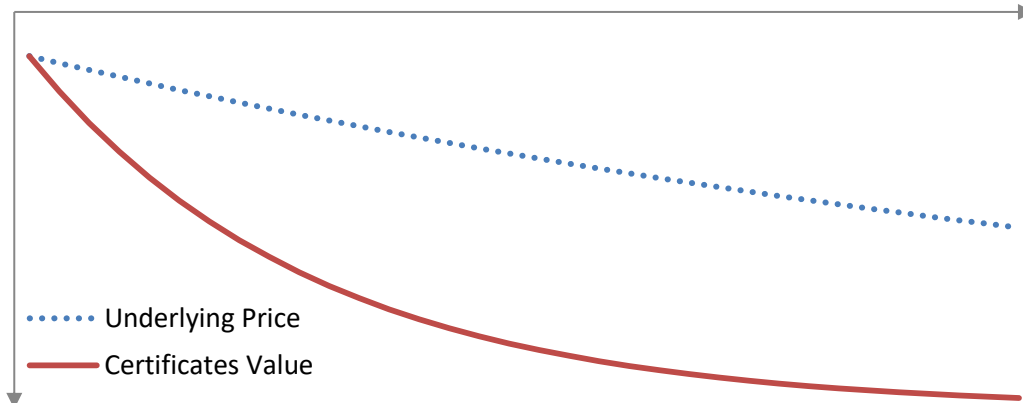
The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of the Underlying Stock performance on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, dividends, or any other market parameters.

### 1. Illustrative examples

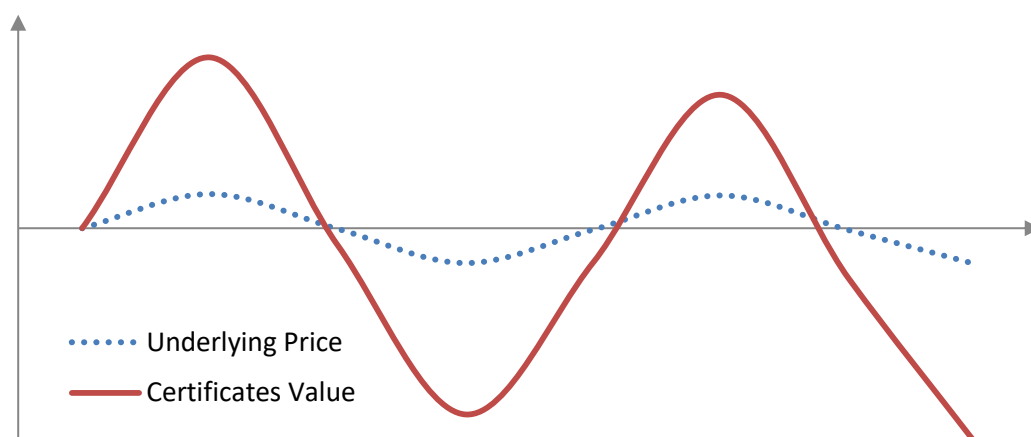
#### Scenario 1 - Upward Trend



#### Scenario 2 - Downward Trend



#### Scenario 3 - Volatile Market



## 2. Numerical Examples

**Scenario 1 – Upward Trend**

<b>Underlying</b>						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily Return		2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Value at end of day	10,000.00	10,200.00	10,404.00	10,612.08	10,824.32	11,040.81
Accumulated Return		2.00%	4.04%	6.12%	8.24%	10.41%

<b>Value of the Certificates</b>						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily Return		10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%
Price at end of day	1.00	1.10	1.21	1.33	1.46	1.61
Accumulated Return		10.00%	21.00%	33.10%	46.41%	61.05%

**Scenario 2 – Downward Trend**

<b>Underlying</b>						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily Return		-2.00%	-2.00%	-2.00%	-2.00%	-2.00%
Value at end of day	10,000.00	9,800.00	9,604.00	9,411.92	9,223.68	9,039.21
Accumulated Return		-2.00%	-3.96%	-5.88%	-7.76%	-9.61%

<b>Value of the Certificates</b>						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily Return		-10.00%	-10.00%	-10.00%	-10.00%	-10.00%
Price at end of day	1.00	0.90	0.81	0.73	0.66	0.59
Accumulated Return		-10.00%	-19.00%	-27.10%	-34.39%	-40.95%

**Scenario 3 – Volatile Market**

<b>Underlying</b>						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily Return		2.00%	-2.00%	-2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Value at end of day	10,000.00	10,200.00	9,996.00	9,796.08	9,992.00	10,191.84
Accumulated Return		2.00%	-0.04%	-2.04%	-0.08%	1.92%

<b>Value of the Certificates</b>						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily Return		10.00%	-10.00%	-10.00%	10.00%	10.00%
Price at end of day	1.00	1.10	0.99	0.89	0.98	1.08
Accumulated Return		10.00%	-1.00%	-10.90%	-1.99%	7.81%

## Description of Air Bag Mechanism

The Certificates integrate an “Air Bag Mechanism” which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions.

In accordance with the Air Bag Mechanism timeline below, when the Air Bag triggers, the following typically occurs:

- Observation Period: the price of the Underlying Stock is observed and its minimum price is recorded (i) during 15 minutes of continuous trading after the Air Bag is triggered, or (ii) until Market Close if there is 15 minutes (or less) of continuous trading until Market Close when the Air Bag is triggered; and
- Reset Period: thereafter, the Leverage Strategy is reset using the minimum price of the Underlying Stock during the Observation Period as the New Observed Price. The New Observed Price replaces the last closing price of the Underlying Stock in order to compute the performance of the Leverage Strategy.

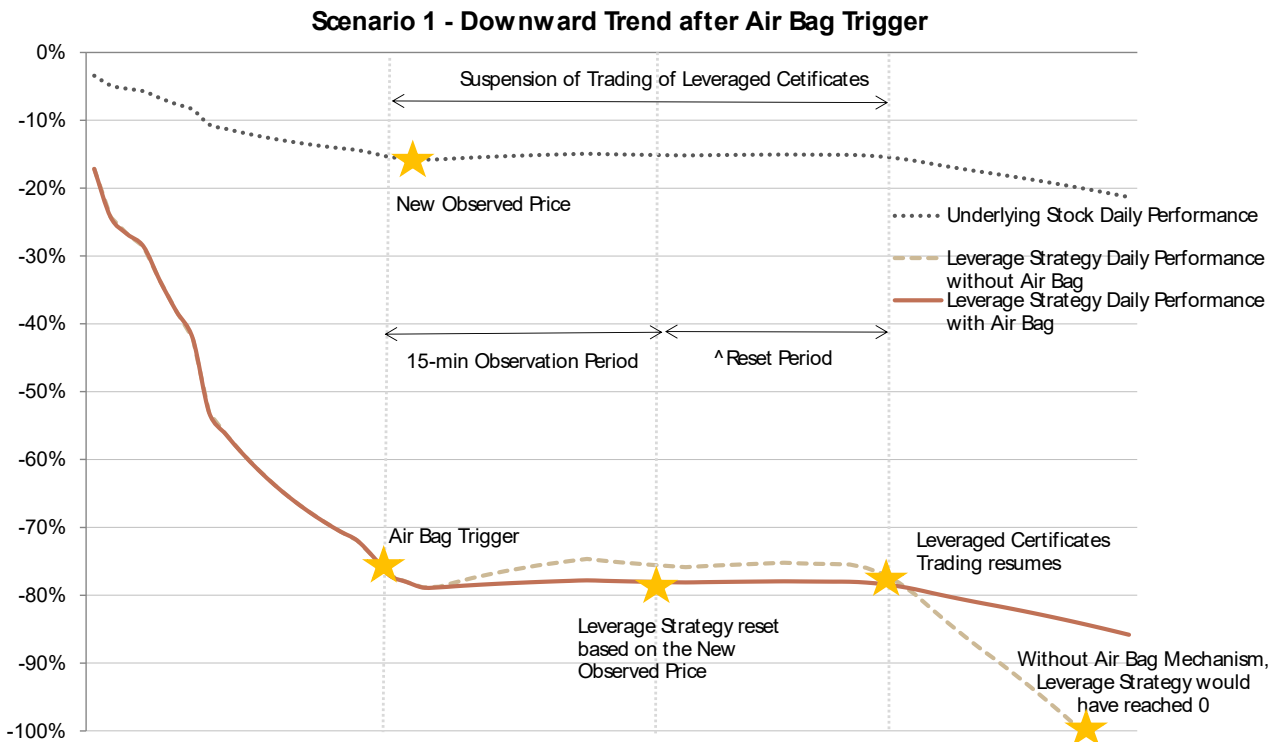
During the Observation Period and Reset Period, trading of Certificates is suspended for **at least** 30 minutes of continuous trading after the Air Bag is triggered. Investors cannot sell or purchase any Certificates during this period. The Reset Period (and consequently the resumption of trading) is subject further to SGX-ST’s requirements, including at least 30 minutes from the time of publication of an announcement on the exchange in respect of the Air Bag Mechanism being triggered, and at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST grants an approval to resume trading, whichever is later, rounded to the next quarter of an hour.

For the avoidance of doubt, if the Air Bag Mechanism was triggered with more than 60 minutes of continuous trading before Market Close, trading of Certificates will resume the same trading day after the Reset Period has elapsed, subject to the SGX-ST’s approval to resume trading. If the Air Bag Mechanism was triggered between 45 minutes and 60 minutes of continuous trading before Market Close, trading of Certificates may or may not resume the same trading day after the Reset Period has elapsed. If the Air Bag Mechanism was triggered with only 45 minutes (or less) of continuous trading before Market Close, trading of Certificates resumes on the next trading day.

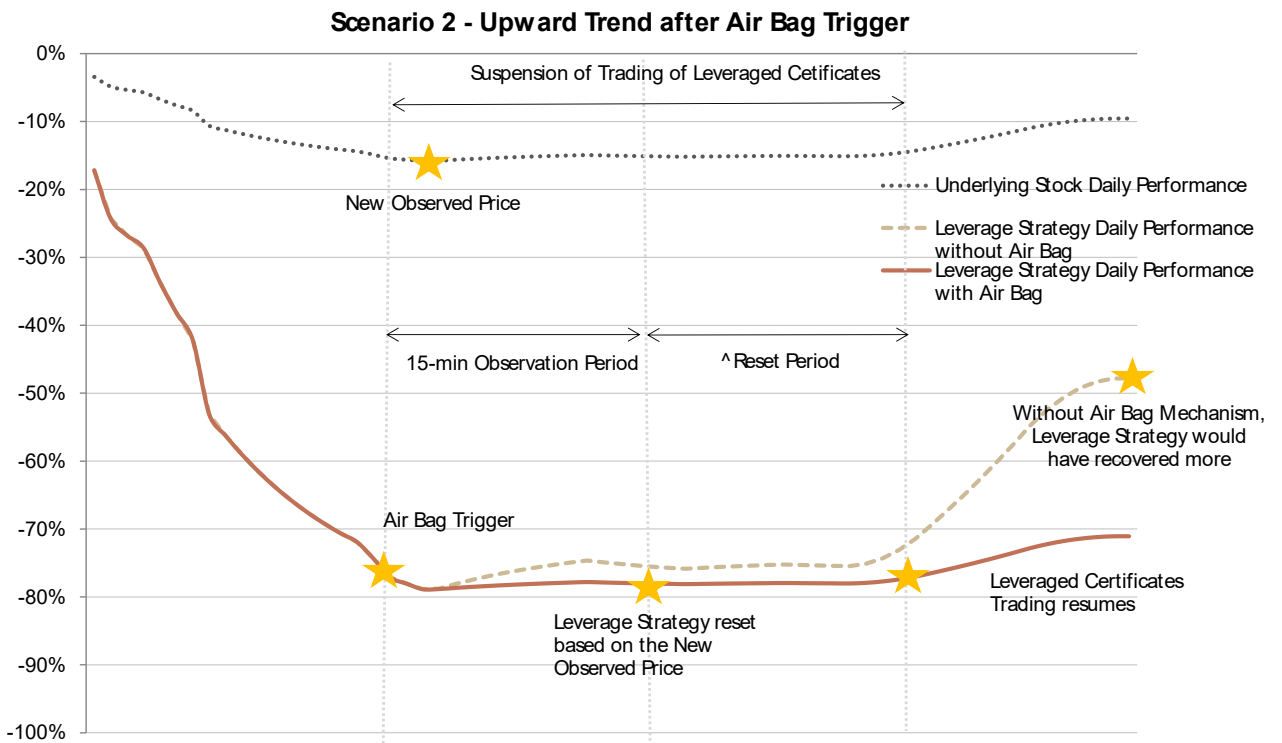
With **Market Close** defined as:

- Underlying Stock closing time with respect to the Observation Period including the closing auction session
- The sooner between Underlying Stock closing time of continuous trading and SGX-ST closing time of continuous trading with respect to the resumption of trading

Illustrative examples of the Air Bag Mechanism<sup>9</sup>



^ The Reset Period (and consequently the resumption of trading) is subject further to SGX-ST's requirements, including at least 30 minutes from the time of publication of an announcement on the exchange in respect of the Air Bag Mechanism being triggered, and at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST grants an approval to resume trading, whichever is later, rounded to the next quarter of an hour.



^ The Reset Period (and consequently the resumption of trading) is subject further to SGX-ST's requirements, including at least 30 minutes from the time of publication of an announcement on the exchange in respect of the Air Bag Mechanism being triggered, and at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST grants an approval to resume trading, whichever is later, rounded to the next quarter of an hour.

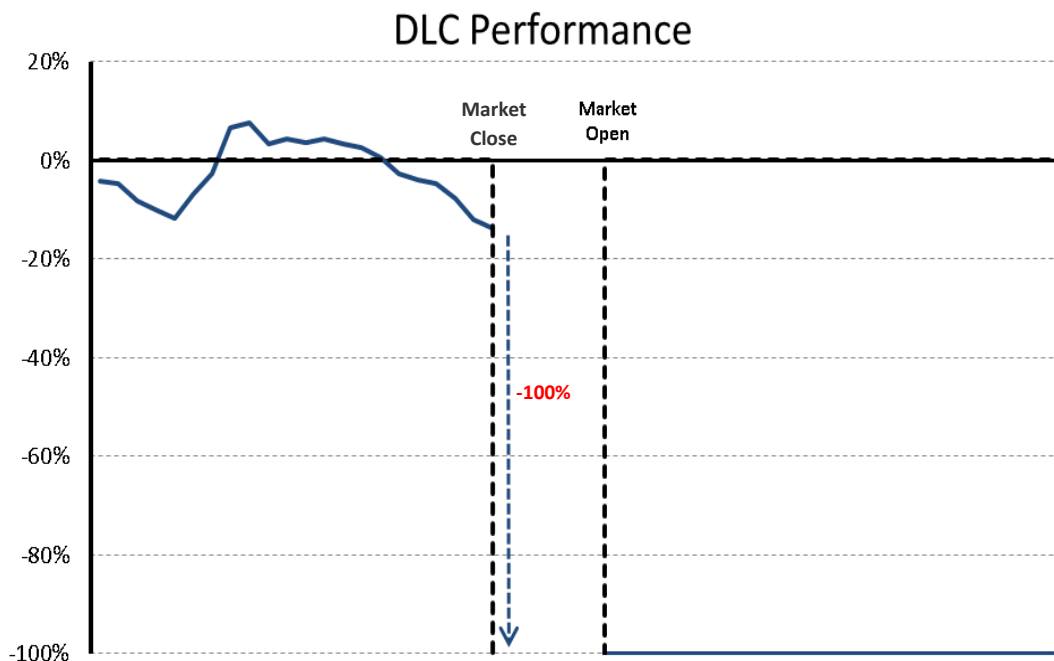
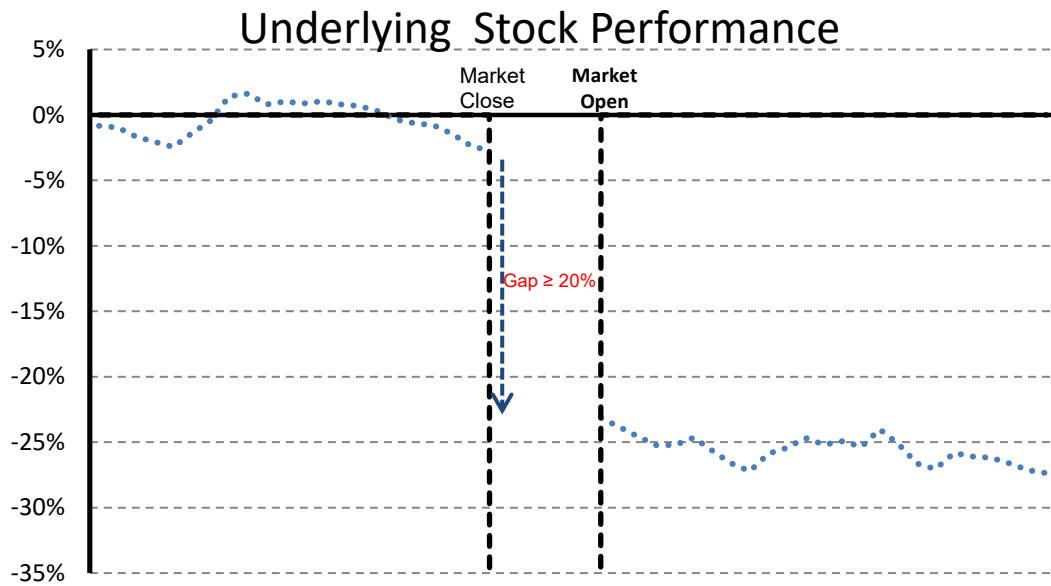
<sup>9</sup> The illustrative examples are not exhaustive.

## Scenarios where the investor may lose the entire value of the investment

The scenarios below are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The scenarios highlight cases where the Certificates may lose 100% of their value.

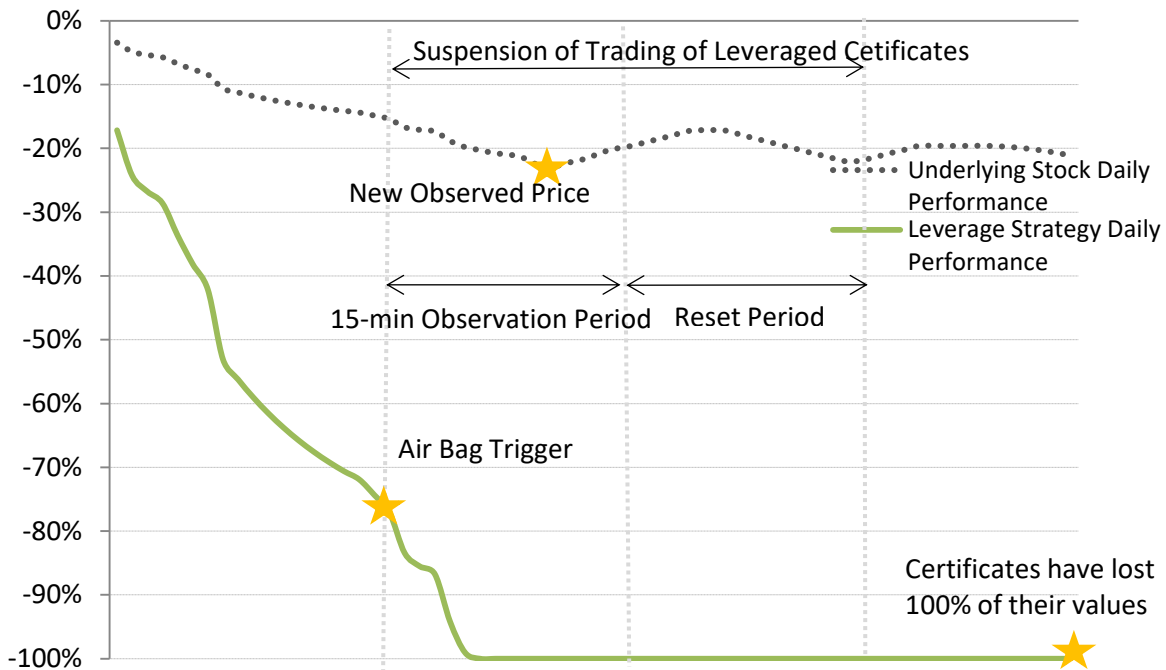
### Scenario 1 – Overnight fall of the Underlying Stock

On any business day, the opening price of the Underlying Stock may be higher or lower than the closing price on the previous day. The difference between the previous closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock is termed a “gap”. If the opening price of the Underlying Stock is 20% or more below the previous day closing price, the Air Bag Mechanism would only be triggered when the market opens the following day, and the Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.



Scenario 2 – Sharp intraday fall of the Underlying Stock

Although the Air Bag Mechanism is designed to reduce the exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, the Certificate can lose 100% of its value in the event the price of the Underlying Stock falls by 20% or more within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (i) if air bag event has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (ii) if one or more air bag events have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. The Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.



## Examples and illustrations of adjustments due to certain corporate actions

*The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of corporate actions on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, or any other market parameters.*

In the case of any corporate action on the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent will, as soon as reasonably practical after it becomes aware of such event, determine whether such corporate action has a dilutive or concentrative effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock, and if so, will (a) calculate the corresponding adjustment, if any, to be made to the elements relating to the Underlying Stock which are used to determine any settlement or payment terms under the Certificates and/or adjust at its discretion any other terms of the Certificates as it determines appropriate to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under the Certificates and (b) determine the effective date of such adjustment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time (t), is an ex-date with respect to a corporate action related to the Underlying Stock and the immediately preceding Leverage Reset Time r(t) is at the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto), the Calculation Agent may, in its sole and absolute discretion, replace the  $Rfactor_t$  with respect to such Leverage Reset Time (t) by an amount computed according to the following generic formula :

$$Rfactor_t = \left[ 1 - \frac{Div_t + DivExc_t - M \times R}{S_{r(t)}} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + M}$$

This formula is provided for indicative purposes and the Calculation Agent may determine that this formula is not appropriate for certain corporate actions and may apply a different formula instead.

Such adjustment of  $Rfactor_t$  would affect the Leveraged Return, the Rebalancing Cost, and the Underlying Reference Price used to determine the Intraday Restrike Event. The Air Bag mechanism would not be triggered if the stock price falls by 15% exclusively because of the dilutive effect of a corporate action.

Where:

$DivExc_t$  is the amount received as an Extraordinary Dividend by a holder of existing Shares for each Share held prior to the Extraordinary Dividend, net of any applicable withholding taxes.

**M** is the number of new Share(s) (whether a whole or a fraction) per existing Share each holder thereof is entitled to subscribe or to receive (positive amount) or the number of existing Shares redeemed or canceled per existing Share (negative amount), as the case may be, resulting from the corporate action.

**R** is the subscription price per Share (positive amount) or the redemption price per Share (negative amount) including any dividends or other benefits forgone to be subscribe to or to receive (as applicable), or to redeem a Share.

### 1. Stock split

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 1 to 2 stock split (i.e. 1 new Share for every 1 existing share):

$$S_{r(t)} = \$100$$

$$S_t = \$51$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = \$0$$

$M = 1$  (i.e. 1 new Shares for 1 existing Share)

$R = \$0$  (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[ 1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 2 \times 0}{100} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 1} = 50\%$$



As a consequence:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left( \frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right) = 5 \times \left( \frac{51}{100 \times 50\%} - 1 \right) = 10\%$$

$S_{r(t)}$	$S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t$	$S_t$	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	50	51	2%

Value of the Certificate r(t)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
1.00	1.10	10%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$42.5, which is 15% below \$50, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

## 2. Share Consolidation

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 2 to 1 share consolidation (i.e. 1 Share canceled for every 2 existing Shares):

$$S_{r(t)} = \$100$$

$$S_t = \$202$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = \$0$$

$$M = -0.5 \text{ (i.e. 0.5 Shares canceled for each 1 existing Share)}$$

$$R = \$0 \text{ (no subscription price / redemption price)}$$

$$Rfactor_t = \left[ 1 - \frac{0 + 0 - (-0.5) \times 0}{100} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + (-0.5)} = 200\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left( \frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right) = 5 \times \left( \frac{202}{100 \times 200\%} - 1 \right) = 5\%$$

$S_{r(t)}$	$S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t$	$S_t$	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	200	202	1%

Value of the Certificate r(t)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
1.00	1.05	5%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$170, which is 15% below \$200, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

### 3. Rights Issues

Assuming there is a rights issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, with a right to receive 1 new Share for every 2 existing Shares, for a subscription price of \$40.

$$S_{r(t)} = \$100$$

$$S_t = \$84$$

$$\text{Div}_t = \$0$$

$$\text{DivExc}_t = \$0$$

$$R = \$40 \text{ (i.e. subscription price of \$40)}$$

$$M = 0.5 \text{ (i.e. 1 new share for every 2 existing shares)}$$

$$Rfactor_t = \left[ 1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.5 \times 40}{100} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.5} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left( \frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right) = 5 \times \left( \frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1 \right) = 25\%$$

$S_{r(t)}$	$S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t$	$S_t$	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	80	84	5%

Value of the Certificate r(t)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
1.00	1.25	25%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$68, which is 15% below \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

### 4. Bonus Issues

Assuming there is a bonus issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, where shareholders receive 1 bonus share for 5 existing shares:

$$S_{r(t)} = \$100$$

$$S_t = \$85$$

$$\text{Div}_t = \$0$$

$$\text{DivExc}_t = \$0$$

$$R = \$0$$

$M = 0.2$  (i.e. 1 new share for 5 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[ 1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.2 \times 0}{100} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.2} = 83.33\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left( \frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right) = 5 \times \left( \frac{85}{100 \times 83.33\%} - 1 \right) = 10\%$$

$S_{r(t)}$	$S_{t(t)} \times Rfactor_t$	$S_t$	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	83.33	85	2%

Value of the Certificate r(t)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
1.00	1.10	10%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$70.83, which is 15% below \$83.33, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

##### 5. Extraordinary Dividend

Assuming there is an extraordinary dividend of \$20 (net of taxes) paid in respect of each stock.

$$S_{r(t)} = \$100$$

$$S_t = \$84$$

$$\text{Div}_t = \$0$$

$$\text{DivExc}_t = \$20$$

$$R = \$0$$

$$M = 0$$

$$Rfactor_t = \left[ 1 - \frac{0 + 20 - 0 \times 0}{100} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left( \frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right) = 5 \times \left( \frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1 \right) = 25\%$$

$S_{r(t)}$	$S_{r(t)-} \times Rfactor_t$	$S_t$	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	80	84	5%

Value of the Certificate r(t)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
1.00	1.25	25%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$68, which is 15% below \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

## INFORMATION RELATING TO THE COMPANY

*All information contained in this document regarding the Company, including, without limitation, its financial information, is derived from publicly available information which appears on the web-site of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (the “HKExCL”) at <http://www.hkex.com.hk> and/or the Company’s web-site at <https://www.tencent.com/en-us/index.html>. The Issuer has not independently verified any of such information.*

Tencent Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 16 June 2004.

Tencent Holdings Limited is an investment holding company principally involved in the provision of value-added services (VAS) and online advertising services. The Company operates through three main segments. The VAS segment is mainly involved in provision of online/mobile games, community value-added services and applications across various Internet and mobile platforms. The Online Advertising segment is mainly engaged in display based and performance based advertisements. The Others segment is mainly involved in provision of payment related services, cloud services and other services.

The information set out in Appendix I of this document relates to the unaudited consolidated financial results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 10 November 2021 in relation to the same. Further information relating to the Company may be located on the web-site of the HKExCL at <http://www.hkex.com.hk>.

### INFORMATION RELATING TO THE DESIGNATED MARKET MAKER

UBS AG, acting through its London Branch, has been appointed the designated market maker (“DMM”) for the Certificates. The DMM will provide competitive buy and sell quotes for the Certificates continuously during the trading hours of the SGX-ST on the following basis:

- (a) Maximum bid and offer spread : (i) when the best bid price of the Certificate is S\$10 and below: 10 ticks or S\$0.20 whichever is greater; and  
(ii) when the best bid price of the Certificate is above S\$10: 5% of the best bid price of the Certificate.
- (b) Minimum quantity subject to bid and offer spread : 10,000 Certificates
- (c) Last Trading Day for Market Making : The date falling 5 Exchange Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry Date

In addition, the DMM may not provide a quotation in the following circumstances:

- (i) during the pre-market opening and five minutes following the opening of the SGX-ST on any trading day;
- (ii) if the Certificates are valueless (where the Issuer’s bid price is below the minimum bid size for such securities as prescribed by the SGX-ST);
- (iii) before the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has opened and after the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has closed on any trading day;
- (iv) when trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or limited in a material way for any reason, for the avoidance of doubt, the DMM is not obliged to provide quotations for the Certificates at any time when the Underlying Stock is not negotiated/traded for any reason;
- (v) where the Certificates are suspended from trading for any reason;
- (vi) market disruption events, including, without limitation, any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the SGX-ST or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) in the Underlying Stock;
- (vii) where the Issuer or the DMM faces technical problems affecting the ability of the DMM to provide bids and offer quotations;
- (viii) where the ability of the Issuer to source a hedge or unwind an existing hedge, as determined by the Issuer in good faith, is materially affected by the prevailing market conditions, and the Issuer informs the SGX-ST of its inability to do so as soon as practicable;
- (ix) in cases where the Issuer has no Certificates to sell, then the DMM will only provide the bid price;

- (x) if the stock market experiences exceptional price movement and volatility;
- (xi) when it is a public holiday in Singapore and/or Hong Kong and/or the SGX-ST and/or the HKEX is not open for dealings; and
- (xii) during the suspension of trading of Certificates after an Air Bag Mechanism has been triggered.

The last trading day on which the DMM will provide competitive quotations for the Certificates would be the fifth Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Expiry Date.

## PLACING AND SALE

### General

No action has been or will be taken by the Issuer that would permit a public offering of the Certificates or possession or distribution of any offering material in relation to the Certificates in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of any Certificates, or distribution of any offering material relating to the Certificates may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws or regulations and will not impose any obligation on the Issuer. In the event that the Issuer contemplates a placing, placing fees may be payable in connection with the issue and the Issuer may at its discretion allow discounts to placees.

### United Kingdom

In relation to each tranche of Certificates, the Issuer has represented, warranted and agreed that:

(a) No deposit-taking: in relation to any Certificates having a maturity of less than one year:

(i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business; and

(ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Certificates other than to persons:

(A) whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses; or

(B) who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses,

where the issue of the Certificates would otherwise constitute a contravention of section 19 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "FSMA") by the Issuer;

(b) Financial Promotion: it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Certificates in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not or would not, if the Issuer was not an authorised person, apply to the Issuer; and

(c) General Compliance: it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Certificates in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

If the applicable Supplemental Listing Document in respect of any Certificates specifies the "Prohibition of Sales to European Economic Area Retail Investors" as "Not Applicable", the Issuer has represented and agreed that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available such Certificates to any retail investor in the United Kingdom. For the purposes of this provision:

(a) the expression "**retail investor**" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:

(i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 ("**EUWA**"); or



- (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the FSMA and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA which were relied on immediately before exit day to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or
  - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; and
- (b) the expression an "**offer**" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

If the applicable Supplemental Listing Document in respect of any Certificates specifies the "Prohibition of Sales to European Economic Area Retail Investors" as "Not Applicable", the Issuer has represented and agreed that it has not made and will not make an offer of Certificates which are the subject of the offering contemplated by the Base Listing Document as completed by this Supplemental Listing Document to the public in the United Kingdom except that it may make an offer of such Certificates to the public in the United Kingdom:

- a) if the Supplemental Listing Document in relation to the Certificates specifies an offer of those Certificates may be made other than pursuant to Article 1(4) of the UK Prospectus Regulation in the United Kingdom (a "**Public Offer**"), following the date of publication of a prospectus in relation to such Certificates which either (i) has been approved by the UK Financial Conduct Authority ("**FCA**"), or (ii) is to be treated as if it had been approved by the FCA in accordance with the transitional provision in Regulation 74 of the Prospectus (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, provided that any such prospectus has subsequently been completed by final terms contemplating such Public Offer, in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified in such prospectus or final terms, as applicable, and the Issuer has consented in writing to its use for the purpose of that Public Offer;
- b) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation;
- c) at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in Article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation); or
- d) at any time in any other circumstances falling within section 86 of the FSMA, provided that no such offer of Certificates to the public referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the publication of a prospectus pursuant to section 85 of the FSMA or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the UK Prospectus Regulation,

provided that no such offer of Certificates referred to in (b) to (d) above shall require the Issuer to publish a prospectus pursuant to section 85 of the FSMA or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the UK Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression "an offer of Certificates to the public" in relation to any products in the United Kingdom means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Certificates, and the expression "**UK Prospectus Regulation**" means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA.

## United States of America

The Certificates have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act. Subject to certain exceptions, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offering, sale or resale in the United States or to any such U.S. person. Offers and sales of Certificates, or interests therein, in the United States or to U.S. persons would constitute a violation of United States securities laws unless made in compliance with registration requirements of the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption therefrom. The Certificates will not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to U.S. persons. As used herein, “**United States**” means the United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia), its territories, its possessions and other areas subject to its jurisdiction; and “**U.S. person**” means (i) any citizen or resident of the United States, including any corporation, partnership or other entity created or organised in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof, (ii) any estate or trust the income of which is subject to United States income taxation regardless of its source, (iii) “U.S. person” as such term is defined in (a) Regulation S under the Securities Act or (b) the Interpretive Guidance and Policy Statement Regarding Compliance with Certain Swap Regulations promulgated by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“**CFTC**”) pursuant to the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended, or (iv) a person other than a “Non-United States Person” as defined in CFTC Rule 4.7, in each case, as such definition is amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

## Prohibition of Sales to European Economic Area

If the applicable Supplemental Listing Document in respect of any Certificates specifies the “Prohibition of Sales to European Economic Area Retail Investors” as “Not Applicable”, the Issuer has represented and agreed that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering contemplated by the Base Listing Document as completed by this Supplemental Listing Document to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For the purposes of this provision:

(a) the expression “retail investor” means a person who is one (or more) of the following:

- (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**MiFID II**”);
- (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2016/97 (as amended), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
- (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (as amended, the “**Prospectus Regulation**”); and

(b) the expression an “offer” includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Certificates.

## PUBLIC OFFER SELLING RESTRICTION UNDER THE PROSPECTUS REGULATION

If the Supplemental Listing Document specifies “Prohibition of Sales to European Economic

Area Retail Investors" as "Not Applicable", in relation to each member state of the European Economic Area (each, a "**Relevant State**"), the Issuer has represented, warranted and agreed that it has not made and will not make an offer of Certificates which are the subject of the offering contemplated by the Base Listing Document as completed by this Supplemental Listing Document to the public in that Relevant State except that it may make an offer of such Certificates to the public in that Relevant State:

(a) Approved listing document: if the Supplemental Listing Document in relation to the Certificates specifies that an offer of those Certificates may be made other than pursuant to Article 1(4) of the Prospectus Regulation in that Relevant State (a "**Non-exempt Offer**"), following the date of publication of a listing document in relation to such Certificates which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant State, provided that any such listing document has subsequently been completed by the Supplemental Listing Document contemplating such Non-exempt Offer, in accordance with the Prospectus Regulation, in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified in such listing document or Supplemental Listing Document, as applicable and the Issuer has consented in writing to its use for the purpose of that Non-exempt Offer;

(b) Qualified investors: at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Regulation;

(c) Fewer than 150 offered: at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Regulation), subject to obtaining the prior consent of the Issuer for any such offer; or

(d) Other exempt offers: at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Regulation,

provided that no such offer of Certificates referred to in (b) to (d) above shall require the Issuer to publish a listing document pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Regulation or supplement a listing document pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "**offer of Certificates to the public**" in relation to any Certificates in any Relevant State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates, as the same may be varied in that Relevant State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Regulation in that Relevant State.

## **Singapore**

This document has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this document and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of Certificates may not be circulated or distributed, nor may Certificates be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any applicable provision of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore.

**Hong Kong**

No person, other than a person permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong, has issued, or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, or will issue, or have in its possession for the purposes of issue any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Certificates, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong other than with respect to Certificates which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to “professional investors” within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of the Laws of Hong Kong and any rules made thereunder.

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE ISSUER**

The information set out in Appendix II of this document relates to the recent developments in the Issuer's business.

The information set out in Appendix III of this document is an extract of the unaudited consolidated financial statements of UBS AG and its subsidiaries for the fourth quarter ended 31 December 2021.

For more information on the Issuer, please see <http://www.ubs.com/>.

Queries regarding the Certificates may be directed to +852 2971 6668 or [OL-HKWarrants@ubs.com](mailto:OL-HKWarrants@ubs.com).

**SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL INFORMATION**

The information set out herein is supplemental to, and should be read in conjunction with, the information set out on page 281 of the Base Listing Document.

1. Save as disclosed in the Base Listing Document and herein, there is no litigation, arbitration or administrative proceedings relating to claims or amounts which are material in the context of the issue of the Certificates to which the Issuer is a party nor, to the best of its knowledge and belief, is there any threatened litigation, arbitration or administrative proceedings relating to claims or amounts which are material in the context of the issue of the Certificates which would in either case jeopardise its ability to discharge its obligations in respect of the Certificates.
  2. UBS AG, Singapore Branch at 9 Penang Road, Singapore 238459, has been authorised to accept, on behalf of the Issuer, service of process and any other notices required to be served on the Issuer. Any notices required to be served on the Issuer should be sent to UBS AG, Singapore Branch at the above address for the attention of Han-Kiat Tan, Legal & Compliance.
  3. Settlement of trades done on a normal “ready basis” on the SGX-ST generally take place on the second Business Day following the transaction. Dealing in the Certificates will take place in board lots of 100 Certificates in Singapore dollars. For further details on the transfer of Certificates and their exercise, please refer to the section headed “Summary of the Issue” above.
  4. It is not the current intention of the Issuer to apply for a listing of the Certificates on any stock exchange other than the SGX-ST.
  5. There has been no adverse change, material in the context of the issue of the Certificates, in the financial position of the Issuer since 31 December 2021.
  6. The following contracts, relating to the issue of the Certificates, have been or will be entered into by the Issuer and may be material to the issue of the Certificates:
    - (a) the Master Instrument; and
    - (b) the Master Warrant Agent Agreement.
- None of the directors of the Issuer has any direct or indirect interest in any of the above contracts.
7. The Issuer has appropriate risk management capabilities to manage the issue of the Certificates.
  8. Copies of the following documents may be inspected during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays, Sundays and holidays excepted) at the office of Allen & Gledhill LLP at One Marina Boulevard #28-00, Singapore 018989, during the period of 14 days from the date of this document:

- (a) the articles of association of the Issuer;
- (b) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Issuer;
- (c) the Base Listing Document; and
- (d) this document.

**APPENDIX I**

**REPRODUCTION OF THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS  
FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021 OF  
TENCENT HOLDINGS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**



Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited take no responsibility for the contents of this announcement, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this announcement.

**Tencent 腾讯**  
**TENCENT HOLDINGS LIMITED**  
**騰訊控股有限公司**  
*(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)*  
**(Stock Code: 700)**

**ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE RESULTS  
FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

The Board is pleased to announce the unaudited consolidated results of the Group for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021. These interim results have been reviewed by the Auditor in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 “Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity” issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, and by the Audit Committee.

**FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS**

	<b>30 September 2021</b>	<b>30 September 2020</b>	<b>Unaudited Three months ended</b>		<b>Quarter- on-quarter change</b>
			<b>Year- on-year change</b>	<b>30 June 2021</b>	
(RMB in millions, unless specified)					
Revenues	<b>142,368</b>	125,447	13%	138,259	3%
Gross profit	<b>62,747</b>	56,647	11%	62,745	stable
Operating profit	<b>53,137</b>	43,953	21%	52,487	1%
Profit for the period	<b>40,075</b>	38,899	3%	43,022	-7%
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	<b>39,510</b>	38,542	3%	42,587	-7%
Non-IFRS profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	<b>31,751</b>	32,303	-2%	34,039	-7%
EPS (RMB per share)					
– basic	<b>4.143</b>	4.059	2%	4.472	-7%
– diluted	<b>4.074</b>	3.964	3%	4.387	-7%
Non-IFRS EPS (RMB per share)					
– basic	<b>3.329</b>	3.402	-2%	3.574	-7%
– diluted	<b>3.269</b>	3.314	-1%	3.504	-7%

	<b>Unaudited</b>		
	<b>Nine months ended</b>		
	<b>30 September</b>	30 September	Year-
	<b>2021</b>	2020	on-year
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)		
			change
Revenues	<b>415,930</b>	348,395	19%
Gross profit	<b>188,127</b>	162,651	16%
Operating profit	<b>161,897</b>	120,524	34%
Profit for the period	<b>132,105</b>	100,756	31%
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	<b>129,864</b>	100,545	29%
Non-IFRS profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	<b>98,908</b>	89,535	10%
EPS (RMB per share)			
– basic	<b>13.634</b>	10.601	29%
– diluted	<b>13.313</b>	10.403	28%
Non-IFRS EPS (RMB per share)			
– basic	<b>10.384</b>	9.440	10%
– diluted	<b>10.142</b>	9.270	9%

## OPERATING INFORMATION

	As at 30 September 2021	As at 30 September 2020	Year- on-year change	As at 30 June 2021	Quarter- on-quarter change
Combined MAU of					
Weixin and WeChat	1,262.6	1,212.8	4.1%	1,251.4	0.9%
Mobile device MAU of QQ	573.7	617.4	-7.1%	590.9	-2.9%
Fee-based VAS registered subscriptions	235.4	213.4	10.3%	229.4	2.6%

## BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

During the third quarter, the Internet industry, including the domestic games industry, and certain advertiser categories, adapted to new regulatory and macroeconomic developments. We are proactively embracing the new regulatory environment which we believe should contribute to a more sustainable development path for the industry. In the domestic games market, our industry-leading efforts in fully complying with new regulations significantly reduced minors' game time and spending, fostering a healthier gameplay environment. We also invested actively in key strategic areas, as well as in frontier technologies, along with making new commitments in common prosperity initiatives. Looking forward, we are committed to delivering superior experiences to users, assisting enterprises to digitalise their operations and contributing to the society at large. Here are some highlights of our key products and business lines for the quarter:

### *Communication and Social*

For Weixin, we enriched Video Accounts via our resources in Official Accounts, sports coverage and games content, and enhanced Video Accounts' recommendation technology. Video consumption grew healthily as a result. The number of active Mini Programs increased by over 40% year-on-year as we strengthened our commerce ecosystem and deepened penetration across industries including restaurants, retailing and transportation. Retailers can leverage the integration of WeCom's enterprise communication tool with Mini Programs to enable online conversations between their salespeople and customers within their private domain environments.

For QQ, we upgraded interactive technologies to offer richer video experiences. We provided AR creation tools customised for festivals and landmarks to drive UGC video creation and sharing, as well as cross-screen interactive AR effects for more entertaining video call experiences.

### *Digital Content*

Our fee-based VAS subscriptions grew 10% year-on-year to 235 million. Video subscriptions increased 8% year-on-year to 129 million due to content such as Crime Crackdown and You Are My Glory, which were the first- and second-most watched drama series by video views across all online platforms in China for the third quarter. Music subscriptions increased 38% year-on-year to 71 million, as TME enhanced its music streaming experience to attract more paying users.

### *Domestic Games<sup>1</sup>*

Starting from 1 September 2021, we have implemented new measures to fully comply with the latest regulations on restricting Minors' game time in China. Minors accounted for 0.7% of our Domestic Games time spent in September 2021, significantly declining from 6.4% in September 2020. In terms of our Domestic Games grossing receipts, Minors accounted for 1.1% in September 2021, significantly declining from 4.8% in September 2020. We continued our industry-leading efforts in combatting Minors' usage of adult accounts; for example, we upgraded our screening system to identify misused accounts.

We developed a series of popular skins inspired by Chinese culture for Honour of Kings, transmitting provincial arts and traditions to a wider audience. League of Legends: Wild Rift extended the authentic PC experience to mobile, reactivating and enlarging League of Legends' user base, and ranked second by DAU among all mobile games in China in October 2021. We also invigorated the auto-chess genre by introducing PvE and co-op gameplay in Fight of The Golden Spatula, which is the second-highest DAU new game launched in China year-to-date, behind League of Legends: Wild Rift.

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<sup>1</sup> For the purpose of preparing financial and operating information, Domestic Games refers to our games business in the PRC, excluding the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, the Macao Special Administrative Region and Taiwan.

### *International Games*

We are increasing our investments in global game development capabilities through scaling up our China-based studios and established multi-hit international studios, and nurturing the growth of specialist genre-leading international studios with our knowhow, technology and funding. We are strengthening our global IP portfolio through in-house IP development as well as partnerships with renowned IP owners. We are also building up localised publishing and operational capabilities to support our expansion in multiple regions.

### *Online Advertising*

We enabled enterprises to connect directly with users via embedding WeCom chat-to-salesperson functionality in their advertisements, which is particularly effective for lead-driven advertisers, such as automobile dealers. An increasing number of transaction-driven advertisers, such as grocery and eCommerce merchants, use Mini Programs as landing pages for their advertisements, to enhance sales conversion. Our top-tier drama series, variety shows and coverage of the Tokyo 2020 Olympic Games captured higher sponsorship spending from brand advertisers on Tencent Video app.

Despite these initiatives, our advertising revenue growth rate slowed in the period and we expect advertising pricing industry-wide may remain soft for several quarters, due to macro challenges and regulations affecting certain key advertising sectors. We believe the advertising industry should adjust and rebase during 2022, then resume growth as secular growth drivers reassert themselves.

### *FinTech*

For payments, our DAU and payment frequency maintained healthy overall growth rates, though offline commercial payment volume growth moderated on a year-on-year basis due to control measures against COVID-19 resurgence in certain provinces. We deepened our cooperation with UnionPay to develop new payment and service interconnection scenarios through its Cloud QuickPass app.

### *Cloud and Other Business Services*

Our CRM SaaS solution, Tencent QiDian, has served over one million enterprises and is increasingly adopted by medium and large-scale enterprises. Tencent QiDian provides AI-powered customer service across multiple communications channels around the clock, significantly reducing customer service costs for our enterprise clients. Our database PaaS solution, TDSQL, has been adopted by more than 3,000 clients from verticals such as finance, public services and telecommunications. Within the financial vertical, TDSQL serves six out of the top ten banks in China, and an increasing number of financial institutions are using TDSQL in their core systems, due to their trust in our data security, reliability and consistency.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Starting the third quarter of 2021, we disclose revenue from Domestic Games and International Games as new sub-segments under VAS, reflecting the increasing scale of our International Games business.

### Third Quarter of 2021 Compared to Third Quarter of 2020

The following table sets forth the comparative figures for the third quarter of 2021 and the third quarter of 2020:

	<b>Unaudited</b>	
	<b>Three months ended</b>	
	<b>30 September</b>	<b>30 September</b>
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>(RMB in millions)</b>	
Revenues	<b>142,368</b>	125,447
Cost of revenues	<b>(79,621)</b>	(68,800)
Gross profit	<b>62,747</b>	56,647
Interest income	<b>1,703</b>	1,864
Other gains, net	<b>22,984</b>	11,551
Selling and marketing expenses	<b>(10,435)</b>	(8,920)
General and administrative expenses	<b>(23,862)</b>	(17,189)
Operating profit	<b>53,137</b>	43,953
Finance costs, net	<b>(1,942)</b>	(1,945)
Share of (loss)/profit of associates and joint ventures	<b>(5,668)</b>	2,630
Profit before income tax	<b>45,527</b>	44,638
Income tax expense	<b>(5,452)</b>	(5,739)
Profit for the period	<b>40,075</b>	38,899
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Company	<b>39,510</b>	38,542
Non-controlling interests	<b>565</b>	357
	<b>40,075</b>	38,899
Non-IFRS profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	<b>31,751</b>	32,303

*Revenues.* Revenues increased by 13% to RMB142.4 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis. The following table sets forth our revenues by line of business for the third quarter of 2021 and the third quarter of 2020:

	<b>Unaudited</b>			
	<b>Three months ended</b>			
	<b>30 September 2021</b>		30 September 2020	
	<b>% of total</b>		% of total	
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>revenues</b>	Amount	revenues
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)			
VAS	<b>75,203</b>	<b>53%</b>	69,802	56%
Online Advertising	<b>22,495</b>	<b>16%</b>	21,351	17%
FinTech and Business Services	<b>43,317</b>	<b>30%</b>	33,255	26%
Others	<b>1,353</b>	<b>1%</b>	1,039	1%
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b><u>142,368</u></b>	<b><u>100%</u></b>	<u>125,447</u>	<u>100%</u>

- Revenues from VAS<sup>2</sup> increased by 8% to RMB75.2 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis. Domestic Games revenues grew by 5% to RMB33.6 billion, driven by games including Honour of Kings, Call of Duty Mobile, and Moonlight Blade Mobile. International Games revenues grew by 20% to RMB11.3 billion, or 28% in constant currency terms, due to robust performance of games including Valorant and Clash of Clans. Social Networks revenues grew by 7% to RMB30.3 billion, driven by relatively rapid growth from video and music subscription services, as well as moderate growth from live streaming and in-game item sales.
- Revenues from Online Advertising increased by 5% to RMB22.5 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis, reflecting resilience of advertiser categories such as consumer staples and Internet services, as well as consolidation of Bitauto’s advertising revenue, which was largely offset by weakness in categories including education, insurance and games. Social and Others Advertising revenues grew by 7% to RMB19.0 billion, driven by advertising revenue growth from Weixin Mini Programs and Weixin Official Accounts. Media Advertising revenues decreased by 4% to RMB3.5 billion, primarily due to lower advertising revenues from Tencent News app.

<sup>2</sup> Mobile games VAS revenues (including mobile games revenues attributable to our Social Networks business) increased by 9% year-on-year to RMB42.5 billion, while PC client games revenues grew by 1% year-on-year to RMB11.7 billion for the third quarter of 2021.

- Revenues from FinTech and Business Services increased by 30% to RMB43.3 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis. FinTech Services revenue growth primarily reflected increasing commercial payment volume. Business Services revenues increased healthily year-on-year, due to factors including increased digitalisation of traditional industries and videolisation of the Internet industry, as well as consolidation of Bitauto’s Business Services revenue.

*Cost of revenues.* Cost of revenues increased by 16% to RMB79.6 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis, reflecting transaction costs to handle increased payment-related transaction volumes, server and bandwidth costs, cloud project deployment costs, as well as content costs. As a percentage of revenues, cost of revenues increased to 56% for the third quarter of 2021 from 55% for the third quarter of 2020, due primarily to the revenue mix shift. The following table sets forth our cost of revenues by line of business for the third quarter of 2021 and the third quarter of 2020:

	<b>Unaudited</b>			
	<b>Three months ended</b>			
	<b>30 September 2021</b>		<b>30 September 2020</b>	
	<b>% of</b>		<b>% of</b>	
	<b>segment</b>		<b>segment</b>	
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>revenues</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>revenues</b>
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)			
VAS	<b>35,344</b>	<b>47%</b>	33,098	47%
Online Advertising	<b>12,051</b>	<b>54%</b>	10,480	49%
FinTech and Business Services	<b>30,955</b>	<b>71%</b>	23,982	72%
Others	<b>1,271</b>	<b>94%</b>	1,240	119%
	<hr/>		<hr/>	
Total cost of revenues	<b><u>79,621</u></b>		<b><u>68,800</u></b>	

- Cost of revenues for VAS increased by 7% to RMB35.3 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis, mainly due to increased channel and content costs for games, as well as content costs for live streaming services.
- Cost of revenues for Online Advertising increased by 15% to RMB12.1 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis, primarily driven by increased server and bandwidth costs including those associated with our Video Accounts service, as well as increased content costs.
- Cost of revenues for FinTech and Business Services increased by 29% to RMB31.0 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis, reflecting increased transaction costs due to payment volume growth, and increased project deployment costs for cloud services.



*Other gains, net.* We recorded net other gains of RMB23.0 billion for the third quarter of 2021, which were primarily non-IFRS adjustment items such as net gains on deemed disposals and disposals of certain investee companies in verticals such as games, Internet utility, and local services, as well as net fair value gains from revaluation of certain investee companies in verticals such as eCommerce, partly offset by impairment provisions against certain investee companies in verticals such as FinTech and social entertainment.

*Selling and marketing expenses.* Selling and marketing expenses increased by 17% to RMB10.4 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis, reflecting increased marketing spending on games, as well as consolidation of Bitauto. As a percentage of revenues, selling and marketing expenses was 7% for the third quarter of 2021, broadly stable compared to the third quarter of 2020.

*General and administrative expenses.* General and administrative expenses increased by 39% to RMB23.9 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis, primarily driven by increased R&D expenses and staff costs, including higher share-based compensation expenses. As a percentage of revenues, general and administrative expenses increased to 17% for the third quarter of 2021 from 14% for the third quarter of 2020.

*Finance costs, net.* Net finance costs were RMB1.9 billion for the third quarter of 2021, broadly stable compared to the third quarter of 2020.

*Share of loss/profit of associates and joint ventures.* We recorded share of losses of associates and joint ventures of RMB5.7 billion for the third quarter of 2021, compared to share of profit of RMB2.6 billion for the third quarter of 2020. The change reflected non-IFRS adjustment items of certain associates, increased investments in community group buying initiatives by certain associates, losses recognised from certain associates in verticals such as social media, partly offset by enhanced performance of certain associates in verticals such as eCommerce.

*Income tax expense.* Income tax expense decreased by 5% to RMB5.5 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis.

*Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company.* Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company increased by 3% to RMB39.5 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis. Non-IFRS profit attributable to equity holders of the Company decreased by 2% to RMB31.8 billion for the third quarter of 2021.

### Third Quarter of 2021 Compared to Second Quarter of 2021

The following table sets forth the comparative figures for the third quarter of 2021 and the second quarter of 2021:

	<b>Unaudited</b>	
	<b>Three months ended</b>	
	<b>30 September</b>	<b>30 June</b>
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2021</b>
	(RMB in millions)	
Revenues	<b>142,368</b>	138,259
Cost of revenues	<b>(79,621)</b>	(75,514)
Gross profit	<b>62,747</b>	62,745
Interest income	<b>1,703</b>	1,630
Other gains, net	<b>22,984</b>	20,763
Selling and marketing expenses	<b>(10,435)</b>	(10,013)
General and administrative expenses	<b>(23,862)</b>	(22,638)
Operating profit	<b>53,137</b>	52,487
Finance costs, net	<b>(1,942)</b>	(1,942)
Share of losses of associates and joint ventures	<b>(5,668)</b>	(3,857)
Profit before income tax	<b>45,527</b>	46,688
Income tax expense	<b>(5,452)</b>	(3,666)
Profit for the period	<b>40,075</b>	43,022
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Company	<b>39,510</b>	42,587
Non-controlling interests	<b>565</b>	435
	<b>40,075</b>	43,022
Non-IFRS profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	<b>31,751</b>	34,039

*Revenues.* Revenues increased by 3% to RMB142.4 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a quarter-on-quarter basis.

- Revenues from VAS increased by 4% to RMB75.2 billion for the third quarter of 2021. Domestic Games revenues grew by 5% to RMB33.6 billion, due to the increase in revenues from games including Peacekeeper Elite and DnF. International Games revenues increased by 4% to RMB11.3 billion, due to the increase in revenues from games including Alchemy Stars and Clash of Clans. Social Networks revenues increased by 4% to RMB30.3 billion, mainly driven by revenue growth from video subscription services.
- Revenues from Online Advertising decreased by 1% to RMB22.5 billion for the third quarter of 2021. Social and Others Advertising revenues decreased by 2% to RMB19.0 billion, reflecting lower advertising revenues from our mobile advertising network. Media Advertising revenues increased by 4% to RMB3.5 billion, as a result of releasing successful drama series and variety shows, as well as the Tokyo 2020 Olympic Games taking place during this quarter.
- Revenues from FinTech and Business Services increased by 3% to RMB43.3 billion for the third quarter of 2021, primarily driven by greater revenues from payment services due to payment volume growth.

*Cost of revenues.* Cost of revenues increased by 5% to RMB79.6 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a quarter-on-quarter basis, mainly reflecting increased transaction costs of FinTech services, channel and distribution costs, as well as content costs. As a percentage of revenues, cost of revenues increased to 56% for the third quarter of 2021 from 55% for the second quarter of 2021.

- Cost of revenues for VAS increased by 4% to RMB35.3 billion for the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to increased channel and distribution costs, as well as content costs.
- Cost of revenues for Online Advertising increased by 3% to RMB12.1 billion for the third quarter of 2021 primarily due to increased content cost.
- Cost of revenues for FinTech and Business Services increased by 9% to RMB31.0 billion for the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to transaction costs to handle increased payment-related transaction volumes, and our continuous investment in cloud computing talent and operations.

*Selling and marketing expenses.* Selling and marketing expenses increased by 4% to RMB10.4 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a quarter-on-quarter basis, primarily driven by increased marketing spending on games.

*General and administrative expenses.* General and administrative expenses increased by 5% to RMB23.9 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a quarter-on-quarter basis, reflecting increased R&D expenses and staff costs, including higher share-based compensation expenses.

*Share of losses of associates and joint ventures.* We recorded share of losses of associates and joint ventures of RMB5.7 billion for the third quarter of 2021, compared to share of losses of RMB3.9 billion for the second quarter of 2021. The change mainly reflected non-IFRS adjustment items of certain associates, partly offset by enhanced performance of certain associate in the eCommerce vertical.

*Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company.* Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company decreased by 7% to RMB39.5 billion for the third quarter of 2021 on a quarter-on-quarter basis. Non-IFRS profit attributable to equity holders of the Company decreased by 7% to RMB31.8 billion for the third quarter of 2021.

## Other Financial Information

	Unaudited			Unaudited	
	Three months ended			Nine months ended	
	30 September 2021	30 June 2021	30 September 2020	30 September 2021	30 September 2020
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)				
EBITDA (a)	42,683	44,567	45,055	136,605	127,808
Adjusted EBITDA (a)	49,257	50,347	47,849	152,531	136,781
Adjusted EBITDA margin (b)	35%	36%	38%	37%	39%
Interest and related expenses	2,092	1,912	1,855	5,730	5,683
Net (debt)/cash (c)	(26,146)	(20,972)	6,363	(26,146)	6,363
Capital expenditures (d)	7,061	6,936	8,684	21,731	24,301

Note:

- (a) EBITDA is calculated as operating profit minus interest income and other gains/losses, net, and adding back depreciation of property, plant and equipment, investment properties as well as right-of-use assets, and amortisation of intangible assets and land use rights. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as EBITDA plus equity-settled share-based compensation expenses.
- (b) Adjusted EBITDA margin is calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by revenues.
- (c) Net (debt)/cash represents period end balance and is calculated as cash and cash equivalents, plus term deposits and others, minus borrowings and notes payable.
- (d) Capital expenditures consist of additions (excluding business combinations) to property, plant and equipment, construction in progress, investment properties, land use rights and intangible assets (excluding video and music content, game licences and other content).

The following table reconciles our operating profit to our EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the periods presented:

	Unaudited Three months ended			Unaudited Nine months ended	
	30 September 2021	30 June 2021	30 September 2020	30 September 2021	30 September 2020
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)				
Operating profit	53,137	52,487	43,953	161,897	120,524
Adjustments:					
Interest income	(1,703)	(1,630)	(1,864)	(4,947)	(5,249)
Other gains, net	(22,984)	(20,763)	(11,551)	(63,268)	(24,195)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and investment properties	5,374	5,374	4,600	16,051	12,746
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,129	1,089	964	3,273	2,737
Amortisation of intangible assets and land use rights	7,730	8,010	8,953	23,599	21,245
EBITDA	42,683	44,567	45,055	136,605	127,808
Equity-settled share-based compensation	6,574	5,780	2,794	15,926	8,973
Adjusted EBITDA	49,257	50,347	47,849	152,531	136,781

## Non-IFRS Financial Measures

To supplement the consolidated results of the Group prepared in accordance with IFRS, certain additional non-IFRS financial measures (in terms of operating profit, operating margin, profit for the period, net margin, profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, basic EPS and diluted EPS) have been presented in this announcement. These unaudited non-IFRS financial measures should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, measures of the Group's financial performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. In addition, these non-IFRS financial measures may be defined differently from similar terms used by other companies.

The Company's management believes that the non-IFRS financial measures provide investors with useful supplementary information to assess the performance of the Group's core operations by excluding certain non-cash items and certain impact of M&A transactions. In addition, non-IFRS adjustments include relevant non-IFRS adjustments for the Group's major associates based on available published financials of the relevant major associates, or estimates made by the Company's management based on available information, certain expectations, assumptions and premises.

The following tables set forth the reconciliations of the Group's non-IFRS financial measures for the third quarter of 2021 and 2020, the second quarter of 2021, as well as the first nine months of 2021 and 2020 to the nearest measures prepared in accordance with IFRS:

	Unaudited three months ended 30 September 2021							Non-IFRS
	Adjustments							
	As reported	Share-based compensation	Net (gains)/ losses from investee companies	Amortisation of intangible assets	Impairment provisions/ (reversals)	Others	Income tax effects	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)		
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)							
Operating profit	53,137	6,652	(26,569)	1,149	6,389	70	-	40,828
Profit for the period	40,075	10,242	(26,781)	3,093	6,452	70	(633)	32,518
Profit attributable to equity holders	39,510	10,063	(26,491)	2,719	6,452	70	(572)	31,751
EPS (RMB per share)								
- basic	4.143							3.329
- diluted	4.074							3.269
Operating margin	37%							29%
Net margin	28%							23%

Unaudited three months ended 30 June 2021

	Adjustments						Non-IFRS
	As reported	Share-based compensation (a)	Net (gains)/ losses from investee companies (b)	Amortisation of intangible assets (c)	Impairment provisions/ (reversals) (d)	Income tax effects (f)	
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)						
Operating profit	52,487	6,202	(20,383)	1,124	3,372	–	42,802
Profit for the period	43,022	7,658	(20,413)	3,140	3,338	(1,605)	35,140
Profit attributable to equity holders	42,587	7,376	(20,537)	2,767	3,331	(1,485)	34,039
EPS (RMB per share)							
– basic	4.472						3.574
– diluted	4.387						3.504
Operating margin	38%						31%
Net margin	31%						25%

Unaudited three months ended 30 September 2020

	Adjustments						Non-IFRS
	As reported	Share-based compensation (a)	Net (gains)/ losses from investee companies (b)	Amortisation of intangible assets (c)	Impairment provisions/ (reversals) (d)	Income tax effects (f)	
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)						
Operating profit	43,953	3,059	(8,703)	905	(1,098)	–	38,116
Profit for the period	38,899	3,770	(10,099)	2,005	(973)	(277)	33,325
Profit attributable to equity holders	38,542	3,517	(10,133)	1,620	(1,026)	(217)	32,303
EPS (RMB per share)							
– basic	4.059						3.402
– diluted	3.964						3.314
Operating margin	35%						30%
Net margin	31%						27%

Unaudited nine months ended 30 September 2021

	Adjustments							Non-IFRS
	As reported	Share-based compensation (a)	Net (gains)/ losses from investee companies (b)	Amortisation of intangible assets (c)	Impairment provisions/ (reversals) (d)	Others (e)	Income tax effects (f)	
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)							
Operating profit	161,897	16,558	(65,283)	3,335	9,811	70	–	126,388
Profit for the period	132,105	22,936	(69,425)	8,932	9,968	70	(2,425)	102,161
Profit attributable to equity holders	129,864	22,294	(68,857)	7,838	9,961	70	(2,262)	98,908
EPS (RMB per share)								
– basic	13.634							10.384
– diluted	13.313							10.142
Operating margin	39%							30%
Net margin	32%							25%

Unaudited nine months ended 30 September 2020

	Adjustments							Non-IFRS
	As reported	Share-based compensation (a)	Net (gains)/ losses from investee companies (b)	Amortisation of intangible assets (c)	Impairment provisions/ (reversals) (d)	Income tax effects (f)		
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)							
Operating profit	120,524	10,001	(28,647)	2,414	7,028	–	111,320	
Profit for the period	100,756	12,193	(33,199)	5,463	8,277	(961)	92,529	
Profit attributable to equity holders	100,545	11,493	(32,545)	4,461	6,266	(685)	89,535	
EPS (RMB per share)								
– basic	10.601						9.440	
– diluted	10.403						9.270	
Operating margin	35%						32%	
Net margin	29%						27%	



Note:

- (a) Including put options granted to employees of investee companies on their shares and shares to be issued under investee companies' share-based incentive plans which can be acquired by the Group, and other incentives
- (b) Including net (gains)/losses on deemed disposals/disposals of investee companies, fair value changes arising from investee companies, and other expenses in relation to equity transactions of investee companies
- (c) Amortisation of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions
- (d) Impairment provisions/(reversals) for associates, joint ventures, goodwill and other intangible assets arising from acquisitions
- (e) Including expenses incurred in establishing certain social responsibility initiatives
- (f) Income tax effects of non-IFRS adjustments

### Liquidity and Financial Resources

Our cash and debt positions as at 30 September 2021 and 30 June 2021 were as follows:

	<b>Unaudited 30 September 2021</b>	Unaudited 30 June 2021
	(RMB in millions)	
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>170,873</b>	141,721
Term deposits and others	<b>118,609</b>	113,481
	<b>289,482</b>	255,202
Borrowings	<b>(167,551)</b>	(128,693)
Notes payable	<b>(148,077)</b>	(147,481)
Net debt	<b><u>(26,146)</u></b>	<b><u>(20,972)</u></b>

As at 30 September 2021, the Group had net debt of RMB26.1 billion, compared to net debt of RMB21.0 billion as at 30 June 2021. The sequential change was mainly due to a cash outflow for M&A activities including the acquisition of Sogou, and payments for repurchase of shares by the Company and our listed subsidiaries, partly offset by free cash flow generation and on-market divestitures of certain listed securities.

For the third quarter of 2021, the Group had free cash flow of RMB24.1 billion. This was a result of net cash flow generated from operating activities of RMB40.9 billion, offset by payments for capital expenditures of RMB7.5 billion, payments for media content of RMB8.0 billion, and payments for lease liabilities of RMB1.3 billion.

As at 30 September 2021, the fair value of our shareholdings<sup>3</sup> in listed investee companies (excluding subsidiaries) was RMB1,196.6 billion.

<sup>3</sup> Including those held via special purpose vehicles, on an attributable basis.

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

	Note	Unaudited Three months ended 30 September		Unaudited Nine months ended 30 September	
		2021 RMB'Million	2020 RMB'Million	2021 RMB'Million	2020 RMB'Million
<b>Revenues</b>					
Value-added Services		75,203	69,802	219,659	197,233
Online Advertising		22,495	21,351	67,148	57,616
FinTech and Business Services		43,317	33,255	124,237	89,592
Others		1,353	1,039	4,886	3,954
		<u>142,368</u>	<u>125,447</u>	<u>415,930</u>	<u>348,395</u>
Cost of revenues	4	<u>(79,621)</u>	<u>(68,800)</u>	<u>(227,803)</u>	<u>(185,744)</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>62,747</b>	<b>56,647</b>	<b>188,127</b>	<b>162,651</b>
Interest income		1,703	1,864	4,947	5,249
Other gains, net	3	22,984	11,551	63,268	24,195
Selling and marketing expenses	4	(10,435)	(8,920)	(28,978)	(23,725)
General and administrative expenses	4	(23,862)	(17,189)	(65,467)	(47,846)
<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>53,137</b>	<b>43,953</b>	<b>161,897</b>	<b>120,524</b>
Finance costs, net		(1,942)	(1,945)	(5,251)	(5,634)
Share of (loss)/profit of associates and joint ventures		(5,668)	2,630	(8,177)	2,054
<b>Profit before income tax</b>		<b>45,527</b>	<b>44,638</b>	<b>148,469</b>	<b>116,944</b>
Income tax expense	5	<u>(5,452)</u>	<u>(5,739)</u>	<u>(16,364)</u>	<u>(16,188)</u>
<b>Profit for the period</b>		<b>40,075</b>	<b>38,899</b>	<b>132,105</b>	<b>100,756</b>
<b>Attributable to:</b>					
Equity holders of the Company		39,510	38,542	129,864	100,545
Non-controlling interests		565	357	2,241	211
		<u>40,075</u>	<u>38,899</u>	<u>132,105</u>	<u>100,756</u>
<b>Earnings per share for profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (in RMB per share)</b>					
– basic	6(a)	<u>4.143</u>	<u>4.059</u>	<u>13.634</u>	<u>10.601</u>
– diluted	6(b)	<u>4.074</u>	<u>3.964</u>	<u>13.313</u>	<u>10.403</u>

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

	Unaudited		Unaudited	
	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	30 September		30 September	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million
<b>Profit for the period</b>	<b>40,075</b>	38,899	<b>132,105</b>	100,756
<b>Other comprehensive (loss)/income, net of tax:</b>				
<i>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss</i>				
Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income of associates and joint ventures	(157)	192	120	321
Transfer of share of other comprehensive income/(loss) to profit or loss upon disposal and deemed disposal of associates and joint ventures	–	–	2	(2)
Currency translation differences	(4,607)	(5,731)	(11,943)	(2,058)
Other fair value gains/(losses)	133	169	1,388	(1,875)
<i>Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss</i>				
Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income of associates and joint ventures	(16)	–	418	–
Net (losses)/gains from changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(36,411)	9,535	28,594	58,482
Currency translation differences	(130)	–	(228)	–
Other fair value gains	–	202	–	250
	<u>(41,188)</u>	<u>4,367</u>	<u>18,351</u>	<u>55,118</u>
<b>Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period</b>	<b><u>(1,113)</u></b>	<b><u>43,266</u></b>	<b><u>150,456</u></b>	<b><u>155,874</u></b>
<b>Attributable to:</b>				
Equity holders of the Company	(594)	43,082	150,673	153,344
Non-controlling interests	(519)	184	(217)	2,530
	<u>(1,113)</u>	<u>43,266</u>	<u>150,456</u>	<u>155,874</u>

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

		<b>Unaudited</b>	Audited
		<b>30 September</b>	31 December
		<b>2021</b>	2020
	Note	<b>RMB'Million</b>	RMB'Million
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment		59,779	59,843
Land use rights		16,153	16,091
Right-of-use assets		14,917	12,929
Construction in progress		5,435	4,939
Investment properties		531	583
Intangible assets		180,574	159,437
Investments in associates	8	369,441	297,609
Investments in joint ventures		6,790	7,649
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9	193,931	165,944
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	10	243,940	213,091
Prepayments, deposits and other assets		36,288	24,630
Other financial assets		549	4
Deferred income tax assets		24,566	21,348
Term deposits		36,969	31,681
		<u>1,189,863</u>	<u>1,015,778</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories		2,735	814
Accounts receivable	11	53,837	44,981
Prepayments, deposits and other assets		63,932	40,321
Other financial assets		1,392	1,133
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9	13,768	6,593
Term deposits		68,578	68,487
Restricted cash		2,606	2,520
Cash and cash equivalents		170,873	152,798
		<u>377,721</u>	<u>317,647</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u><u>1,567,584</u></u>	<u><u>1,333,425</u></u>

		<b>Unaudited</b>	Audited
		<b>30 September</b>	31 December
		<b>2021</b>	2020
	Note	<b>RMB' Million</b>	RMB' Million
<b>EQUITY</b>			
<b>Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company</b>			
Share capital		–	–
Share premium		62,041	48,793
Treasury shares		(435)	–
Shares held for share award schemes		(5,028)	(4,412)
Other reserves		124,226	121,139
Retained earnings		675,732	538,464
		<u>856,536</u>	<u>703,984</u>
<b>Non-controlling interests</b>		<u>74,840</u>	<u>74,059</u>
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>931,376</u>	<u>778,043</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Borrowings	14	141,275	112,145
Notes payable	15	148,077	122,057
Long-term payables		10,807	9,910
Other financial liabilities		7,278	9,254
Deferred income tax liabilities		15,861	16,061
Lease liabilities		11,850	10,198
Deferred revenue		6,193	6,678
		<u>341,341</u>	<u>286,303</u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Accounts payable	13	99,808	94,030
Other payables and accruals		54,957	54,308
Borrowings	14	26,276	14,242
Current income tax liabilities		10,658	12,134
Other tax liabilities		2,298	2,149
Other financial liabilities		3,831	5,567
Lease liabilities		4,315	3,822
Deferred revenue		92,724	82,827
		<u>294,867</u>	<u>269,079</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>636,208</u>	<u>555,382</u>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<u>1,567,584</u>	<u>1,333,425</u>

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

	Unaudited								
	Attributable to equity holders of the Company								
	Share capital RMB'Million	Share premium RMB'Million	Treasury shares RMB'Million	Shares held for share award schemes RMB'Million	Other reserves RMB'Million	Retained earnings RMB'Million	Total RMB'Million	Non- controlling interests RMB'Million	Total equity RMB'Million
<b>Balance at 1 January 2021</b>	-	48,793	-	(4,412)	121,139	538,464	703,984	74,059	778,043
<b>Comprehensive income</b>									
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	129,864	129,864	2,241	132,105
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:									
– share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures	-	-	-	-	534	-	534	4	538
– transfer of share of other comprehensive income to profit or loss upon disposal and deemed disposal of associates and joint ventures	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	2
– net gains/(losses) from changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	29,809	-	29,809	(1,215)	28,594
– currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	(10,873)	-	(10,873)	(1,298)	(12,171)
– other fair value gains, net	-	-	-	-	1,337	-	1,337	51	1,388
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>	-	-	-	-	20,809	129,864	150,673	(217)	150,456
Transfer of gains on disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	(20,123)	20,123	-	-	-
Transfer of share of other comprehensive income to retained earnings upon disposal and deemed disposal of associates and joint ventures	-	-	-	-	(2)	(3)	(5)	(4)	(9)
Share of other changes in net assets of associates and joint ventures	-	-	-	-	6,210	-	6,210	1	6,211
Transfer of share of other changes in net assets of associates and joint ventures to profit or loss upon disposal and deemed disposal	-	-	-	-	(354)	-	(354)	5	(349)

Unaudited

Attributable to equity holders of the Company									
	Share capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Shares held for share award schemes	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million
<b>Transactions with equity holders</b>									
Capital injection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	510	510
Employee share option schemes:									
– value of employee services	-	1,405	-	-	37	-	1,442	38	1,480
– proceeds from shares issued	-	943	-	-	-	-	943	-	943
Employee share award schemes:									
– value of employee services	-	13,553	-	-	450	-	14,003	402	14,405
– shares withheld for share award schemes	-	-	-	(2,633)	-	-	(2,633)	-	(2,633)
– vesting of awarded shares	-	(1,874)	-	1,874	-	-	-	-	-
Tax benefit from share-based payments	-	-	-	-	454	-	454	-	454
Profit appropriations to statutory reserves	-	-	-	-	33	(33)	-	-	-
Repurchase and cancellation of shares	-	(1,735)	(435)	-	-	-	(2,170)	-	(2,170)
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(12,683)	(12,683)	(315)	(12,998)
Distributions from a non wholly-owned subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,401)	(1,401)
Non-controlling interests arising from business combinations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,086	1,086
Acquisition of additional equity interests in non wholly-owned subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(731)	-	(731)	(3,137)	(3,868)
Dilution of interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	103	-	103	577	680
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32)	(32)
Changes in put option liabilities in respect of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	730	-	730	14	744
Lapses of put option liabilities in respect of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	783	-	783	-	783
Recognition of put option liabilities arising from business combination	-	-	-	-	(826)	-	(826)	-	(826)
Transfer of equity interests of subsidiaries to non-controlling interests	-	956	-	143	(4,486)	-	(3,387)	3,254	(133)
<b>Total transactions with equity holders at their capacity as equity holders for the period</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,248</u>	<u>(435)</u>	<u>(616)</u>	<u>(3,453)</u>	<u>(12,716)</u>	<u>(3,972)</u>	<u>996</u>	<u>(2,976)</u>
<b>Balance at 30 September 2021</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>62,041</u>	<u>(435)</u>	<u>(5,028)</u>	<u>124,226</u>	<u>675,732</u>	<u>856,536</u>	<u>74,840</u>	<u>931,376</u>

## Unaudited

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company							
	Share capital	Share premium	Shares held for share award schemes	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million
<b>Balance at 1 January 2020</b>	<u>–</u>	<u>35,271</u>	<u>(4,002)</u>	<u>16,786</u>	<u>384,651</u>	<u>432,706</u>	<u>56,118</u>	<u>488,824</u>
<b>Comprehensive income</b>								
Profit for the period	–	–	–	–	100,545	100,545	211	100,756
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:								
– share of other comprehensive income/ (loss) of associates and joint ventures	–	–	–	323	–	323	(2)	321
– transfer of share of other comprehensive income to profit or loss upon deemed disposal of an associate	–	–	–	(2)	–	(2)	–	(2)
– net gains from changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	–	–	–	56,982	–	56,982	1,500	58,482
– currency translation differences	–	–	–	(2,937)	–	(2,937)	879	(2,058)
– other fair value losses, net	–	–	–	(1,567)	–	(1,567)	(58)	(1,625)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>52,799</u>	<u>100,545</u>	<u>153,344</u>	<u>2,530</u>	<u>155,874</u>
Transfer of gains on disposal and deemed disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income to retained earnings	–	–	–	(1,080)	1,080	–	–	–
Share of other changes in net assets of associates and joint ventures	–	–	–	2,166	–	2,166	(5)	2,161
Transfer of share of other changes in net assets of associates to profit or loss upon deemed disposal of associates	–	–	–	(154)	–	(154)	–	(154)



Attributable to equity holders of the Company								
	Share capital	Share premium	Shares held for share award schemes	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million
<b>Transactions with equity holders</b>								
Capital injection	-	-	-	-	-	-	309	309
Employee share option schemes:								
– value of employee services	-	1,164	-	47	-	1,211	48	1,259
– proceeds from shares issued	-	1,028	-	-	-	1,028	-	1,028
Employee share award schemes:								
– value of employee services	-	6,957	-	361	-	7,318	308	7,626
– shares withheld for share award schemes	-	-	(1,738)	-	-	(1,738)	-	(1,738)
– vesting of awarded shares	-	(1,143)	1,143	-	-	-	-	-
Tax benefit from share-based payments	-	-	-	1,149	-	1,149	-	1,149
Profit appropriations to statutory reserves	-	-	-	(60)	60	-	-	-
Dividends	-	-	-	-	(10,449)	(10,449)	(549)	(10,998)
Non-controlling interests arising from business combinations	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,043	9,043
Disposal and deemed disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	15
Acquisition of additional equity interests in non wholly-owned subsidiaries	-	-	-	(2,790)	-	(2,790)	(3,180)	(5,970)
Dilution of interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	(641)	-	(641)	1,184	543
Changes in put option liabilities with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	(1,080)	-	(1,080)	(389)	(1,469)
Recognition of financial liabilities in respect of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	(869)	-	(869)	-	(869)
Transfer of equity interests of subsidiaries to non-controlling interests	-	1,527	246	(5,871)	-	(4,098)	3,962	(136)
<b>Total transactions with equity holders at their capacity as equity holders for the period</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,533</u>	<u>(349)</u>	<u>(9,754)</u>	<u>(10,389)</u>	<u>(10,959)</u>	<u>10,751</u>	<u>(208)</u>
<b>Balance at 30 September 2020</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>44,804</u>	<u>(4,351)</u>	<u>60,763</u>	<u>475,887</u>	<u>577,103</u>	<u>69,394</u>	<u>646,497</u>

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

	<b>Unaudited</b>	
	<b>Nine months ended</b>	
	<b>30 September</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>RMB'Million</b>	<b>RMB'Million</b>
<b>Net cash flows generated from operating activities</b>	<b>123,935</b>	145,253
<b>Net cash flows used in investing activities</b>	<b>(144,051)</b>	(140,529)
<b>Net cash flows generated from financing activities</b>	<b>39,724</b>	17,596
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>19,608</b>	22,320
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	<b>152,798</b>	132,991
Exchange losses on cash and cash equivalents	<b>(1,533)</b>	(2,820)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period</b>	<b><u>170,873</u></b>	<u>152,491</u>

**Note:**

**1 General information, basis of preparation and presentation**

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability. The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since 16 June 2004.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in the provision of VAS, Online Advertising services and FinTech and Business Services.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2021, the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the three and nine months then ended, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine months then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes (the “Interim Financial Information”). The Interim Financial Information is presented in RMB, unless otherwise stated.

The Interim Financial Information has not been audited but has been reviewed by the external auditor of the Company.

The Interim Financial Information has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS, as set out in the 2020 annual report of the Company dated 24 March 2021 (the “2020 Financial Statements”).

Except as described below, the accounting policies and method of computation used in the preparation of the Interim Financial Information are generally consistent with those used in the 2020 Financial Statements in all material aspects, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at FVPL, FVOCI, certain other financial assets and liabilities, which are carried at fair values.

Taxes on income for the interim period are accrued using the estimated tax rates that would be applicable to expected total annual assessable profit.

The following amendments to standards have been adopted by the Group for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2021:

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16	Interest rate benchmark (IBOR) reform – phase 2
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The adoption of these amended standards does not have significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

## 2 Segment information

The Group has the following reportable segments for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020:

- VAS;
- Online Advertising;
- FinTech and Business Services; and
- Others.

The “Others” business segment consists of the financials of investment in, production of and distribution of, films and television programmes for third parties, copyrights licensing, merchandise sales and various other activities.

There were no material inter-segment sales during the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020. The revenues from external customers reported to the chief operating decision-makers are measured in a manner consistent with that applied in the consolidated income statement.

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-makers for the reportable segments for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	Unaudited				
	Three months ended 30 September 2021				
	VAS	Online	FinTech and	Others	Total
	RMB'Million	Advertising	Business	RMB'Million	RMB'Million
		RMB'Million	Services		
			RMB'Million		
Segment revenues	<u>75,203</u>	<u>22,495</u>	<u>43,317</u>	<u>1,353</u>	<u>142,368</u>
Gross profit	<u>39,859</u>	<u>10,444</u>	<u>12,362</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>62,747</u>
Cost of revenues					
Depreciation	1,429	1,300	2,590	26	5,345
Amortisation	<u>4,574</u>	<u>2,094</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>346</u>	<u>7,032</u>

	Unaudited Three months ended 30 September 2020				
	FinTech and				
	Online	Business	Others	Total	
	Advertising	Services			
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	
Segment revenues	<u>69,802</u>	<u>21,351</u>	<u>33,255</u>	<u>1,039</u>	<u>125,447</u>
Gross profit/(loss)	<u>36,704</u>	<u>10,871</u>	<u>9,273</u>	<u>(201)</u>	<u>56,647</u>
Cost of revenues					
Depreciation	1,275	850	2,422	22	4,569
Amortisation	<u>5,770</u>	<u>2,157</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>395</u>	<u>8,322</u>

	Unaudited Nine months ended 30 September 2021				
	FinTech and				
	Online	Business	Others	Total	
	Advertising	Services			
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	
Segment revenues	<u>219,659</u>	<u>67,148</u>	<u>124,237</u>	<u>4,886</u>	<u>415,930</u>
Gross profit	<u>117,892</u>	<u>31,414</u>	<u>38,380</u>	<u>441</u>	<u>188,127</u>
Cost of revenues					
Depreciation	4,285	3,780	7,878	76	16,019
Amortisation	<u>14,092</u>	<u>5,897</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>1,447</u>	<u>21,484</u>

	Unaudited Nine months ended 30 September 2020				
	FinTech and				
	Online	Business	Others	Total	
	Advertising	Services			
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	
Segment revenues	<u>197,233</u>	<u>57,616</u>	<u>89,592</u>	<u>3,954</u>	<u>348,395</u>
Gross profit/(loss)	<u>108,458</u>	<u>29,125</u>	<u>25,295</u>	<u>(227)</u>	<u>162,651</u>
Cost of revenues					
Depreciation	3,548	2,392	6,629	69	12,638
Amortisation	<u>13,131</u>	<u>5,285</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>1,149</u>	<u>19,565</u>

### 3 Other gains, net

	Unaudited		Unaudited	
	Three months ended 30 September		Nine months ended 30 September	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million
Net gains on disposals and deemed disposals of investee companies (a)	17,932	1,410	27,522	13,382
Net fair value gains on FVPL ((b) and Note 9)	8,629	7,287	37,949	12,321
Impairment (provision)/reversal for investee companies, goodwill and other intangible assets arising from acquisitions (c)	(6,389)	1,098	(9,811)	(7,028)
Subsidies and tax rebates	2,130	2,165	6,881	5,937
Net fair value gains/(losses) on other financial instruments	57	6	(116)	2,944
Donations	–	–	(1,600)	(2,600)
Dividends income	85	956	625	1,750
Others	540	(1,371)	1,818	(2,511)
	<u>22,984</u>	<u>11,551</u>	<u>63,268</u>	<u>24,195</u>

Note:

- (a) The disposal and deemed disposal gains of approximately RMB27,522 million recognised during the nine months ended 30 September 2021 mainly comprised the following:
- net gains of approximately RMB18,329 million (nine months ended 30 September 2020: RMB5,892 million) on dilution of the Group's equity interests in certain associates due to new equity interests being issued by these associates (Note 8). These investee companies are principally engaged in games developing, finance, online video-sharing platform, eCommerce and Internet-related business; and
  - aggregate net gains of approximately RMB9,193 million (nine months ended 30 September 2020: RMB7,490 million) on disposals, partial disposals or deemed disposals of various investments of the Group, including step up gains of approximately RMB3,807 million arising from the acquisition of Sogou, an investment transferred from investment in an associate to subsidiary (Note 16).
- (b) During the nine months ended 30 September 2021, the net fair value gains on FVPL comprised net gains of approximately RMB37,877 million as a result of increases in valuations of certain investee companies, and approximately RMB72 million associated with treasury investments (nine months ended 30 September 2020: RMB12,321 million and nil).

- (c) The impairment provision/(reversal) for investee companies, goodwill and other intangible assets arising from acquisitions mainly comprised the following:

	Unaudited		Unaudited	
	Three months ended 30 September		Nine months ended 30 September	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million
Goodwill and other intangible assets arising from acquisitions	–	115	201	4,499
Investments in associates (Note 8(c))	5,704	(1,217)	8,898	1,215
Investments in joint ventures and others	685	4	712	1,314
	<u>6,389</u>	<u>(1,098)</u>	<u>9,811</u>	<u>7,028</u>

#### 4 Expenses by nature

	Unaudited		Unaudited	
	Three months ended 30 September		Nine months ended 30 September	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million
Transaction costs (a)	33,108	29,220	95,721	76,523
Employee benefits expenses (b)	25,963	17,703	70,351	49,667
Content costs (excluding amortisation of intangible assets)	16,932	14,497	47,842	41,359
Amortisation of intangible assets (c)	7,710	8,953	23,548	21,245
Promotion and advertising expenses	8,024	7,146	22,199	18,743
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets	6,503	5,564	19,324	15,483
Bandwidth and server custody fees (excluding depreciation of right-of-use assets)	7,107	5,489	19,874	16,262

Note:

- (a) Transaction costs primarily consist of bank handling fees, channel and distribution costs.
- (b) During the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021, the Group had incurred expenses for the purpose of R&D of approximately RMB13,730 million and RMB37,859 million, respectively (three and nine months ended 30 September 2020: approximately RMB9,908 million and RMB27,793 million, respectively), which mainly comprised employee benefits expenses of approximately RMB11,348 million and RMB31,318 million, respectively (three and nine months ended 30 September 2020: approximately RMB8,009 million and RMB22,580 million, respectively).

During the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021, employee benefits expenses included the share-based compensation expenses of approximately RMB6,652 million and RMB16,558 million, respectively (three and nine months ended 30 September 2020: approximately RMB3,059 million and RMB10,001 million, respectively).

No significant development expenses had been capitalised for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020.

- (c) Amortisation charges of intangible assets is mainly in respect of media content including video and music content, game licenses, and other content. During the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021, amortisation of media content was approximately RMB6,990 million and RMB21,419 million, respectively (three and nine months ended 30 September 2020: approximately RMB8,274 million and RMB19,482 million, respectively).

During the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021, amortisation of intangible assets included the amortisation of intangible assets resulting from business combinations of approximately RMB1,149 million and RMB3,335 million, respectively (three and nine months ended 30 September 2020: approximately RMB905 million and RMB2,414 million, respectively).

## **5 Income tax expense**

Income tax expense is recognised based on management's best knowledge of the income tax rates expected for the financial year.

### **(a) Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands corporate income tax**

The Group was not subject to any taxation in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020.

### **(b) Hong Kong profits tax**

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020.

### **(c) PRC CIT**

PRC CIT has been provided for at applicable tax rates under the relevant regulations of the PRC after considering the available preferential tax benefits from refunds and allowances, and on the estimated assessable profit of entities within the Group established in the Mainland of China for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020. The general PRC CIT rate is 25% for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020.

Certain subsidiaries of the Group in the Mainland of China were approved as High and New Technology Enterprise, and accordingly, they were subject to a preferential corporate income tax rate of 15% for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020. Moreover, according to announcement and circular issued by relevant government authorities, a subsidiary which was qualified as national key software enterprise was subject to a preferential corporate income tax rate of 10%.

In addition, certain subsidiaries of the Company are entitled to other tax concessions, mainly including the preferential policy of "2-year exemption and 3-year half rate concession" and the preferential tax rate of 15% applicable to some subsidiaries located in certain areas of the Mainland of China upon fulfilment of certain requirements of the respective local governments.



**(d) Corporate income tax in other jurisdictions**

Income tax on profit arising from other jurisdictions, including the United States, Europe, East Asia and South America, had been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020 at the respective rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions, ranging from 12.5% to 35%.

**(e) Withholding tax**

According to applicable tax regulations prevailing in the PRC, dividends distributed by a company established in the Mainland of China to a foreign investor with respect to profit derived after 1 January 2008 are generally subject to a 10% withholding tax. If a foreign investor is incorporated in Hong Kong, under the double taxation arrangement between the Mainland of China and Hong Kong, the relevant withholding tax rate applicable to such foreign investor will be reduced from 10% to 5% subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions.

Dividends distributed from certain jurisdictions that the Group's entities operate in are also subject to withholding tax at respective applicable tax rates.

The income tax expense of the Group for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020 are analysed as follows:

	Unaudited		Unaudited	
	Three months ended 30 September 2021	2020	Nine months ended 30 September 2021	2020
	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million	RMB'Million
Current income tax	7,202	6,470	19,853	18,530
Deferred income tax	(1,750)	(731)	(3,489)	(2,342)
	<u>5,452</u>	<u>5,739</u>	<u>16,364</u>	<u>16,188</u>

**6 Earnings per share**

**(a) Basic**

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Unaudited		Unaudited	
	Three months ended 30 September 2021	2020	Nine months ended 30 September 2021	2020
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (RMB'Million)	<u>39,510</u>	<u>38,542</u>	<u>129,864</u>	<u>100,545</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (million shares)	<u>9,536</u>	<u>9,496</u>	<u>9,525</u>	<u>9,485</u>
Basic EPS (RMB per share)	<u>4.143</u>	<u>4.059</u>	<u>13.634</u>	<u>10.601</u>

**(b) Diluted**

The share options and awarded shares granted by the Company have potential dilutive effect on the EPS. Diluted EPS is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding by the assumption of the conversion of all potential dilutive ordinary shares arising from share options and awarded shares granted by the Company (collectively forming the denominator for computing the diluted EPS).

In addition, the profit attributable to equity holders (numerator) has been adjusted by the effect of the share options and restricted shares granted by the Company's non wholly-owned subsidiaries and associates, excluding those which have anti-dilutive effect to the Group's diluted EPS.

	Unaudited Three months ended 30 September		Unaudited Nine months ended 30 September	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (RMB'Million)	39,510	38,542	129,864	100,545
Dilution effect arising from share-based awards issued by non wholly-owned subsidiaries and associates (RMB'Million)	<u>(85)</u>	<u>(285)</u>	<u>(209)</u>	<u>(339)</u>
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the calculation of diluted EPS (RMB'Million)	<u>39,425</u>	<u>38,257</u>	<u>129,655</u>	<u>100,206</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (million shares)	9,536	9,496	9,525	9,485
Adjustments for share options and awarded shares (million shares)	<u>140</u>	<u>155</u>	<u>214</u>	<u>147</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the calculation of diluted EPS (million shares)	<u>9,676</u>	<u>9,651</u>	<u>9,739</u>	<u>9,632</u>
Diluted EPS (RMB per share)	<u>4.074</u>	<u>3.964</u>	<u>13.313</u>	<u>10.403</u>

**7 Dividends**

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020 of HKD1.60 per share (2019: HKD1.20 per share) was proposed pursuant to a resolution passed by the Board on 24 March 2021 and approved by the shareholders at the 2021 AGM. Such dividend amounting to HKD15,238 million (2020: HKD11,378 million) was paid during the nine months ended 30 September 2021.

The Board did not declare any interim dividend for the nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020.

## 8 Investments in associates

	<b>Unaudited 30 September 2021 RMB'Million</b>	<b>Audited 31 December 2020 RMB'Million</b>
Investments in associates		
– Listed entities (Note)	243,474	171,048
– Unlisted entities	125,967	126,561
	<u>369,441</u>	<u>297,609</u>

Note:

As at 30 September 2021, the fair value of the investments in associates consisting of directly and indirectly held listed equity interests was RMB947,400 million.

Movement of investments in associates is analysed as follows:

	<b>Unaudited Nine months ended 30 September</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>RMB'Million</b>	<b>RMB'Million</b>
<b>At beginning of period</b>	<b>297,609</b>	213,614
Additions (a)	42,127	22,318
Transfers (b)	27,461	5,527
Dilution gains on deemed disposal (Note 3(a))	18,329	5,892
Share of (loss)/profit of associates	(8,353)	2,052
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	533	339
Share of other changes in net assets of associates	6,211	2,153
Dividends	(1,296)	(319)
Disposals	(2,645)	(1,793)
Impairment provision (c)	(8,898)	(1,215)
Currency translation differences	(1,637)	(583)
	<u>369,441</u>	<u>247,985</u>
<b>At end of period</b>	<b>369,441</b>	247,985

Note:

(a) During the nine months ended 30 September 2021, the Group's additions to investments in associates mainly comprised the following:

- (i) a consortium (the "UMG Consortium") formed together with TME and certain global financial investors to acquire additional 10% equity interests in Universal Music Group ("UMG") from its parent company, Vivendi S.A.. The Group's additional investment in the UMG Consortium amounted to approximately EUR975 million (equivalent to approximately RMB7,792 million), and the investment remained as an associate;

- (ii) the Group acquired additional ordinary shares of an existing investee, which is engaged in eCommerce at a cash consideration of approximately RMB3,554 million. Upon completion of the additional investment, the Group's equity interests in the investee have been increased from 5.23% to 6.26%. Since there is no change in the assessment of significant influence, this investment continues to be considered as an associate of the Group;
- (iii) the Group acquired additional ordinary shares of an existing investee, which is engaged in games developing at a cash consideration of approximately RMB2,795 million. Upon completion of the additional investment, the Group's equity interests in the investee have been increased from 5% to 10%. Since there is no change in the assessment of significant influence, this investment continues to be considered as an associate of the Group; and
- (iv) new associates and additional investments in existing associates with an aggregate amount of approximately RMB27,986 million during the nine months ended 30 September 2021. These associates are principally engaged in games developing, eCommerce platform and other Internet-related business.
- (b) During the nine months ended 30 September 2021, transfers mainly comprised investments in associates of approximately RMB33,559 million transferred from FVPL mainly due to conversion of the redeemable instruments into ordinary shares upon their IPOs or obtaining board representatives.
- (c) During the nine months ended 30 September 2021, the Group had made an aggregate net impairment provision of approximately RMB8,898 million (nine months ended 30 September 2020: RMB1,215 million) against the carrying amounts of certain investments in associates. The impairment provision mainly resulted from revisions of financial/business outlook of the associates and changes in the market environment.

## 9 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

FVPL include the following:

	<b>Unaudited 30 September 2021 RMB'Million</b>	Audited 31 December 2020 RMB'Million
<b>Included in non-current assets:</b>		
Investments in listed entities	<b>22,311</b>	23,554
Investments in unlisted entities	<b>160,835</b>	133,506
Treasury investments and others	<b>10,785</b>	8,884
	<b>193,931</b>	165,944
<b>Included in current assets:</b>		
Investments in listed entities	–	10
Treasury investments and others	<b>13,768</b>	6,583
	<b>13,768</b>	6,593
	<b>207,699</b>	172,537

Movement of FVPL is analysed as follows:

	<b>Unaudited</b>	
	<b>Nine months ended 30 September</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	2020
	<b>RMB'Million</b>	RMB'Million
<b>At beginning of period</b>	<b>172,537</b>	135,936
Additions and transfers ((a) and Note 8(b))	<b>23,061</b>	37,910
Changes in fair value (Note 3)	<b>37,949</b>	12,321
Disposals and others	<b>(23,366)</b>	(8,237)
Currency translation differences	<b>(2,482)</b>	(2,869)
	<u><b>207,699</b></u>	<u>175,061</u>
<b>At end of period</b>	<b>207,699</b>	175,061

Note:

- (a) During the nine months ended 30 September 2021, the Group's additions and transfers mainly comprised the following:
- (i) new investments and additional investments with an aggregate amount of approximately RMB66,018 million in listed and unlisted entities. These companies are principally engaged in express delivery, eCommerce, Internet platform, retail, technology and other Internet-related businesses; and
  - (ii) except as described in Note 8(b), transfers also mainly comprised certain FVPL of an aggregate amount of approximately RMB9,539 million redesignated to FVOCI upon their IPOs.

## 10 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

FVOCI include the following:

	<b>Unaudited</b> <b>30 September</b> <b>2021</b> <b>RMB'Million</b>	Audited 31 December 2020 RMB'Million
Equity investments in listed entities	<b>228,202</b>	199,465
Equity investments in unlisted entities	<b>15,738</b>	13,626
	<b>243,940</b>	213,091

Movement of FVOCI is analysed as follows:

	<b>Unaudited</b> <b>Nine months ended 30 September</b> <b>2021</b> <b>RMB'Million</b>	2020 RMB'Million
<b>At beginning of period</b>	<b>213,091</b>	81,721
Additions and transfers ((a) and Note 9(a))	<b>31,316</b>	9,165
Changes in fair value	<b>27,903</b>	59,305
Disposals	<b>(27,119)</b>	(2,905)
Currency translation differences	<b>(1,251)</b>	(3,351)
<b>At end of period</b>	<b>243,940</b>	143,935

Note:

- (a) During the nine months ended 30 September 2021, the Group's additions mainly comprised the following:
- (i) an additional investment in an eCommerce entity of approximately JPY72,406 million (equivalent to approximately RMB4,294 million); and
  - (ii) new investments and additional investments with an aggregate amount of approximately RMB16,886 million in listed and unlisted entities. These companies are principally engaged in commercial estate, Internet platform, technology and other Internet-related businesses.

## 11 Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable and their ageing analysis, based on recognition date, are as follows:

	<b>Unaudited</b>	Audited
	<b>30 September</b>	31 December
	<b>2021</b>	2020
	<b>RMB'Million</b>	RMB'Million
0 ~ 30 days	<b>18,043</b>	19,708
31 ~ 60 days	<b>14,986</b>	10,867
61 ~ 90 days	<b>7,468</b>	4,506
Over 90 days	<b>13,340</b>	9,900
	<u><b>53,837</b></u>	<u>44,981</u>

Receivable balances as at 30 September 2021 and 31 December 2020 mainly represented amounts due from online advertising customers and agencies, FinTech and cloud customers, content production related customers, and third party platform providers.

Some online advertising customers and agencies are usually granted with a credit period within 90 days immediately following the month-end in which the relevant obligations under the relevant contracted advertising orders are delivered. Third party platform providers usually settle the amounts due by them within 60 days. Other customers, mainly including content production related customers and FinTech and cloud customers, are usually granted with a credit period within 90 days.

## 12 Share-based payments

### (a) Share option schemes

The Company has adopted five share option schemes, namely, the Pre-IPO Option Scheme, the Post-IPO Option Scheme I, the Post-IPO Option Scheme II, the Post-IPO Option Scheme III and the Post-IPO Option Scheme IV.

The Pre-IPO Option Scheme, the Post-IPO Option Scheme I, the Post-IPO Option Scheme II and the Post-IPO Option Scheme III expired on 31 December 2011, 23 March 2014, 16 May 2017 and 13 May 2019, respectively. Upon the expiry of these schemes, no further options would be granted under these schemes, but the options granted prior to such expiry continued to be valid and exercisable in accordance with provisions of the schemes. As at 30 September 2021, there were no outstanding options exercisable of the Pre-IPO Option Scheme, the Post-IPO Option Scheme I and the Post-IPO Option Scheme III.

In respect of the Post-IPO Option Scheme IV which continues to be in force, the Board may, at its discretion, grant options to any qualifying participants to subscribe for shares in the Company, subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein. The exercise price must be in compliance with the requirement under the Listing Rules. In addition, the option vesting period is determined by the Board provided that it is not later than the last day of a 7-year period for the Post-IPO Option Scheme IV after the date of grant of option.

The Company allows certain of the grantees under the Post-IPO Option Scheme II and the Post-IPO Option Scheme IV to surrender their rights to receive a portion of the underlying shares (with equivalent fair value) to set off against the exercise price and/or individual income tax payable when they exercise their options.

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	Post-IPO Option Scheme II		Unaudited Post-IPO Option Scheme IV		Total No. of options
	Average exercise price	No. of options	Average exercise price	No. of options	
At 1 January 2021	HKD205.36	37,435,134	HKD380.50	67,806,750	105,241,884
Granted	–	–	HKD588.22	16,596,659	16,596,659
Exercised	HKD189.96	(2,177,144)	HKD322.88	(2,224,941)	(4,402,085)
Lapsed/forfeited	HKD124.30	<u>(10,938)</u>	HKD410.22	<u>(253,452)</u>	<u>(264,390)</u>
At 30 September 2021	HKD206.34	<u>35,247,052</u>	HKD424.05	<u>81,925,016</u>	<u>117,172,068</u>
Exercisable as at 30 September 2021	HKD206.30	<u>35,125,239</u>	HKD380.14	<u>30,595,176</u>	<u>65,720,415</u>
At 1 January 2020	HKD185.86	50,358,800	HKD375.36	61,738,193	112,096,993
Granted	–	–	HKD390.87	9,049,045	9,049,045
Exercised	HKD148.63	(3,293,815)	HKD318.61	(2,092,385)	(5,386,200)
Lapsed/forfeited	HKD174.86	<u>(4,425)</u>	HKD358.01	<u>(398,984)</u>	<u>(403,409)</u>
At 30 September 2020	HKD188.47	<u>47,060,560</u>	HKD379.26	<u>68,295,869</u>	<u>115,356,429</u>
Exercisable as at 30 September 2020	HKD182.27	<u>40,279,997</u>	HKD375.00	<u>20,593,685</u>	<u>60,873,682</u>

During the nine months ended 30 September 2021, 3,374,630 options (nine months ended 30 September 2020: 4,399,815 options) were granted to an executive director of the Company.



**(b) Share award schemes**

The Company has adopted the Share Award Schemes as of 30 September 2021, which are administered by an independent trustee appointed by the Group. The vesting period of the awarded shares is determined by the Board.

Movements in the number of awarded shares for the nine months ended 30 September 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	<b>Number of awarded shares</b>	
	<b>Unaudited</b>	
	<b>Nine months ended 30 September</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
<b>At beginning of period</b>	<b>82,594,936</b>	76,615,755
Granted	<b>63,413,575</b>	33,906,715
Lapsed/forfeited	<b>(4,469,574)</b>	(2,943,113)
Vested and transferred	<b>(28,547,171)</b>	(26,121,712)
<b>At end of period</b>	<b>112,991,766</b>	<b>81,457,645</b>
<b>Vested but not transferred as at the end of period</b>	<b>18,972</b>	<b>37,157</b>

During the nine months ended 30 September 2021, 40,500 awarded shares were granted to four independent non-executive directors of the Company (nine months ended 30 September 2020: 59,500 awarded shares had been granted to five independent non-executive directors of the Company).

**13 Accounts payable**

Accounts payable and their ageing analysis, based on invoice date, are as follows:

	<b>Unaudited</b>	<b>Audited</b>
	<b>30 September</b>	<b>31 December</b>
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>RMB'Million</b>	<b>RMB'Million</b>
0 ~ 30 days	<b>91,466</b>	82,916
31 ~ 60 days	<b>4,269</b>	2,196
61 ~ 90 days	<b>1,128</b>	665
Over 90 days	<b>2,945</b>	8,253
	<b>99,808</b>	<b>94,030</b>

## 14 Borrowings

	Unaudited 30 September 2021 RMB'Million	Audited 31 December 2020 RMB'Million
<b>Included in non-current liabilities:</b>		
Non-current portion of long-term USD bank borrowings, unsecured (a)	141,239	110,629
Non-current portion of long-term EUR bank borrowings, unsecured (a)	–	1,204
Non-current portion of long-term EUR bank borrowings, secured (a)	12	12
Non-current portion of long-term JPY bank borrowings, unsecured (a)	20	–
Non-current portion of long-term JPY bank borrowings, secured (a)	4	–
Non-current portion of long-term RMB bank borrowings, unsecured (a)	–	300
	<u>141,275</u>	<u>112,145</u>
<b>Included in current liabilities:</b>		
USD bank borrowings, unsecured (b)	9,728	9,135
HKD bank borrowings, secured (b)	–	144
RMB bank borrowings, unsecured (b)	12,926	4,079
RMB bank borrowings, secured (b)	–	100
Current portion of long-term USD bank borrowings, unsecured (a)	2,186	783
Current portion of long-term RMB bank borrowings, unsecured (a)	300	–
Current portion of long-term JPY bank borrowings, unsecured (a)	4	–
Current portion of long-term JPY bank borrowings, secured (a)	1	–
Current portion of long-term EUR bank borrowings, secured (a)	2	1
Current portion of long-term EUR bank borrowings, unsecured (a)	1,129	–
	<u>26,276</u>	<u>14,242</u>
	<u><u>167,551</u></u>	<u><u>126,387</u></u>

Note:

- (a) The aggregate principal amounts of long-term bank borrowings and applicable interest rates are as follows:

	Unaudited 30 September 2021		Audited 31 December 2020	
	Amount (Million)	Interest rate (per annum)	Amount (Million)	Interest rate (per annum)
USD bank borrowings	USD22,115	LIBOR + 0.80% ~ 1.27% or a fixed interest rate of 1.41%	USD17,075	LIBOR + 0.70% ~ 1.27%
EUR bank borrowings	EUR152	0.52%~1.00%	EUR151	0.52%~1.00%
JPY bank borrowings	JPY517	0.60%~2.50%	–	–
RMB bank borrowings	RMB300	5.70%	RMB300	5.70%

- (b) The aggregate principal amounts of short-term bank borrowings and applicable interest rates are as follows:

	Unaudited 30 September 2021		Audited 31 December 2020	
	Amount (Million)	Interest rate (per annum)	Amount (Million)	Interest rate (per annum)
USD bank borrowings	USD1,500	LIBOR + 0.45% ~ 0.50%	USD1,400	LIBOR + 0.45% ~ 0.50%
HKD bank borrowings	–	–	HKD171	HIBOR+ 0.90% ~ 3.90%
RMB bank borrowings	RMB12,926	2.50% ~ 5.10%	RMB4,179	3.55% ~ 5.22%

## 15 Notes payable

	Unaudited 30 September 2021 RMB'Million	Audited 31 December 2020 RMB'Million
<b>Included in non-current liabilities:</b>		
Non-current portion of long-term USD notes payable	<b>148,077</b>	122,057

Note:

The aggregate principal amounts of USD notes payable were USD22,950 million (31 December 2020: USD18,800 million). Applicable interest rates were at 1.375% to 4.70% and 3-month USD LIBOR + 0.605% to 0.910% (31 December 2020: 1.375% to 4.70% and 3-month USD LIBOR + 0.605% to 0.910%) per annum.

All of these notes payable issued by the Group were unsecured.

In April 2021, the Company issued four tranches of senior notes under the Global Medium Term Note Programme with an aggregate principal amount of USD4.15 billion from 10 years to 40 years, with interest rate ranging from 2.88% to 3.94%.

## **16 Business combination**

### **Privatisation of Sogou**

On 23 September 2021, the Group completed the privatisation of Sogou, an existing listed associate (NYSE: SOGO; with equity interests held of approximately 39%) of the Group, at a cash consideration of approximately USD2,135 million (equivalent to approximately RMB13,812 million) for all of the remaining interest (“Privatisation”). As a result of the Privatisation, Sogou became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group. The existing equity interest (of approximately 39%) held under investment in an associate was re-measured to fair value and resulted in step up gains of approximately RMB3,807 million.

Goodwill of approximately RMB10,978 million was recognised as a result of the transaction. It was mainly attributable to the operating synergies and economies of scale expected to be derived from combining the operations. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for income tax purpose.

The Group’s revenue for the nine months ended 30 September 2021 would be increased by not more than 5% and results for the nine months ended 30 September 2021 would not be materially different should the transaction have occurred on 1 January 2021.

The related transaction costs of the transaction are not material to the Group’s consolidated financial information.

## **17 Events occurring after the reporting period**

There were no material subsequent events during the period from 1 October 2021 to the approval date of these financial statements.

## OTHER INFORMATION

### Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

During the three months ended 30 September 2021, the Company repurchased 5,581,800 shares on the Stock Exchange for an aggregate consideration of approximately HKD2,598.8 million before expenses. The repurchased shares were subsequently cancelled. The repurchase was effected by the Board for the enhancement of shareholder value in the long term. Details of the shares repurchased are as follows:

Month of purchase in the three months ended 30 September 2021	No. of shares purchased	Purchase consideration per share		Aggregate consideration paid HKD
		Highest price paid HKD	Lowest price paid HKD	
August	1,332,600	478.20	412.60	596,186,676
September	<u>4,249,200</u>	516.00	443.40	<u>2,002,589,555</u>
Total	<u><u>5,581,800</u></u>			<u><u>2,598,776,231</u></u>

Save as disclosed above and in the “Financial Information” section, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the three months ended 30 September 2021.

### Employee and Remuneration Policies

As at 30 September 2021, the Group had 107,348 employees (30 September 2020: 77,592). The number of employees employed by the Group varies from time to time depending on needs and employees are remunerated based on industry practice.

The remuneration policy and package of the Group's employees are periodically reviewed. Apart from pension funds and in-house training programmes, discretionary bonuses, share awards and share options may be awarded to employees according to the assessment of individual performance.

The total remuneration cost incurred by the Group for the three months ended 30 September 2021 was RMB25,963 million (for the three months ended 30 September 2020: RMB17,703 million).

## **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee, together with the Auditor, has reviewed the Group's unaudited Interim Financial Information for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021. The Audit Committee has also reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, risk management, internal control and financial reporting matters.

## **Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code**

Save as disclosed in the 2021 interim report and the corporate governance report in the 2020 annual report of the Company, none of the directors of the Company is aware of any information which would reasonably indicate that the Company has not complied with the code provisions as set out in the CG Code during the period from 1 July 2021 to 30 September 2021.

As to the deviation from code provisions A.2.1 and A.4.2 of the CG Code, the Board will continue to review the current structure from time to time and shall make necessary changes when appropriate and inform the shareholders accordingly.

## APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our heartfelt appreciation to our staff and management team for their dedication and contribution to accomplish our corporate mission statement of “Value for Users, Tech for Good”. Further, I would like to extend our gratitude to all our shareholders and stakeholders for the unwavering support and trust in us throughout this period. Through our products and services, we will continue to strive towards building a sustainable ecosystem in the Consumer Internet and Industrial Internet sectors, contributing more to the common good and value in our society.

By Order of the Board  
**Ma Huateng**  
*Chairman*

Hong Kong, 10 November 2021

*As at the date of this announcement, the directors of the Company are:*

*Executive Directors:*

Ma Huateng and Lau Chi Ping Martin;

*Non-Executive Directors:*

Jacobus Petrus (Koo) Bekker and Charles St Leger Searle; and

*Independent Non-Executive Directors:*

Li Dong Sheng, Ian Charles Stone, Yang Siu Shun and Ke Yang.

*This announcement contains forward-looking statements relating to the business outlook, estimates of financial performance, forecast business plans and growth strategies of the Group. These forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to the Group and are stated herein on the basis of the outlook at the time of this announcement. They are based on certain expectations, assumptions and premises, some of which are subjective or beyond our control. These forward-looking statements may prove to be incorrect and may not be realised in the future. Underlying these forward-looking statements are a lot of risks and uncertainties. In light of the risks and uncertainties, the inclusion of forward-looking statements in this announcement should not be regarded as representations by the Board or the Company that the plans and objectives will be achieved, and investors should not place undue reliance on such statements.*

## DEFINITION

In this announcement, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

<b>Term</b>	<b>Definition</b>
“2021 AGM”	the annual general meeting of the Company held on 20 May 2021
“AI”	artificial intelligence
“AR”	augmented reality
“Audit Committee”	the audit committee of the Company
“Auditor”	PricewaterhouseCoopers, the auditor of the Company
“Bitauto”	Bitauto Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability, which became a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company following completion of its privatisation in November 2020
“Board”	the board of directors of the Company
“CG Code”	the corporate governance code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules
“Company”	Tencent Holdings Limited, a limited liability company organised and existing under the laws of the Cayman Islands and the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange
“CRM”	Customer Relationship Management
“DAU”	daily active user accounts
“DnF”	Dungeon and Fighter
“Domestic Games”	for the purpose of preparing financial and operating information, Domestic Games refers to our games business in the PRC, excluding the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, the Macao Special Administrative Region and Taiwan
“EBITDA”	earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation



“EPS”	earnings per share
“EUR”	the lawful currency of the European Union
“FinTech”	financial technology
“FVOCI”	financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
“FVPL”	financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
“Group”	the Company and its subsidiaries
“HIBOR”	Hong Kong InterBank Offered Rate
“HKD”	the lawful currency of Hong Kong
“Hong Kong”	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, the PRC
“IAS”	International Accounting Standards
“IFRS”	International Financial Reporting Standards
“International Games”	for the purpose of preparing financial and operating information, International Games refers to our games business other than our Domestic Games business
“IP”	intellectual property
“IPO”	initial public offering
“JPY”	the lawful currency of Japan
“LIBOR”	London InterBank Offered Rate
“Listing Rules”	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange
“M&A”	mergers and acquisitions
“MAU”	monthly active user accounts
“Minors”	players who are aged under 18

“PaaS”	Platform-as-a-Service
“PC”	personal computer
“PvE”	player versus environment
“Post-IPO Option Scheme I”	the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 24 March 2004
“Post-IPO Option Scheme II”	the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 16 May 2007
“Post-IPO Option Scheme III”	the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 13 May 2009
“Post-IPO Option Scheme IV”	the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 17 May 2017
“PRC” or “China”	the People’s Republic of China
“PRC CIT”	PRC corporate income tax as defined in the “Corporate Income Tax Law of the People’s Republic of China”
“Pre-IPO Option Scheme”	the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 27 July 2001
“R&D”	research and development
“RMB”	the lawful currency of the PRC
“SaaS”	Software-as-a-Service
“Share Award Schemes”	the share award scheme adopted by the Company on 13 December 2007, the share award scheme adopted by the Company on 13 November 2013, and the share award scheme adopted by the Company on 25 November 2019, as amended from time to time

“Sogou”	Sogou Inc., a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability, which became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company following completion of its privatisation in September 2021
“Stock Exchange”	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
“TDSQL”	Tencent Database SQL
“TME”	Tencent Music Entertainment Group, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company which is incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and the shares of which are listed on the New York Stock Exchange
“UGC”	User Generated Content
“United States”	the United States of America
“USD”	the lawful currency of the United States
“VAS”	value-added services

## APPENDIX II

### RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN THE ISSUER'S BUSINESS

*This section supersedes in its entirety the section in the Base Listing Document entitled "Information Relating to UBS AG".*

#### 1. Overview

UBS AG ("**Issuer**") with its subsidiaries (together, "**UBS AG consolidated**", or "**UBS AG Group**"; together with UBS Group AG, which is the holding company of UBS AG, and its subsidiaries, "**UBS Group**", "**Group**", "**UBS**" or "**UBS Group AG consolidated**") provides financial advice and solutions to private, institutional and corporate clients worldwide, as well as private clients in Switzerland. The operational structure of the Group is comprised of the Group Functions and four business divisions: Global Wealth Management, Personal & Corporate Banking, Asset Management and the Investment Bank. UBS articulated its statement of purpose as reimagining the power of investing and connecting people for a better world. UBS will aim to deliver a client experience that is personalized, relevant, on-time (the client sets the speed and can act on opportunities anytime and anywhere), and seamless (simple seamless and intuitive interaction between UBS and its clients). UBS also defined five strategic imperatives: Clients, Connections, Contributors – delivering the power of investing; Focus – play where UBS is positioned to win; Technology – make technology UBS's differentiator; Simplification and efficiency – increase ease of doing businesses and enable UBS's journey; Culture – mobilize employees behind UBS's future vision and to act as one firm.

On 31 December 2021, UBS Group's common equity tier 1 ("**CET1**") capital ratio was 15.0%, the CET1 leverage ratio was 4.24%, the total loss-absorbing capacity ratio was 34.7%, and the total loss-absorbing capacity leverage ratio was 9.8%.<sup>1</sup> On the same date, invested assets stood at USD 4,596 billion, equity attributable to shareholders was USD 60,662 million and market capitalisation was USD 61,230 million. On the same date, UBS employed 71,385 people.<sup>2</sup> This information has been extracted from the UBS fourth quarter 2021 report published on 1 February 2022 (the "**Fourth Quarter 2021 Report**") and therefore it is unaudited and subject to completion of year-end procedures. Refer to section 7.3 "Interim Financial Information" for more information.

On 31 December 2021, UBS AG consolidated CET1 capital ratio was 13.9%, the CET1 leverage ratio was 3.90%, the total loss-absorbing capacity ratio was 33.3%, and the total loss-absorbing capacity leverage ratio was 9.3%.<sup>1</sup> On the same date, invested assets stood at USD 4,596 billion and equity attributable to UBS AG shareholders was USD 58,102 million. On the same date, UBS AG Group employed 47,067 people.<sup>2</sup> This information has been extracted from the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report and therefore it is unaudited and it is subject to completion of year-end procedures. Refer to section 7.3 "Interim Financial Information" for more information.

The rating agencies S&P Global Ratings Europe Limited ("**S&P**"), Moody's Deutschland GmbH ("**Moody's**"), and Fitch Ratings Limited ("**Fitch**") have published solicited credit ratings reflecting their assessment of the creditworthiness of UBS AG, i.e. its ability to fulfil in a timely manner payment obligations, such as principal or interest payments on long-term loans, also known as debt servicing. The ratings from Fitch and S&P may be attributed a plus or minus sign, and those from Moody's a number. These supplementary attributes indicate the relative position within the respective rating class. UBS AG has a long-term counterparty credit rating of A+ from S&P, long-term senior debt

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<sup>1</sup> All figures based on the Swiss systemically relevant bank framework. Refer to the "Capital management" section of the Annual Report 2020 and of the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report for more information.

<sup>2</sup> Full-time equivalents.

rating of Aa3 from Moody's, and long-term issuer default rating of AA- from Fitch.

An explanation of the significance of ratings may be obtained from the rating agencies. Generally, rating agencies base their ratings on such material and information, and such of their own investigations, studies and assumptions, as they deem appropriate. The ratings of UBS AG should be evaluated independently from similar ratings of other entities, and from the rating, if any, of its securities. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities issued or guaranteed by the rated entity and may be subject to review, revision, suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. Fitch is established in the UK and registered under Regulation (EU) No 1060/2009 as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA (the "**UK CRA Regulation**") and currently appears on the list of credit rating agencies registered or certified with the Financial Conduct Authority published on its website [www.fca.org.uk/markets/credit-rating-agencies/registered-certified-cras](http://www.fca.org.uk/markets/credit-rating-agencies/registered-certified-cras). Ratings given by Fitch are endorsed by Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited, which is established in the EEA and registered under Regulation (EU) No 1060/2009, as amended (the "**EU CRA Regulation**") and currently appears on the list of credit ratings agencies published by ESMA on its website [www.esma.europa.eu](http://www.esma.europa.eu) in accordance with the EU CRA Regulation. S&P and Moody's are established in the European Union and registered under the EU CRA Regulation and currently appear on the list of credit ratings agencies published by ESMA on its website in accordance with the EU CRA Regulation. Ratings given by S&P and Moody's are endorsed by Standard & Poor's Global Ratings UK Limited and Moody's Investors Service Ltd, respectively, which are established in the UK and registered under the UK CRA Regulation and currently appear on the list of credit rating agencies registered or certified with the FCA published on its website.

No profit forecasts or estimates are included in this document.

No recent events particular to the Issuer have occurred which are to a material extent relevant to the evaluation of the Issuer's solvency.

## **2. Information about the Issuer**

### **2.1 Corporate Information**

The legal and commercial name of the Issuer is UBS AG.

The Issuer was incorporated under the name SBC AG on 28 February 1978 for an unlimited duration and entered in the Commercial Register of Canton Basel-City on that day. On 8 December 1997, the Issuer changed its name to UBS AG. The Issuer in its present form was created on 29 June 1998 by the merger of Union Bank of Switzerland (founded 1862) and Swiss Bank Corporation (founded 1872). UBS AG is entered in the Commercial Registers of Canton Zurich and Canton Basel-City. The registration number is CHE-101.329.561.

UBS AG is incorporated and domiciled in Switzerland and operates under the Swiss Code of Obligations as an Aktiengesellschaft, a corporation limited by shares. UBS AG's Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) code is BFM8T61CT2L1QCCEMIK50.

According to article 2 of the articles of association of UBS AG dated 26 April 2018 ("**Articles of Association**"), the purpose of UBS AG is the operation of a bank. Its scope of operations extends to all types of banking, financial, advisory, trading and service activities in Switzerland and abroad. UBS AG may establish branches and representative offices as well as banks, finance companies and other enterprises of any kind in Switzerland and abroad, hold equity interests in these companies, and conduct their management. UBS AG is authorized to acquire, mortgage and sell real estate and building rights in Switzerland and abroad. UBS AG may borrow and invest money on the capital markets. UBS AG is part of the group of companies controlled by the group parent company UBS Group AG. It may promote the interests of the group parent company or other group companies. It may provide loans, guarantees and other kinds of financing and security for group companies.

The addresses and telephone numbers of UBS AG's two registered offices and principal places of business are: Bahnhofstrasse 45, CH-8001 Zurich, Switzerland, telephone +41 44 234 1111; and Aeschenvorstadt 1, CH-4051 Basel, Switzerland, telephone +41 61 288 5050.

## **2.2 UBS's borrowing and funding structure and financing of UBS's activities**

For information on UBS's expected financing of its business activities, please refer to "*Liquidity and funding management*" in the "*Capital, liquidity and funding, and balance sheet*" section of the Annual Report 2020 and in the "*Risk, capital, liquidity and funding, and balance sheet*" section of the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report.

## **3. Business Overview**

### **3.1 Organisational Structure of the Issuer**

UBS AG is a Swiss bank and the parent company of the UBS AG Group. It is 100% owned by UBS Group AG, which is the holding company of the UBS Group. UBS operates as a group with four business divisions and Group Functions.

In 2014, UBS began adapting its legal entity structure in response to too-big-to-fail requirements and other regulatory initiatives. First, UBS Group AG was established as the ultimate parent holding company for the Group. In 2015, UBS AG transferred its personal & corporate banking and Swiss-booked wealth management businesses to the newly established UBS Switzerland AG, a banking subsidiary of UBS AG in Switzerland. That same year, UBS Business Solutions AG, a wholly owned subsidiary of UBS Group AG, was established and acts as the Group service company. In 2016, UBS Americas Holding LLC became the intermediate holding company for UBS's US subsidiaries and UBS's wealth management subsidiaries across Europe were merged into UBS Europe SE, UBS's German-headquartered European subsidiary. In 2019, UBS Limited, UBS's UK headquartered subsidiary, was merged into UBS Europe SE.

UBS Group AG's interests in subsidiaries and other entities as of 31 December 2020, including interests in significant subsidiaries, are discussed in "Note 28 Interests in subsidiaries and other entities" to the UBS Group AG's consolidated financial statements included in the UBS Group AG and UBS AG Annual Report 2020 published on 05 March 2021 ("**Annual Report 2020**").

UBS AG's interests in subsidiaries and other entities as of 31 December 2020, including interests in significant subsidiaries, are discussed in "Note 28 Interests in subsidiaries and other entities" to the UBS AG's consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report 2020.

UBS AG is the parent company of, and conducts a significant portion of its operations through, its subsidiaries. UBS AG has contributed a significant portion of its capital and provides substantial liquidity to subsidiaries. In addition, UBS Business Solutions AG provides substantial services to group companies including UBS AG and its subsidiaries. To this extent, UBS AG is dependent on certain of the entities of the UBS AG Group and of the UBS Group.

### **3.2 Principal activities**

UBS businesses are organised globally into four business divisions: Global Wealth Management, Personal & Corporate Banking, Asset Management, and the Investment Bank. All four business divisions are supported by Group Functions. Each of the business divisions and Group Functions are described below. A description of the businesses, organisational structures, products and services and targeted markets of the business divisions and Group Functions can be found under "*Our businesses*" in the "*Our strategy, business model and environment*" section of the Annual Report 2020.

- *Global Wealth Management* provides investment advice and solutions, as well as lending solutions, to private clients, in particular in the ultra high net worth and high net worth segments. The business is managed globally across the regions.
- Personal & Corporate Banking provides comprehensive financial products and services to private, corporate and institutional clients, operating across all banking markets in Switzerland.
- Asset Management is a large-scale and diversified global asset manager. It offers investment capabilities and styles across all major traditional and alternative asset classes, as well as advisory support to institutions, wholesale intermediaries and wealth management clients globally.
- The Investment Bank provides a range of services to institutional, corporate and wealth management clients globally, to help them raise capital, grow their businesses, invest and manage risks. Offerings include advisory services, capital markets, cash and derivatives trading across equities and fixed income and financing.
- Group Functions – formerly named Corporate Center, is made up of the following major areas: Group Services (which consists of Technology, Corporate Services, Human Resources, Operations, Finance, Legal, Risk Control, Research and Analytics, Compliance, Regulatory & Governance, Communications & Branding and UBS in Society), Group Treasury and Non-core and Legacy Portfolio.

### **3.3 Competition**

The financial services industry is characterized by intense competition, continuous innovation, restrictive, detailed, and sometimes fragmented regulation and ongoing consolidation. UBS faces competition at the level of local markets and individual business lines, and from global financial institutions that are comparable to UBS in their size and breadth. Barriers to entry in individual markets and pricing levels are being eroded by new technology. UBS expects these trends to continue and competition to increase.

Any statements regarding the competitive position of UBS AG, UBS AG Group or the Group contained in this document are made on the basis of the opinion of UBS AG or the Group.

### **3.4 Recent Developments**

#### *3.4.1 UBS AG consolidated key figures*

UBS AG derived the selected consolidated financial information included in the table below for the years ended 31 December 2020, 2019 and 2018 from the Annual Report 2020, except where noted. The selected consolidated financial information included in the table below for the year ended 31 December 2021 was derived from the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report.

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). In preparing the unaudited financial information included in the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report, the same accounting policies and methods of computation have been applied as described in the UBS AG consolidated financial statements within the Annual Report 2020, except for the changes described in "Note 1 Basis of accounting" in the "Consolidated financial statements" sections of UBS AG's first, second and third quarter 2021 reports. UBS AG has not finalized its annual report 2021 and its independent registered public accounting firm has not completed its audit of the consolidated financial statements for the period. Accordingly, the UBS AG financial information available in Fourth Quarter 2021 Report is subject to completion of year-end procedures, which may result in changes to that information.

Information for the years ended 31 December 2020, 2019, and 2018 which is indicated as being unaudited in the table below was included in the Annual Report 2020, but has not been audited on the basis that the respective disclosures are not required under IFRS, and therefore are not part of the audited financial statements. Prospective investors should read the whole of this document, the Annual Report 2020 and the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report and should not rely solely on the summarized information set out below.

	<i>As of or for the year ended</i>	As of or for the year ended		
<i>USD million, except where indicated</i>	31.12.21	31.12.20	31.12.19	31.12.18
	<i>unaudited</i>	<i>audited, except where indicated</i>		
<b>Results</b>				
<b>Income statement</b>				
Operating income	35,976	32,780	29,307	30,642
Net interest income <sup>1</sup>		5,788	4,415	4,971
Net fee and commission income <sup>1</sup>		19,207	17,460	17,930
Credit loss (expense) / release <sup>1</sup>		(695)	(78)	(117)
Other net income from financial instruments measured at fair value <sup>1</sup> through profit or loss <sup>1</sup>		6,930	6,833	6,953
Operating expenses	27,012	25,081	24,138	25,184
Operating profit / (loss) before tax	8,964	7,699	5,169	5,458
Net profit / (loss) attributable to shareholders	7,032	6,196	3,965	4,107
<b>Balance sheet</b>				
Total assets	1,116,145	1,125,327	971,927	958,066
Total financial liabilities measured at amortized cost <sup>1</sup>		732,364	617,429	612,174
<i>of which: customer deposits <sup>1</sup></i>		527,929	450,591	421,986
<i>of which: debt issued measured at amortized cost <sup>1</sup></i>		85,351	62,835	91,245
<i>of which: subordinated debt <sup>1, 2</sup></i>		7,744	7,431	7,511
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss <sup>1</sup>		325,080	291,452	283,717
<i>of which: debt issued designated at fair value <sup>1</sup></i>		59,868	66,592	57,031
Loans and advances to customers <sup>1</sup>		380,977	327,992	321,482
Total equity <sup>1</sup>		58,073	53,896	52,400
Equity attributable to shareholders	58,102	57,754	53,722	52,224
<b>Profitability and growth</b>				
Return on equity (%) <sup>3</sup>	12.3	10.9*	7.4*	7.9*
Return on tangible equity (%) <sup>4</sup>	13.9	12.4*	8.5*	9.1*
Return on common equity tier 1 capital (%) <sup>5</sup>	17.6	16.6*	11.3*	11.9*
Return on risk-weighted assets, gross (%) <sup>6</sup>	12.3	11.9*	11.2*	12.0*
Return on leverage ratio denominator, gross (%) <sup>7, 8</sup>	3.4	3.4*	3.2*	3.4*
Cost / income ratio (%) <sup>9</sup>	75.4	74.9*	82.1*	81.9*
Net profit growth (%) <sup>10</sup>	13.5	56.3*	(3.4)*	441.9*



<b>Resources</b>				
Common equity tier 1 capital <sup>11</sup>	41,594	38,181	35,233*	34,562*
Risk-weighted assets <sup>11</sup>	299,005	286,743*	257,831*	262,840*
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio (%) <sup>11</sup>	13.9	13.3*	13.7*	13.2*
Going concern capital ratio (%) <sup>11</sup>	18.5	18.3*	18.3*	16.1*
Total loss-absorbing capacity ratio (%) <sup>11</sup>	33.3	34.2*	33.9*	31.3*
Leverage ratio denominator <sup>7, 11</sup>	1,067,679	1,036,771*	911,228*	904,455*
Common equity tier 1 leverage ratio (%) <sup>7, 11</sup>	3.90	3.68*	3.87*	3.82*
Going concern leverage ratio (%) <sup>7, 11</sup>	5.2	5.1*	5.2*	4.7*
Total loss-absorbing capacity leverage ratio (%) <sup>11</sup>	9.3	9.5*	9.6*	9.1*
<b>Other</b>				
Invested assets (USD billion) <sup>12</sup>	4,596	4,187	3,607	3,101
Personnel (full-time equivalents)	47,067	47,546*	47,005*	47,643*

\* unaudited

<sup>1</sup> The information for the full year 2021 will only be available with the publication of the UBS Group AG and UBS AG annual report 2021 on 7 March 2022.

<sup>2</sup> Amount as of 31 December 2018 is derived from the Annual Report 2019.

<sup>3</sup> Calculated as net profit attributable to shareholders (annualized as applicable) divided by average equity attributable to shareholders. This measure provides information about the profitability of the business in relation to equity.

<sup>4</sup> Calculated as net profit attributable to shareholders (annualized as applicable) divided by average equity attributable to shareholders less average goodwill and intangible assets. This measure provides information about the profitability of the business in relation to tangible equity.

<sup>5</sup> Calculated as net profit attributable to shareholders (annualized as applicable) divided by average common equity tier 1 capital. This measure provides information about the profitability of the business in relation to common equity tier 1 capital.

<sup>6</sup> Calculated as operating income before credit loss expense or release (annualized as applicable) divided by average risk-weighted assets. This measure provides information about the revenues of the business in relation to risk-weighted assets.

<sup>7</sup> Leverage ratio denominator and leverage ratios for the respective period in 2020 do not reflect the effects of the temporary exemption that applied from 25 March 2020 until 1 January 2021 and was granted by FINMA in connection with COVID-19. Refer to the "Regulatory and legal developments" section of the Annual Report 2020 for more information.

<sup>8</sup> Calculated as operating income before credit loss expense or release (annualized as applicable) divided by average leverage ratio denominator. This measure provides information about the revenues of the business in relation to leverage ratio denominator.

<sup>9</sup> Calculated as operating expenses divided by operating income before credit loss expense or release. This measure provides information about the efficiency of the business by comparing operating expenses with gross income.

<sup>10</sup> Calculated as change in net profit attributable to shareholders from continuing operations between current and comparison periods divided by net profit attributable to shareholders from continuing operations of comparison period. This measure provides information about profit growth in comparison with the prior-year period.

<sup>11</sup> Based on the applicable Swiss systemically relevant bank framework as of 1 January 2020.

<sup>12</sup> Consists of invested assets for Global Wealth Management, Asset Management and Personal & Corporate Banking. Calculated as the sum of managed fund assets, managed institutional assets, discretionary and advisory wealth management portfolios, fiduciary deposits, time deposits, savings accounts, and wealth management securities or brokerage accounts. This measure provides information about the volume of client assets managed by or deposited with UBS for investment purposes.

### 3.4.2 Accounting, regulatory, legal and other developments

Refer to the "Recent developments" and the "Credit risk" sections of the UBS Group First Quarter 2021 Report, the UBS Group Second Quarter 2021 Report, the UBS Group Third Quarter 2021 Report and the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report, as well as the "Regulatory and legal developments" in the "Our strategy, business model and environment" section of the Annual Report 2020, for information on key accounting, regulatory, legal and other developments.

### 3.5 Trend Information

For information on trends, refer to the "Outlook" statement in the "Group performance" section of the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report and to the "Our environment" section of the Annual Report 2020. In addition, please refer to the "Risk factors" and the "Recent Developments" sections of this document for more information.

## 4. Administrative, Management and Supervisory Bodies of the Issuer

UBS AG complies with all relevant Swiss legal and regulatory corporate governance requirements. As a foreign private issuer with debt securities listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), UBS AG also complies with the relevant NYSE corporate governance standards applicable to foreign private issuers.

UBS AG operates under a strict dual board structure, as mandated by Swiss banking law. The Board of Directors ("**BoD**") exercises the ultimate supervision over management, whereas the Executive Board ("**EB**"), headed by the President of the Executive Board ("**President of the EB**"), has executive management responsibility. The functions of Chairman of the BoD and President of the EB are assigned to two different people, ensuring a separation of power. This structure establishes checks and balances and preserves the institutional independence of the BoD from the day-to-day management of UBS AG, for which responsibility is delegated to the EB under the leadership of the President of the EB. No member of one board may simultaneously be a member of the other.

Supervision and control of the EB remain with the BoD. The authorities and responsibilities of the two bodies are governed by the Articles of Association and the Organization Regulations of UBS AG with their annexes.

### 4.1 Board of Directors

The BoD consists of at least five and no more than twelve members. All the members of the BoD are elected individually by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders ("**AGM**") for a term of office of one year, which expires after the completion of the next AGM. Shareholders also elect the Chairman upon proposal of the BoD.

The BoD meets as often as business requires, and at least six times a year.

#### 4.1.1 Members of the Board of Directors

The current members of the BoD are listed below. In addition, UBS announced that at the next AGM Colm Kelleher will be nominated for election to the BoD as Chairman and Lukas Gähwiler will be nominated for election to the BoD as Vice Chairman.

Member	Title	Term of office	Current principal activities outside UBS AG
Axel A. Weber	Chairman	2022	Chairman of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; vice chairman of the Swiss Bankers Association; Trustees Board member of Avenir Suisse; board member of the Swiss Finance Council; chairman of the board of the Institute of International Finance; member

			of the European Financial Services Round Table; member of the European Banking Group; member of the International Advisory Councils of the China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission and the China Securities Regulatory Commission; member of the International Advisory Panel, Monetary Authority of Singapore; member of the Group of Thirty, Washington, D.C.; Advisory Board member of the Department of Economics, University of Zurich; member of the Trilateral Commission.
Jeremy Anderson	Vice Chairman	2022	Vice-Chairman and Senior Independent Director of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; board member of Prudential plc; trustee of the UK's Productivity Leadership Group; trustee of Kingham Hill Trust; trustee of St. Helen Bishopsgate.
Claudia Böckstiegel	Member	2022	Member of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; General Counsel and member of the Enlarged Executive Committee of Roche Holding AG.
William C. Dudley	Member	2022	Member of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; member of the board of Treliant LLC; senior advisor to the Griswold Center for Economic Policy Studies at Princeton University; member of the Group of Thirty; member of the Council on Foreign Relations; chair of the Bretton Woods Committee board of directors; member of the board of the Council for Economic Education.
Patrick Firmenich	Member	2022	Member of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; chairman of the board of Firmenich International SA; member of the board of Jacobs Holding AG; member of the Board of INSEAD and INSEAD World Foundation; member of the Advisory Council of the Swiss Board Institute.
Reto Francioni	Member	2022	Member of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; professor at the University of Basel; board member of Coca-Cola HBC AG (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director, chair of the nomination committee); chairman of the board of Swiss International Air Lines AG; board member of economiesuisse.
Fred Hu	Member	2022	Member of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; non-executive chairman of the board of Yum China Holdings (chair of the nomination and governance committee); board member of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China; chairman of Primavera Capital Ltd and of Primavera Capital Group; member of the Board of Ant Group; board member of Minsheng Financial Leasing Co.; trustee of the China Medical Board; Governor of the Chinese International School in Hong Kong; co-chairman of the Nature Conservancy

			Asia Pacific Council; member of the Board of Trustees of the Institute for Advanced Studies (IAS).
Mark Hughes	Member	2022	Member of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; chair of the Board of Directors of the Global Risk Institute; visiting lecturer at the University of Leeds; senior advisor to McKinsey & Company.
Nathalie Rachou	Member	2022	Member of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; member of the board of Euronext N.V. (chair of the remuneration committee); member of the board of Veolia Environnement SA (chair of the audit committee); member of the board of the African Financial Institutions Investment Platform.
Julie G. Richardson	Member	2022	Member of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; member of the board of Yext (chair of the audit committee); member of the board of Datalog (chair of the audit committee).
Dieter Wemmer	Member	2022	Member of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; board member of Ørsted A/S (chair of the audit and risk committee); chairman of Marco Capital Holdings Limited and Marco Insurance, Malta; member of the Berlin Center of Corporate Governance.
Jeanette Wong	Member	2022	Member of the Board of Directors of UBS Group AG; member of the board of Prudential plc; member of the board of Singapore Airlines Limited; member of the Board Risk Committee of GIC Pte Ltd; board member of Jurong Town Corporation; board member of PSA International; chairman of the CareShield Life Council; member of the Securities Industry Council; member of the Board of Trustees of the National University of Singapore.

#### 4.1.2 Organisational principles and structure

Following each AGM, the BoD meets to appoint one or more Vice Chairmen, BoD committee members (other than the Compensation Committee members, who are elected by the shareholders), and their respective Chairpersons. At the same meeting, the BoD appoints a Company Secretary, who acts as secretary to the BoD and its committees.

The BoD permanent committees comprise the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Risk Committee. The BoD may set up other committees, including so-called ad hoc committees, if it deems such other committees appropriate or necessary, such as the Special Committee and the Strategy Committee.

#### 4.2 Executive Board (“EB”)

Under the leadership of the President of the EB, the EB has executive management responsibility for UBS AG and its business. All EB members (with the exception of the President of the EB) are proposed by the President of the EB. The appointments are made by the BoD.

#### 4.2.1 Members of the Executive Board

The current members of the EB are listed below. In addition, UBS announced that Sarah Youngwood will join the GEB at the beginning of March 2022 and take over as Group Chief Financial Officer in May succeeding Kirt Gardner, who will retire from the firm.

<b>Member and business address</b>	<b>Function</b>	<b>Current principal activities outside UBS AG</b>
Ralph Hamers  UBS AG, Bahnhofstrasse 45, CH-8001 Zurich	President of the Executive Board	Member of the Group Executive Board and Group Chief Executive Officer of UBS Group AG; member of the Board of the Swiss-American Chamber of Commerce; member of the Institut International D'Etudes Bancaires; member of the IMD Foundation Board; member of the McKinsey Advisory Council; member of the World Economic Forum International Business Council; Governor of the World Economic Forum (Financial Services).
Christian Bluhm  UBS AG, Bahnhofstrasse 45, CH-8001 Zurich	Chief Risk Officer	Member of the Group Executive Board and Group Chief Risk Officer of UBS Group AG; board member of UBS Switzerland AG; member of the Foundation Board of the UBS Pension Fund; member of the Foundation Board – International Financial Risk Institute.
Mike Dargan  UBS AG, Bahnhofstrasse 45, CH-8001 Zurich	Chief Digital and Information Officer	Member of the Group Executive Board and Chief Digital and Information Officer of UBS Group AG; President of the Executive Board and board member of UBS Business Solutions AG; member of the Board of Directors of Done Next Holdings AG; member of the Board of Trustees of the Inter-Community School Zurich.
Kirt Gardner  UBS AG, Bahnhofstrasse 45, CH-8001 Zurich	Chief Financial Officer	Member of the Group Executive Board and Group Chief Financial Officer of UBS Group AG; board member of UBS Business Solutions AG.
Suni Harford  UBS AG, 1285 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019 USA	President Asset Management	Member of the Executive Board and President Asset Management of UBS Group AG; chairman of the Board of Directors of UBS Asset Management AG; chair of the Board of UBS Optimus Foundation; member of the Leadership Council of the Bob Woodruff Foundation.
Robert Karofsky  UBS AG, 1285	President Investment Bank	Member of the Group Executive Board and President Investment Bank of UBS Group AG; president and board member of UBS Securities LLC; member of the board of UBS Americas

<p>Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019, USA</p>		<p>Holding LLC; member of the board of UBS Optimus Foundation; trustee of the UBS Americas Inc. Political Action Committee.</p>
<p>Iqbal Khan  UBS AG, Bahnhofstrasse 45, CH-8001 Zurich</p>	<p>Co-President Global Wealth Management and President UBS Europe, Middle East and Africa</p>	<p>Member of the Executive Board, co-President Global Wealth Management and President UBS Europe, Middle East and Africa of UBS Group AG; member of the Supervisory Board of UBS Europe SE; member of the board of UBS Optimus Foundation; board member of Room to Read Switzerland.</p>
<p>Edmund Koh  UBS AG, One Raffles Quay North Tower, Singapore 048583</p>	<p>President UBS Asia Pacific</p>	<p>Member of the Group Executive Board and President UBS Asia Pacific of UBS Group AG; member of a sub-committee of the Singapore Ministry of Finance's Committee on the Future Economy; member of the Financial Centre Advisory Panel of the Monetary Authority of Singapore; council member of the Asian Bureau of Finance and Economic Research; member of the Board of Trustees of the Wealth Management Institute, Singapore; board member of Next50 Limited, Singapore; board member of Medico Suites (S) Pte Ltd; Council member of the KidSTART program of the Early Childhood Development Agency Singapore; trustee of the Cultural Matching Fund, Singapore; member of University of Toronto's International Leadership Council for Asia.</p>
<p>Barbara Levi  UBS AG, Bahnhofstrasse 45, CH-8001 Zurich</p>	<p>General Counsel</p>	<p>Member of the Group Executive Board and Group General Counsel of UBS Group AG; member of the Employers' Board of the Global Institute for Women's Leadership, King's College London; member of the Board of Directors of the European General Counsel Association.</p>
<p>Tom Naratil  UBS AG, 1285 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019 USA</p>	<p>Co-President Global Wealth Management and President UBS Americas</p>	<p>Member of the Group Executive Board and co-President Global Wealth Management and President UBS Americas of UBS Group AG; CEO and board member of UBS Americas Holding LLC; board member of the American Swiss Foundation.</p>
<p>Markus Ronner  UBS AG, Bahnhofstrasse 45, CH-8001 Zurich</p>	<p>Chief Compliance and Governance Officer</p>	<p>Member of the Group Executive Board and Group Chief Compliance and Governance Officer of UBS Group AG.</p>

### 4.3 Potential Conflicts of Interest

Members of the BoD and the EB may act as directors or executive officers of other companies (for current principal positions outside UBS AG, if any, of BoD and EB members, please see sections 4.1.1 and 4.2.1 above, respectively) and may have economic or other private interests that differ from those of UBS AG. Conflicts of interest may potentially arise from these positions or interests. For example, it cannot be excluded that a member of the BoD or EB has or will have a function within a company, the shares of which are or will be traded by UBS AG or which has or will have a business relationship with UBS AG. UBS AG is confident that its internal corporate governance practices and its compliance with relevant legal and regulatory provisions reasonably ensure that any conflicts of interest of the type described above are appropriately managed, including through disclosure when appropriate.

Other than as indicated above, UBS is not aware of potential conflicts of interests between any duties to the Issuer of the members of the BoD and the EB and their private interests or other duties.

## 5. Auditors

Based on article 31 of the Articles of Association, UBS AG shareholders elect the auditors for a term of office of one year. At the AGMs of 18 April 2019, 27 April 2020 and 7 April 2021, Ernst & Young Ltd., Aeschengraben 9, CH-4002 Basel, Switzerland ("**Ernst & Young**") was elected as auditor for the consolidated and standalone financial statements of UBS AG for a one-year term.

Ernst & Young is a member of EXPERTsuisse, the Swiss Expert Association for Audit, Tax and Fiduciary. Ernst & Young is also registered with the Swiss Federal Audit Oversight Authority, which is responsible for the licensing and supervision of audit firms and individuals that provide audit services in Switzerland.

## 6. Major Shareholders of the Issuer

UBS Group AG owns 100% of the outstanding shares of UBS AG. UBS AG is a wholly owned subsidiary of UBS Group AG. While UBS has no specific corporate measures intended to prevent abuse of control to the detriment of minority shareholders, UBS has adopted a comprehensive and integrated governance framework which takes into account the specific requirements of each relevant jurisdiction. This governance framework includes separate articles of association and organizational regulations for UBS Group AG and UBS AG. In addition, as UBS AG is regulated as a bank in Switzerland, it is subject to capital regulation and close supervisory oversight. This includes the general requirement under Swiss law that contracts of UBS AG with affiliates are subject to an arm's length principle of negotiation.

## 7. Financial Information concerning the Issuer's Assets and Liabilities, Financial Position and Profits and Losses

### 7.1 Historical Annual Financial Information

Detailed information about UBS AG consolidated and UBS AG assets and liabilities, financial position and profits and losses for financial year 2020 is available in the section "*UBS AG consolidated financial statements*" of the Annual Report 2020 and in the UBS AG's standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the "**Standalone Financial Statements 2020**"), respectively; and for financial year 2019 it is available in the "*UBS AG consolidated financial statements*" section of the UBS Group AG and UBS AG annual report 2019, published on 28 February 2020 ("**Annual Report 2019**") and in the UBS AG's standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 published on 28 February 2020 (the "**Standalone Financial Statements 2019**"). The consolidated and standalone financial accounts are closed on 31 December of each year.

The annual financial reports form an essential part of UBS AG's reporting. They include the audited

consolidated financial statements of UBS AG, prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The annual reports also include discussions and analysis of the consolidated financial and business results of UBS, its business divisions and Group Functions. In addition, UBS AG prepares and publishes standalone financial statements in accordance with Swiss GAAP, as well as certain additional disclosures required under US Securities and Exchange Commission regulations.

## **7.2 Auditing of Historical Annual Financial Information**

The consolidated financial statements and the standalone financial statements of UBS AG for financial years 2020 and 2019 were audited by Ernst & Young. The reports of the auditors on the consolidated financial statements can be found on pages 417-428 (inclusive) of the Annual Report 2020 and on pages 487-497 (inclusive) of the Annual Report 2019. The reports of the auditors on the standalone financial statements of UBS AG can be found on pages 34-39 (inclusive) of the Standalone Financial Statements 2020 and on pages 30-33 (inclusive) of the Standalone Financial Statements 2019.

There are no qualifications in the auditors' reports on the consolidated financial statements of UBS AG and the standalone financial statements of UBS AG for the years ended on 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019.

## **7.3 Interim Financial Information**

Reference is also made to (i) the UBS Group AG first quarter 2021 report published on 27 April 2021 ("**UBS Group First Quarter 2021 Report**"), and the UBS AG first quarter 2021 report published on 30 April 2021 ("**UBS AG First Quarter 2021 Report**"), which contain information on the financial condition and results of operations, including the interim financial statements, of UBS Group AG consolidated and UBS AG consolidated, respectively, as of and for the period ended 31 March 2021; to (ii) the UBS Group AG second quarter 2021 report published on 20 July 2021 ("**UBS Group Second Quarter 2021 Report**") and the UBS AG second quarter 2021 report, published on 23 July 2021 ("**UBS AG Second Quarter 2021 Report**"), which contain information on the financial condition and results of operations, including the interim financial statements, of UBS Group AG consolidated and UBS AG consolidated, respectively, as of and for the period ended 30 June 2021; to (iii) the UBS Group AG third quarter 2021 report published on 26 October 2021 ("**UBS Group Third Quarter 2021 Report**") and the UBS AG third quarter 2021 report, published on 29 October 2021 ("**UBS AG Third Quarter 2021 Report**"), which contain information on the financial condition and results of operations, including the interim financial statements, of UBS Group AG consolidated and UBS AG consolidated, respectively, as of and for the period ended 30 September 2021; and to (iv) the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report, which contains information on the financial condition and results of operations of UBS Group AG consolidated and UBS AG consolidated as of and for the period ended 31 December 2021.

The interim consolidated financial statements of UBS Group AG and UBS AG, contained in the first, second and third quarter 2021 financial reports of UBS Group AG and UBS AG, respectively, and the interim consolidated financial information contained in the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report are not audited and no review report is published. UBS Group has not finalized its annual report 2021 and its independent registered public accounting firm has not completed its audit of the consolidated financial statements for the period. Accordingly, the consolidated financial information contained in the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report is subject to completion of year-end procedures, which may result in changes to that information.



#### **7.4 Litigation, Regulatory and Similar Matters**

UBS operates in a legal and regulatory environment that exposes it to significant litigation and similar risks arising from disputes and regulatory proceedings. As a result, UBS is involved in various disputes and legal proceedings, including litigation, arbitration, and regulatory and criminal investigations. Such matters are subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome and the timing of resolution are often difficult to predict, particularly in the earlier stages of a case. The uncertainties inherent in all such matters affect the amount and timing of any potential outflows for both matters with respect to which provisions have been established and other contingent liabilities. Litigation, regulatory and similar matters may also result in non-monetary penalties and consequences. A guilty plea to, or conviction of, a crime could have material consequences for UBS. Resolution of regulatory proceedings may require UBS to obtain waivers of regulatory disqualifications to maintain certain operations, may entitle regulatory authorities to limit, suspend or terminate licenses and regulatory authorizations and may permit financial market utilities to limit, suspend or terminate UBS's participation in such utilities. Failure to obtain such waivers, or any limitation, suspension or termination of licenses, authorizations or participations, could have material consequences for UBS.

Specific litigation, regulatory and other matters, including all such matters that management considers to be material and others that management believes to be of significance due to potential financial, reputational and other effects, are described in the "Provisions and contingent liabilities" section of the Fourth Quarter 2021 Report. The amount of damages claimed, the size of a transaction or other information is provided where available and appropriate in order to assist users in considering the magnitude of potential exposures.

#### **7.5 Material Contracts**

Except as otherwise disclosed in this document (including the documents incorporated herein by reference), no material contracts have been entered into outside of the ordinary course of UBS AG's or UBS AG Group's business which could result in any member of the UBS AG Group being under an obligation or entitlement that is material to UBS AG's ability to meet its obligations to the investors in relation to the issued securities.

#### **7.6 Significant Changes in the Financial Position and Performance; Material Adverse Change in Prospects**

Except as otherwise indicated in this document (including the documents incorporated herein by reference), no material changes have occurred in UBS AG's assets and liabilities, financial position or profits and losses since 31 December 2021.

#### **8. Share Capital**

As reflected in the Articles of Association most recently registered with the Commercial Register of the Canton of Zurich and the Commercial Register of Basel-City, UBS AG has (i) fully paid and issued share capital of CHF 385,840,846.60, divided into 3,858,408,466 registered shares with a par value of CHF 0.10 each (article 4), and (ii) conditional capital in the amount of CHF 38,000,000, comprising 380,000,000 registered shares with a par value of CHF 0.10 each that can be issued upon the voluntary or mandatory exercise of conversion rights and/or warrants (article 4a).

#### **9. Documents Available**

The most recent Articles of Association of UBS AG are available on UBS's Corporate Governance website, at [www.ubs.com/governance](http://www.ubs.com/governance). Save as otherwise indicated herein, information on or accessible through the Group's corporate website, [www.ubs.com](http://www.ubs.com), does not form part of and is not incorporated into this document.

**APPENDIX III**

**EXTRACT OF  
THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF  
UBS AG AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES  
FOR THE FOURTH QUARTER ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

# UBS Group AG interim consolidated financial information (unaudited)

## Income statement

<i>USD million</i>	For the quarter ended			For the year ended	
	31.12.21	30.9.21	31.12.20	31.12.21	31.12.20
Interest income from financial instruments measured at amortized cost and fair value through other comprehensive income	2,152	2,178	2,111	8,533	8,810
Interest expense from financial instruments measured at amortized cost	(768)	(822)	(857)	(3,259)	(4,247)
Net interest income from financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	387	338	368	1,431	1,299
Net interest income	1,770	1,693	1,622	6,705	5,862
Other net income from financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	1,365	1,697	1,453	5,850	6,960
Credit loss (expense) / release	27	14	(66)	148	(694)
Fee and commission income	6,042	6,119	5,543	24,372	20,961
Fee and commission expense	(513)	(510)	(459)	(1,985)	(1,775)
Net fee and commission income	5,529	5,610	5,084	22,387	19,186
Other income	40	115	24	452	1,076
Total operating income	8,732	9,128	8,117	35,542	32,390
Personnel expenses	4,216	4,598	3,989	18,387	17,224
General and administrative expenses	2,212	1,148	1,515	5,553	4,885
Depreciation, amortization and impairment of non-financial assets	574	518	627	2,118	2,126
Total operating expenses	7,003	6,264	6,132	26,058	24,235
Operating profit / (loss) before tax	1,729	2,865	1,985	9,484	8,155
Tax expense / (benefit)	370	576	341	1,998	1,583
Net profit / (loss)	1,359	2,289	1,645	7,486	6,572
Net profit / (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	11	9	9	29	15
<b>Net profit / (loss) attributable to shareholders</b>	<b>1,348</b>	<b>2,279</b>	<b>1,636</b>	<b>7,457</b>	<b>6,557</b>

## Earnings per share (USD)

Basic	0.39	0.66	0.46	2.14	1.83
Diluted	0.38	0.63	0.44	2.06	1.77

## Statement of comprehensive income

USD million	For the quarter ended			For the year ended	
	31.12.21	30.9.21	31.12.20	31.12.21	31.12.20
<b>Comprehensive income attributable to shareholders<sup>1</sup></b>					
Net profit / (loss)	1,348	2,279	1,636	7,457	6,557
<b>Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to the income statement</b>					
<b>Foreign currency translation</b>					
Foreign currency translation movements related to net assets of foreign operations, before tax	315	(392)	1,143	(1,076)	2,103
Effective portion of changes in fair value of hedging instruments designated as net investment hedges, before tax	(183)	175	(539)	498	(936)
Foreign currency translation differences on foreign operations reclassified to the income statement	0	7	0	(2)	(7)
Effective portion of changes in fair value of hedging instruments designated as net investment hedges reclassified to the income statement	3	0	0	10	2
Income tax relating to foreign currency translations, including the impact of net investment hedges	(24)	53	(52)	35	(67)
Subtotal foreign currency translation, net of tax	111	(156)	552	(535)	1,095
<b>Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>					
Net unrealized gains / (losses), before tax	(49)	(44)	0	(203)	223
Net realized gains / (losses) reclassified to the income statement from equity	0	0	(3)	(9)	(40)
Income tax relating to net unrealized gains / (losses)	13	11	3	55	(48)
Subtotal financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax	(37)	(33)	0	(157)	136
<b>Cash flow hedges of interest rate risk</b>					
Effective portion of changes in fair value of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges, before tax	(250)	(112)	(191)	(992)	2,012
Net (gains) / losses reclassified to the income statement from equity	(269)	(282)	(256)	(1,073)	(770)
Income tax relating to cash flow hedges	98	77	87	390	(231)
Subtotal cash flow hedges, net of tax	(421)	(316)	(360)	(1,675)	1,011
<b>Cost of hedging</b>					
Cost of hedging, before tax	(14)	5	(1)	(32)	(13)
Income tax relating to cost of hedging	6	0	0	6	0
Subtotal cost of hedging, net of tax	(8)	5	(1)	(26)	(13)
<b>Total other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to the income statement, net of tax</b>	<b>(355)</b>	<b>(500)</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>(2,393)</b>	<b>2,230</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to the income statement</b>					
<b>Defined benefit plans</b>					
Gains / (losses) on defined benefit plans, before tax	149	10	37	2	(327)
Income tax relating to defined benefit plans	(25)	(9)	49	(7)	109
Subtotal defined benefit plans, net of tax	124	2	86	(5)	(218)
<b>Own credit on financial liabilities designated at fair value</b>					
Gains / (losses) from own credit on financial liabilities designated at fair value, before tax	55	(98)	(211)	46	(293)
Income tax relating to own credit on financial liabilities designated at fair value	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal own credit on financial liabilities designated at fair value, net of tax	55	(98)	(211)	46	(293)
<b>Total other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to the income statement, net of tax</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>(96)</b>	<b>(126)</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>(511)</b>
<b>Total other comprehensive income</b>	<b>(177)</b>	<b>(596)</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>(2,351)</b>	<b>1,719</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income attributable to shareholders</b>	<b>1,171</b>	<b>1,683</b>	<b>1,701</b>	<b>5,106</b>	<b>8,276</b>
<b>Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests</b>					
Net profit / (loss)	11	9	9	29	15
Total other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to the income statement, net of tax	(4)	(14)	18	(16)	21
<b>Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>(5)</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>					
Net profit / (loss)	1,359	2,289	1,645	7,486	6,572
Other comprehensive income	(181)	(610)	83	(2,367)	1,740
<i>of which: other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to the income statement</i>	<i>(355)</i>	<i>(500)</i>	<i>191</i>	<i>(2,393)</i>	<i>2,230</i>
<i>of which: other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to the income statement</i>	<i>175</i>	<i>(110)</i>	<i>(108)</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>(490)</i>
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>1,178</b>	<b>1,678</b>	<b>1,728</b>	<b>5,119</b>	<b>8,312</b>

<sup>1</sup> Refer to the "Group performance" section of this report for more information.

**Balance sheet**

<i>USD million</i>	31.12.21	30.9.21	31.12.20
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and balances at central banks	192,817	174,478	158,231
Loans and advances to banks	15,480	16,378	15,444
Receivables from securities financing transactions	75,012	74,476	74,210
Cash collateral receivables on derivative instruments	30,514	31,654	32,737
Loans and advances to customers	397,761	390,369	379,528
Other financial assets measured at amortized cost	26,209	27,082	27,194
<b>Total financial assets measured at amortized cost</b>	<b>737,794</b>	<b>714,437</b>	<b>687,345</b>
Financial assets at fair value held for trading	130,821	125,471	125,397
<i>of which: assets pledged as collateral that may be sold or repledged by counterparties</i>	<i>43,397</i>	<i>47,683</i>	<i>47,098</i>
Derivative financial instruments	118,142	121,189	159,617
Brokerage receivables	21,839	20,746	24,659
Financial assets at fair value not held for trading	60,080	60,799	80,364
<b>Total financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>330,882</b>	<b>328,205</b>	<b>390,037</b>
<b>Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>	<b>8,844</b>	<b>8,397</b>	<b>8,258</b>
Investments in associates	1,243	1,188	1,557
Property, equipment and software	12,888	12,827	13,109
Goodwill and intangible assets	6,378	6,401	6,480
Deferred tax assets	8,876	8,830	9,212
Other non-financial assets	10,277	8,489	9,768
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>1,117,182</b>	<b>1,088,773</b>	<b>1,125,765</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Amounts due to banks	13,101	13,292	11,050
Payables from securities financing transactions	5,533	5,256	6,321
Cash collateral payables on derivative instruments	31,798	33,062	37,312
Customer deposits	542,007	517,697	524,605
Debt issued measured at amortized cost	139,155	133,662	139,232
Other financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	9,001	9,569	9,729
<b>Total financial liabilities measured at amortized cost</b>	<b>740,595</b>	<b>712,537</b>	<b>728,250</b>
Financial liabilities at fair value held for trading	31,688	34,650	33,595
Derivative financial instruments	121,309	121,162	161,102
Brokerage payables designated at fair value	44,045	45,557	38,742
Debt issued designated at fair value	73,799	71,898	61,243
Other financial liabilities designated at fair value	30,074	30,248	30,387
<b>Total financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>300,916</b>	<b>303,515</b>	<b>325,069</b>
Provisions	3,518	2,810	2,828
Other non-financial liabilities	11,151	9,359	9,854
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,056,180</b>	<b>1,028,221</b>	<b>1,066,000</b>
<b>Equity</b>			
Share capital	322	322	338
Share premium	15,928	15,828	16,753
Treasury shares	(4,675)	(3,847)	(4,068)
Retained earnings	43,851	42,330	38,776
Other comprehensive income recognized directly in equity, net of tax	5,236	5,586	7,647
<b>Equity attributable to shareholders</b>	<b>60,662</b>	<b>60,219</b>	<b>59,445</b>
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	340	333	319
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>61,002</b>	<b>60,552</b>	<b>59,765</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>1,117,182</b>	<b>1,088,773</b>	<b>1,125,765</b>

## Provisions and contingent liabilities

### a) Provisions

The table below presents an overview of total provisions.

<i>USD million</i>	31.12.21	30.9.21	31.12.20
Provisions other than provisions for expected credit losses	3,322	2,607	2,571
Provisions for expected credit losses	196	203	257
<b>Total provisions</b>	<b>3,518</b>	<b>2,810</b>	<b>2,828</b>

The following table presents additional information for provisions other than provisions for expected credit losses.

<i>USD million</i>	Litigation, regulatory and similar matters <sup>1</sup>	Restructuring <sup>2</sup>	Other <sup>3</sup>	Total
<b>Balance as of 31 December 2020</b>	2,135	72	363	2,571
<b>Balance as of 30 September 2021</b>	2,084	170	352	2,607
Increase in provisions recognized in the income statement	856	78	25	959
Release of provisions recognized in the income statement	(30)	(14)	(18)	(62)
Provisions used in conformity with designated purpose	(101)	(64)	(17)	(181)
Capitalized reinstatement costs	0	0	4	4
Foreign currency translation / unwind of discount	(12)	1	6	(5)
<b>Balance as of 31 December 2021</b>	<b>2,798</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>3,322</b>

<sup>1</sup> Comprises provisions for losses resulting from legal, liability and compliance risks. <sup>2</sup> Includes personnel-related restructuring provisions of USD 125 million as of 31 December 2021 (30 September 2021: USD 122 million; 31 December 2020: USD 18 million) and provisions for onerous contracts of USD 47 million as of 31 December 2021 (30 September 2021: USD 48 million; 31 December 2020: USD 49 million). <sup>3</sup> Mainly includes provisions related to real estate, employee benefits and operational risks.

Restructuring provisions primarily relate to personnel-related provisions and onerous contracts. Personnel-related restructuring provisions are used within a short period of time but potential changes in amount may be triggered when natural staff attrition reduces the number of people affected by a restructuring event and therefore the estimated costs. Onerous contracts for property are recognized when UBS is committed to pay for non-lease

components, such as utilities, service charges, taxes and maintenance, when a property is vacated or not fully recovered from sub-tenants.

Information about provisions and contingent liabilities in respect of litigation, regulatory and similar matters, as a class, is included in part b). There are no material contingent liabilities associated with the other classes of provisions.

### b) Litigation, regulatory and similar matters

The Group operates in a legal and regulatory environment that exposes it to significant litigation and similar risks arising from disputes and regulatory proceedings. As a result, UBS (which for purposes of this disclosure may refer to UBS Group AG and/or one or more of its subsidiaries, as applicable) is involved in various disputes and legal proceedings, including litigation, arbitration, and regulatory and criminal investigations.

Such matters are subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome and the timing of resolution are often difficult to predict, particularly in the earlier stages of a case. There are also situations where the Group may enter into a settlement agreement. This may occur in order to avoid the expense, management distraction or reputational implications of continuing to contest liability, even for those matters for which the Group believes it should be exonerated. The uncertainties inherent in all such matters affect the amount and timing of any potential outflows for both matters with respect to which provisions have been established and other contingent liabilities. The Group makes provisions for such matters brought against it when, in the opinion of management after seeking legal advice, it is more likely than not that the Group

has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required, and the amount can be reliably estimated. Where these factors are otherwise satisfied, a provision may be established for claims that have not yet been asserted against the Group, but are nevertheless expected to be, based on the Group's experience with similar asserted claims. If any of those conditions is not met, such matters result in contingent liabilities. If the amount of an obligation cannot be reliably estimated, a liability exists that is not recognized even if an outflow of resources is probable. Accordingly, no provision is established even if the potential outflow of resources with respect to such matters could be significant. Developments relating to a matter that occur after the relevant reporting period, but prior to the issuance of financial statements, which affect management's assessment of the provision for such matter (because, for example, the developments provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period), are adjusting events after the reporting period under IAS 10 and must be recognized in the financial statements for the reporting period.

## Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Specific litigation, regulatory and other matters are described below, including all such matters that management considers to be material and others that management believes to be of significance due to potential financial, reputational and other effects. The amount of damages claimed, the size of a transaction or other information is provided where available and appropriate in order to assist users in considering the magnitude of potential exposures.

In the case of certain matters below, we state that we have established a provision, and for the other matters, we make no such statement. When we make this statement and we expect disclosure of the amount of a provision to prejudice seriously our position with other parties in the matter because it would reveal what UBS believes to be the probable and reliably estimable outflow, we do not disclose that amount. In some cases we are subject to confidentiality obligations that preclude such disclosure. With respect to the matters for which we do not state whether we have established a provision, either: (a) we have not established a provision, in which case the matter is treated as a contingent liability under the applicable accounting standard; or (b) we have established a provision but expect disclosure of that fact to prejudice seriously our position with other parties in the matter because it would reveal the fact that UBS believes an outflow of resources to be probable and reliably estimable.

With respect to certain litigation, regulatory and similar matters for which we have established provisions, we are able to estimate the expected timing of outflows. However, the aggregate amount of the expected outflows for those matters for which we are able to estimate expected timing is immaterial relative to our current and expected levels of liquidity over the relevant time periods.

The aggregate amount provisioned for litigation, regulatory and similar matters as a class is disclosed in the "Provisions" table in part a) above. It is not practicable to provide an aggregate estimate of liability for our litigation, regulatory and similar matters as a class of contingent liabilities. Doing so would require UBS to provide speculative legal assessments as to claims and proceedings that involve unique fact patterns or novel legal theories, that have not yet been initiated or are at early stages of adjudication, or as to which alleged damages have not been quantified by the claimants. Although UBS therefore cannot provide a numerical estimate of the future losses that could arise from litigation, regulatory and similar matters, UBS believes that the aggregate amount of possible future losses from this class that are more than remote substantially exceeds the level of current provisions.

Litigation, regulatory and similar matters may also result in non-monetary penalties and consequences. A guilty plea to, or conviction of, a crime could have material consequences for UBS. Resolution of regulatory proceedings may require UBS to obtain waivers of regulatory disqualifications to maintain certain operations, may entitle regulatory authorities to limit, suspend or terminate licenses and regulatory authorizations, and may permit financial market utilities to limit, suspend or terminate UBS's participation in such utilities. Failure to obtain such waivers, or any limitation, suspension or termination of licenses, authorizations or participations, could have material consequences for UBS.

The risk of loss associated with litigation, regulatory and similar matters is a component of operational risk for purposes of determining capital requirements. Information concerning our capital requirements and the calculation of operational risk for this purpose is included in the "Capital management" section of this report.

### Provisions for litigation, regulatory and similar matters by business division and in Group Functions<sup>1</sup>

<i>USD million</i>	Global Wealth Manage- ment	Personal & Corporate Banking	Asset Manage- ment	Investment Bank	Group Functions	Total
<b>Balance as of 31 December 2020</b>	861	115	0	227	932	2,135
<b>Balance as of 30 September 2021</b>	765	98	8	275	938	2,084
Increase in provisions recognized in the income statement	709	83	0	39	24	856
Release of provisions recognized in the income statement	(29)	0	0	0	0	(30)
Provisions used in conformity with designated purpose	(98)	(1)	0	(2)	0	(101)
Foreign currency translation / unwind of discount	(9)	0	0	(3)	0	(12)
<b>Balance as of 31 December 2021</b>	<b>1,338</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>2,798</b>

<sup>1</sup> Provisions, if any, for the matters described in items 3 and 4 of this disclosure are recorded in Global Wealth Management, and provisions, if any, for the matters described in item 2 are recorded in Group Functions. Provisions, if any, for the matters described in items 1 and 6 are allocated between Global Wealth Management and Personal & Corporate Banking, and provisions, if any, for the matters described in item 5 are allocated between the Investment Bank and Group Functions.

## Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

### 1. Inquiries regarding cross-border wealth management businesses

Tax and regulatory authorities in a number of countries have made inquiries, served requests for information or examined employees located in their respective jurisdictions relating to the cross-border wealth management services provided by UBS and other financial institutions. It is possible that the implementation of automatic tax information exchange and other measures relating to cross-border provision of financial services could give rise to further inquiries in the future. UBS has received disclosure orders from the Swiss Federal Tax Administration (FTA) to transfer information based on requests for international administrative assistance in tax matters. The requests concern a number of UBS account numbers pertaining to current and former clients and are based on data from 2006 and 2008. UBS has taken steps to inform affected clients about the administrative assistance proceedings and their procedural rights, including the right to appeal. The requests are based on data received from the German authorities, who seized certain data related to UBS clients booked in Switzerland during their investigations and have apparently shared this data with other European countries. UBS expects additional countries to file similar requests.

Since 2013, UBS (France) S.A., UBS AG and certain former employees have been under investigation in France for alleged complicity in unlawful solicitation of clients on French territory, regarding the laundering of proceeds of tax fraud, and banking and financial solicitation by unauthorized persons. In connection with this investigation, the investigating judges ordered UBS AG to provide bail ("*caution*") of EUR 1.1 billion and UBS (France) S.A. to post bail of EUR 40 million, which was reduced on appeal to EUR 10 million.

On 20 February 2019, the court of first instance returned a verdict finding UBS AG guilty of unlawful solicitation of clients on French territory and aggravated laundering of the proceeds of tax fraud, and UBS (France) S.A. guilty of aiding and abetting unlawful solicitation and of laundering the proceeds of tax fraud. The court imposed fines aggregating EUR 3.7 billion on UBS AG and UBS (France) S.A. and awarded EUR 800 million of civil damages to the French state. A trial in the French Court of Appeal took place in March 2021. On 13 December 2021, the Court of Appeal found UBS AG guilty of unlawful solicitation and aggravated laundering of the proceeds of tax fraud. The court ordered a fine of EUR 3.75 million, the confiscation of EUR 1 billion, and awarded civil damages to the French state of EUR 800 million. The court also found UBS (France) SA guilty of the aiding and abetting of unlawful solicitation and ordered it to pay a fine of EUR 1.875 million. UBS AG has filed an appeal with the French Supreme Court to preserve its rights. The appeal enables UBS AG to thoroughly assess the verdict of the Court of Appeal and to determine next steps in the best interest of its stakeholders. The fine and confiscation imposed by the Court of Appeal are suspended during the appeal. The award of civil damages is payable upon request by the French state.

Our balance sheet at 31 December 2021 reflected provisions with respect to this matter in an amount of EUR 1.1 billion (USD 1.252 billion at 31 December 2021). The wide range of possible outcomes in this case contributes to a high degree of estimation uncertainty and the provision reflects our best estimate of possible financial implications, although actual penalties and civil damages could exceed (or may be less than) the provision amount.

In 2016, UBS was notified by the Belgian investigating judge that it was under formal investigation ("*inculpé*") regarding the allegations of laundering of proceeds of tax fraud, banking and financial solicitation by unauthorized persons, and serious tax fraud. In November 2021, the Council Chamber approved a settlement with the Brussels Prosecution Office for EUR 49 million without recognition of guilt with regard to the allegations of banking and financial solicitation by unauthorized persons and serious tax fraud. The allegation of laundering of proceeds of tax fraud was dismissed.

Our balance sheet at 31 December 2021 reflected provisions with respect to matters described in this item 1 in an amount that UBS believes to be appropriate under the applicable accounting standard. As in the case of other matters for which we have established provisions, the future outflow of resources in respect of such matters cannot be determined with certainty based on currently available information and accordingly may ultimately prove to be substantially greater (or may be less) than the provision that we have recognized.

### 2. Claims related to sales of residential mortgage-backed securities and mortgages

From 2002 through 2007, prior to the crisis in the US residential loan market, UBS was a substantial issuer and underwriter of US residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) and was a purchaser and seller of US residential mortgages.

In November 2018, the DOJ filed a civil complaint in the District Court for the Eastern District of New York. The complaint seeks unspecified civil monetary penalties under the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989 related to UBS's issuance, underwriting and sale of 40 RMBS transactions in 2006 and 2007. UBS moved to dismiss the civil complaint on 6 February 2019. On 10 December 2019, the district court denied UBS's motion to dismiss.

Our balance sheet at 31 December 2021 reflected a provision with respect to matters described in this item 2 in an amount that UBS believes to be appropriate under the applicable accounting standard. As in the case of other matters for which we have established provisions, the future outflow of resources in respect of this matter cannot be determined with certainty based on currently available information and accordingly may ultimately prove to be substantially greater (or may be less) than the provision that we have recognized.



## Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

### 3. Madoff

In relation to the Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC (BMIS) investment fraud, UBS AG, UBS (Luxembourg) S.A. (now UBS Europe SE, Luxembourg branch) and certain other UBS subsidiaries have been subject to inquiries by a number of regulators, including the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA) and the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier. Those inquiries concerned two third-party funds established under Luxembourg law, substantially all assets of which were with BMIS, as well as certain funds established in offshore jurisdictions with either direct or indirect exposure to BMIS. These funds faced severe losses, and the Luxembourg funds are in liquidation. The documentation establishing both funds identifies UBS entities in various roles, including custodian, administrator, manager, distributor and promoter, and indicates that UBS employees serve as board members.

In 2009 and 2010, the liquidators of the two Luxembourg funds filed claims against UBS entities, non-UBS entities and certain individuals, including current and former UBS employees, seeking amounts totaling approximately EUR 2.1 billion, which includes amounts that the funds may be held liable to pay the trustee for the liquidation of BMIS (BMIS Trustee).

A large number of alleged beneficiaries have filed claims against UBS entities (and non-UBS entities) for purported losses relating to the Madoff fraud. The majority of these cases have been filed in Luxembourg, where decisions that the claims in eight test cases were inadmissible have been affirmed by the Luxembourg Court of Appeal, and the Luxembourg Supreme Court has dismissed a further appeal in one of the test cases.

In the US, the BMIS Trustee filed claims against UBS entities, among others, in relation to the two Luxembourg funds and one of the offshore funds. The total amount claimed against all defendants in these actions was not less than USD 2 billion. In 2014, the US Supreme Court rejected the BMIS Trustee's motion for leave to appeal decisions dismissing all claims except those for the recovery of approximately USD 125 million of payments alleged to be fraudulent conveyances and preference payments. In 2016, the bankruptcy court dismissed these claims against the UBS entities. In February 2019, the Court of Appeals reversed the dismissal of the BMIS Trustee's remaining claims, and the US Supreme Court subsequently denied a petition seeking review of the Court of Appeals' decision. The case has been remanded to the Bankruptcy Court for further proceedings.

### 4. Puerto Rico

Declines since 2013 in the market prices of Puerto Rico municipal bonds and of closed-end funds (funds) that are sole-managed and co-managed by UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico and distributed by UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (UBS PR) led to multiple regulatory inquiries, which in 2014 and 2015, led to settlements with the Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions for the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.

Since then, UBS clients in Puerto Rico who own the funds or Puerto Rico municipal bonds and/or who used their UBS account assets as collateral for UBS non-purpose loans filed customer complaints and arbitration demands seeking aggregate damages of USD 3.4 billion, of which USD 3.1 billion have been resolved through settlements, arbitration or withdrawal of claims. Allegations include fraud, misrepresentation and unsuitability of the funds and of the loans.

A shareholder derivative action was filed in 2014 against various UBS entities and current and certain former directors of the funds, alleging hundreds of millions of US dollars in losses in the funds. In 2021, the parties reached an agreement to settle this matter for USD 15 million, subject to court approval.

In 2011, a purported derivative action was filed on behalf of the Employee Retirement System of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (System) against over 40 defendants, including UBS PR, which was named in connection with its underwriting and consulting services. Plaintiffs alleged that defendants violated their purported fiduciary duties and contractual obligations in connection with the issuance and underwriting of USD 3 billion of bonds by the System in 2008 and sought damages of over USD 800 million. In 2016, the court granted the System's request to join the action as a plaintiff. In 2017, the court denied defendants' motion to dismiss the complaint. In 2020, the court denied plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment.

Beginning in 2015, certain agencies and public corporations of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (Commonwealth) defaulted on certain interest payments on Puerto Rico bonds. In 2016, US federal legislation created an oversight board with power to oversee Puerto Rico's finances and to restructure its debt. The oversight board has imposed a stay on the exercise of certain creditors' rights. In 2017, the oversight board placed certain of the bonds into a bankruptcy-like proceeding under the supervision of a Federal District Judge.

In May 2019, the oversight board filed complaints in Puerto Rico federal district court bringing claims against financial, legal and accounting firms that had participated in Puerto Rico municipal bond offerings, including UBS, seeking a return of underwriting and swap fees paid in connection with those offerings. UBS estimates that it received approximately USD 125 million in fees in the relevant offerings.

In August 2019, and February and November 2020, four US insurance companies that insured issues of Puerto Rico municipal bonds sued UBS and several other underwriters of Puerto Rico municipal bonds in three separate cases. The actions collectively seek recovery of an aggregate of USD 955 million in damages from the defendants. The plaintiffs in these cases claim that defendants failed to reasonably investigate financial statements in the offering materials for the insured Puerto Rico bonds issued between 2002 and 2007, which plaintiffs argue they relied upon in agreeing to insure the bonds notwithstanding that they had no contractual relationship with the underwriters. Defendants' motions to dismiss were granted in two of the cases; those decisions are being appealed by the plaintiffs. In the third case, defendants' motion to dismiss was denied, but on appeal that ruling was reversed and the motion to dismiss was granted.

## Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Our balance sheet at 31 December 2021 reflected provisions with respect to matters described in this item 4 in amounts that UBS believes to be appropriate under the applicable accounting standard. As in the case of other matters for which we have established provisions, the future outflow of resources in respect of such matters cannot be determined with certainty based on currently available information and accordingly may ultimately prove to be substantially greater (or may be less) than the provisions that we have recognized.

### 5. Foreign exchange, LIBOR and benchmark rates, and other trading practices

*Foreign exchange-related regulatory matters:* Beginning in 2013, numerous authorities commenced investigations concerning possible manipulation of foreign exchange markets and precious metals prices. As a result of these investigations, UBS entered into resolutions with Swiss, US and United Kingdom regulators and the European Commission. UBS was granted conditional immunity by the Antitrust Division of the DOJ and by authorities in other jurisdictions in connection with potential competition law violations relating to foreign exchange and precious metals businesses.

*Foreign exchange-related civil litigation:* Putative class actions have been filed since 2013 in US federal courts and in other jurisdictions against UBS and other banks on behalf of putative classes of persons who engaged in foreign currency transactions with any of the defendant banks. UBS has resolved US federal court class actions relating to foreign currency transactions with the defendant banks and persons who transacted in foreign exchange futures contracts and options on such futures under a settlement agreement that provides for UBS to pay an aggregate of USD 141 million and provide cooperation to the settlement classes. Certain class members have excluded themselves from that settlement and have filed individual actions in US and English courts against UBS and other banks, alleging violations of US and European competition laws and unjust enrichment.

In 2015, a putative class action was filed in federal court against UBS and numerous other banks on behalf of persons and businesses in the US who directly purchased foreign currency from the defendants and alleged co-conspirators for their own end use. In March 2017, the court granted UBS's (and the other banks') motions to dismiss the complaint. The plaintiffs filed an amended complaint in August 2017. In March 2018, the court denied the defendants' motions to dismiss the amended complaint.

*LIBOR and other benchmark-related regulatory matters:* Numerous government agencies conducted investigations regarding potential improper attempts by UBS, among others, to manipulate LIBOR and other benchmark rates at certain times. UBS reached settlements or otherwise concluded investigations relating to benchmark interest rates with the investigating authorities. UBS was granted conditional leniency or conditional immunity from authorities in certain jurisdictions, including the Antitrust Division of the DOJ and the Swiss Competition Commission (WEKO), in connection with potential antitrust or

competition law violations related to certain rates. However, UBS has not reached a final settlement with WEKO, as the Secretariat of WEKO has asserted that UBS does not qualify for full immunity.

*LIBOR and other benchmark-related civil litigation:* A number of putative class actions and other actions are pending in the federal courts in New York against UBS and numerous other banks on behalf of parties who transacted in certain interest rate benchmark-based derivatives. Also pending in the US and in other jurisdictions are a number of other actions asserting losses related to various products whose interest rates were linked to LIBOR and other benchmarks, including adjustable rate mortgages, preferred and debt securities, bonds pledged as collateral, loans, depository accounts, investments and other interest-bearing instruments. The complaints allege manipulation, through various means, of certain benchmark interest rates, including USD LIBOR, Euroyen TIBOR, Yen LIBOR, EURIBOR, CHF LIBOR, GBP LIBOR, SGD SIBOR and SOR and Australian BBSW, and seek unspecified compensatory and other damages under varying legal theories.

*USD LIBOR class and individual actions in the US:* In 2013 and 2015, the district court in the USD LIBOR actions dismissed, in whole or in part, certain plaintiffs' antitrust claims, federal racketeering claims, CEA claims, and state common law claims, and again dismissed the antitrust claims in 2016 following an appeal. In December 2021, the Second Circuit affirmed the district court's dismissal in part and reversed in part and remanded to the district court for further proceedings. The Second Circuit, among other things, held that there was personal jurisdiction over UBS and other foreign defendants based on allegations that at least one alleged co-conspirator undertook an overt act in the United States. Separately, in 2018, the Second Circuit reversed in part the district court's 2015 decision dismissing certain individual plaintiffs' claims and certain of these actions are now proceeding. In 2018, the district court denied plaintiffs' motions for class certification in the USD class actions for claims pending against UBS, and plaintiffs sought permission to appeal that ruling to the Second Circuit. In July 2018, the Second Circuit denied the petition to appeal of the class of USD lenders and in November 2018 denied the petition of the USD exchange class. In January 2019, a putative class action was filed in the District Court for the Southern District of New York against UBS and numerous other banks on behalf of US residents who, since 1 February 2014, directly transacted with a defendant bank in USD LIBOR instruments. The complaint asserts antitrust claims. The defendants moved to dismiss the complaint in August 2019. On 26 March 2020 the court granted defendants' motion to dismiss the complaint in its entirety. Plaintiffs have appealed the dismissal. In August 2020, an individual action was filed in the Northern District of California against UBS and numerous other banks alleging that the defendants conspired to fix the interest rate used as the basis for loans to consumers by jointly setting the USD LIBOR rate and monopolized the market for LIBOR-based consumer loans and credit cards. Defendants moved to dismiss the complaint in September 2021.

## Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

### *Other benchmark class actions in the US:*

**Yen LIBOR / Euroyen TIBOR** – In 2014, 2015 and 2017, the court in one of the Yen LIBOR / Euroyen TIBOR lawsuits dismissed certain of the plaintiffs' claims, including the plaintiffs' federal antitrust and racketeering claims. In August 2020, the court granted defendants' motion for judgment on the pleadings and dismissed the lone remaining claim in the action as impermissibly extraterritorial. Plaintiffs have appealed. In 2017, the court dismissed the other Yen LIBOR / Euroyen TIBOR action in its entirety on standing grounds. In April 2020, the appeals court reversed the dismissal and in August 2020 plaintiffs in that action filed an amended complaint focused on Yen LIBOR. The court granted in part and denied in part defendants' motion to dismiss the amended complaint in September 2021 and plaintiffs and the remaining defendants have moved for reconsideration.

**CHF LIBOR** – In 2017, the court dismissed the CHF LIBOR action on standing grounds and failure to state a claim. Plaintiffs filed an amended complaint following the dismissal, and the court granted a renewed motion to dismiss in September 2019. Plaintiffs appealed. In September 2021, the Second Circuit granted the parties' joint motion to vacate the dismissal and remand the case for further proceedings.

**EURIBOR** – In 2017, the court in the EURIBOR lawsuit dismissed the case as to UBS and certain other foreign defendants for lack of personal jurisdiction. Plaintiffs have appealed.

**SIBOR / SOR** – In October 2018, the court in the SIBOR / SOR action dismissed all but one of plaintiffs' claims against UBS. Plaintiffs filed an amended complaint following the dismissal, and the court granted a renewed motion to dismiss in July 2019. Plaintiffs appealed. In March 2021, the Second Circuit reversed the dismissal. Plaintiffs filed an amended complaint in October 2021, which defendants have moved to dismiss.

**BBSW** – In November 2018, the court in the BBSW lawsuit dismissed the case as to UBS and certain other foreign defendants for lack of personal jurisdiction. Following that dismissal, plaintiffs filed an amended complaint in April 2019, which UBS and other defendants named in the amended complaint moved to dismiss. In February 2020, the court in the BBSW action granted in part and denied in part defendants' motions to dismiss the amended complaint. In August 2020, UBS and other BBSW defendants joined a motion for judgment on the pleadings, which the court denied in May 2021.

**GBP LIBOR** – The court dismissed the GBP LIBOR action in August 2019. Plaintiffs have appealed.

**Government bonds:** Putative class actions have been filed since 2015 in US federal courts against UBS and other banks on behalf of persons who participated in markets for US Treasury securities since 2007. A consolidated complaint was filed in 2017 in the US District Court for the Southern District of New York alleging that the banks colluded with respect to, and manipulated prices of, US Treasury securities sold at auction and in the secondary market and

asserting claims under the antitrust laws and for unjust enrichment. Defendants' motions to dismiss the consolidated complaint was granted in March 2021. Plaintiffs filed an amended complaint, which defendants moved to dismiss in June 2021. Similar class actions have been filed concerning European government bonds and other government bonds.

In May 2021, the European Commission issued a decision finding that UBS and six other banks breached European Union antitrust rules in 2007–2011 relating to European government bonds. The European Commission fined UBS EUR 172 million. UBS is appealing the amount of the fine.

With respect to additional matters and jurisdictions not encompassed by the settlements and orders referred to above, our balance sheet at 31 December 2021 reflected a provision in an amount that UBS believes to be appropriate under the applicable accounting standard. As in the case of other matters for which we have established provisions, the future outflow of resources in respect of such matters cannot be determined with certainty based on currently available information and accordingly may ultimately prove to be substantially greater (or may be less) than the provision that we have recognized.

### 6. Swiss retrocessions

The Federal Supreme Court of Switzerland ruled in 2012, in a test case against UBS, that distribution fees paid to a firm for distributing third-party and intra-group investment funds and structured products must be disclosed and surrendered to clients who have entered into a discretionary mandate agreement with the firm, absent a valid waiver. FINMA issued a supervisory note to all Swiss banks in response to the Supreme Court decision. UBS has met the FINMA requirements and has notified all potentially affected clients.

The Supreme Court decision has resulted, and continues to result, in a number of client requests for UBS to disclose and potentially surrender retrocessions. Client requests are assessed on a case-by-case basis. Considerations taken into account when assessing these cases include, among other things, the existence of a discretionary mandate and whether or not the client documentation contained a valid waiver with respect to distribution fees.

Our balance sheet at 31 December 2021 reflected a provision with respect to matters described in this item 6 in an amount that UBS believes to be appropriate under the applicable accounting standard. The ultimate exposure will depend on client requests and the resolution thereof, factors that are difficult to predict and assess. Hence, as in the case of other matters for which we have established provisions, the future outflow of resources in respect of such matters cannot be determined with certainty based on currently available information and accordingly may ultimately prove to be substantially greater (or may be less) than the provision that we have recognized.

# UBS AG interim consolidated financial information (unaudited)

This section contains a comparison of selected financial and capital information between UBS Group AG consolidated and UBS AG consolidated. Information for UBS AG consolidated does not differ materially from UBS Group AG on a consolidated basis.

## **Comparison between UBS Group AG consolidated and UBS AG consolidated**

The accounting policies applied under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) to both the UBS Group AG and the UBS AG consolidated financial statements are identical. However, there are certain scope and presentation differences as noted below.

- Assets, liabilities, operating income, operating expenses and operating profit before tax relating to UBS Group AG and its directly held subsidiaries, including UBS Business Solutions AG, are reflected in the consolidated financial statements of UBS Group AG but not in those of UBS AG. UBS AG's assets, liabilities, operating income and operating expenses related to transactions with UBS Group AG and its directly held subsidiaries, including UBS Business Solutions AG and other shared services subsidiaries, are not subject to elimination in the consolidated financial statements of UBS AG, but are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements of UBS Group AG. UBS Business Solutions AG and other shared services subsidiaries of UBS Group AG charge other legal entities within the UBS AG consolidation scope for services provided, including a markup on costs incurred.
- The equity of UBS Group AG consolidated was USD 2.6 billion higher than the equity of UBS AG consolidated as of 31 December 2021. This difference was mainly driven by higher dividends paid by UBS AG to UBS Group AG compared with the dividend distributions of UBS Group AG, as well as higher retained earnings in the consolidated financial statements of UBS Group AG, largely related to the aforementioned markup charged by shared services subsidiaries of UBS Group AG to other legal entities in the UBS AG scope of consolidation. In addition, UBS Group AG is the grantor of the majority of the compensation plans of the Group and recognizes share premium for equity-settled awards granted. These effects were partly offset by treasury shares acquired as part of our share repurchase programs and those held to hedge share delivery obligations associated with Group compensation plans, as well as additional share premium recognized at the UBS AG consolidated level related to the establishment of UBS Group AG and UBS Business Solutions AG, a wholly owned subsidiary of UBS Group AG.
- The going concern capital of UBS Group AG consolidated was USD 5.1 billion higher than the going concern capital of UBS AG consolidated as of 31 December 2021, reflecting higher common equity tier 1 (CET1) capital of USD 3.7 billion and going concern loss-absorbing additional tier 1 (AT1) capital of USD 1.4 billion.
- The CET1 capital of UBS Group AG consolidated was USD 3.7 billion higher than that of UBS AG consolidated as of 31 December 2021. The higher CET1 capital of UBS Group AG consolidated was primarily due to higher UBS Group AG consolidated IFRS equity of USD 2.6 billion, as described above, and lower UBS Group AG accruals for future capital returns to shareholders, partly offset by compensation-related regulatory capital accruals at the UBS Group AG level.
- The going concern loss-absorbing AT1 capital of UBS Group AG consolidated was USD 1.4 billion higher than that of UBS AG consolidated as of 31 December 2021, mainly reflecting deferred contingent capital plan awards granted at the Group level to eligible employees for the performance years 2016 to 2020, partly offset by two loss-absorbing AT1 capital instruments on-lent by UBS Group AG to UBS AG.

**Comparison between UBS Group AG consolidated and UBS AG consolidated**

	As of or for the quarter ended 31.12.21		
	UBS Group AG consolidated	UBS AG consolidated	Difference (absolute)
<i>USD million, except where indicated</i>			
<b>Income statement</b>			
Operating income	8,732	8,846	(114)
Operating expenses	7,003	7,227	(224)
Operating profit / (loss) before tax	1,729	1,619	109
<i>of which: Global Wealth Management</i>	563	541	22
<i>of which: Personal &amp; Corporate Banking</i>	365	362	3
<i>of which: Asset Management</i>	334	328	6
<i>of which: Investment Bank</i>	713	710	3
<i>of which: Group Functions</i>	(246)	(321)	75
Net profit / (loss)	1,359	1,266	93
<i>of which: net profit / (loss) attributable to shareholders</i>	1,348	1,255	93
<i>of which: net profit / (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests</i>	11	11	0
<b>Statement of comprehensive income</b>			
Other comprehensive income	(181)	(197)	16
<i>of which: attributable to shareholders</i>	(177)	(194)	16
<i>of which: attributable to non-controlling interests</i>	(4)	(4)	0
Total comprehensive income	1,178	1,069	109
<i>of which: attributable to shareholders</i>	1,171	1,062	109
<i>of which: attributable to non-controlling interests</i>	7	7	0
<b>Balance sheet</b>			
Total assets	1,117,182	1,116,145	1,037
Total liabilities	1,056,180	1,057,702	(1,522)
Total equity	61,002	58,442	2,559
<i>of which: equity attributable to shareholders</i>	60,662	58,102	2,559
<i>of which: equity attributable to non-controlling interests</i>	340	340	0
<b>Capital information</b>			
Common equity tier 1 capital	45,281	41,594	3,687
Going concern capital	60,488	55,434	5,054
Risk-weighted assets	302,209	299,005	3,204
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio (%)	15.0	13.9	1.1
Going concern capital ratio (%)	20.0	18.5	1.5
Total loss-absorbing capacity ratio (%)	34.7	33.3	1.3
Leverage ratio denominator	1,068,862	1,067,679	1,183
Common equity tier 1 leverage ratio (%)	4.24	3.90	0.34
Going concern leverage ratio (%)	5.7	5.2	0.5
Total loss-absorbing capacity leverage ratio (%)	9.8	9.3	0.5

As of or for the quarter ended 30.9.21			As of or for the quarter ended 31.12.20		
UBS Group AG consolidated	UBS AG consolidated	Difference (absolute)	UBS Group AG consolidated	UBS AG consolidated	Difference (absolute)
9,128	9,224	(95)	8,117	8,220	(103)
6,264	6,512	(248)	6,132	6,324	(192)
2,865	2,712	152	1,985	1,896	89
1,516	1,500	16	864	855	9
478	479	(1)	353	353	(1)
214	214	0	401	401	0
837	833	4	529	528	1
(180)	(314)	134	(161)	(241)	79
2,289	2,163	125	1,645	1,572	73
2,279	2,154	125	1,636	1,563	73
9	9	0	9	9	0
(610)	(598)	(12)	83	54	29
(596)	(584)	(12)	65	36	29
(14)	(14)	0	18	18	0
1,678	1,565	113	1,728	1,626	102
1,683	1,570	113	1,701	1,599	102
(5)	(5)	0	27	27	0
1,088,773	1,088,246	528	1,125,765	1,125,327	438
1,028,221	1,030,828	(2,607)	1,066,000	1,067,254	(1,254)
60,552	57,418	3,134	59,765	58,073	1,691
60,219	57,085	3,134	59,445	57,754	1,691
333	333	0	319	319	0
45,022	41,356	3,665	39,890	38,181	1,709
60,369	55,334	5,035	56,178	52,610	3,567
302,426	299,612	2,814	289,101	286,743	2,358
14.9	13.8	1.1	13.8	13.3	0.5
20.0	18.5	1.5	19.4	18.3	1.1
34.0	32.6	1.4	35.2	34.2	1.0
1,044,916	1,044,438	479	1,037,150	1,036,771	379
4.31	3.96	0.35	3.85	3.68	0.16
5.8	5.3	0.5	5.4	5.1	0.3
9.8	9.4	0.5	9.8	9.5	0.3

**UBS AG consolidated key figures**

<i>USD million, except where indicated</i>	As of or for the quarter ended			As of or for the year ended	
	<b>31.12.21</b>	30.9.21	31.12.20	31.12.21	31.12.20
<b>Results</b>					
Operating income	<b>8,846</b>	9,224	8,220	35,976	32,780
Operating expenses	<b>7,227</b>	6,512	6,324	27,012	25,081
Operating profit / (loss) before tax	<b>1,619</b>	2,712	1,896	8,964	7,699
Net profit / (loss) attributable to shareholders	<b>1,255</b>	2,154	1,563	7,032	6,196
<b>Profitability and growth</b>					
Return on equity (%)	<b>8.7</b>	15.3	10.9	12.3	10.9
Return on tangible equity (%)	<b>9.8</b>	17.3	12.2	13.9	12.4
Return on common equity tier 1 capital (%)	<b>12.1</b>	21.1	16.3	17.6	16.6
Return on risk-weighted assets, gross (%)	<b>11.8</b>	12.5	11.7	12.3	11.9
Return on leverage ratio denominator, gross (%) <sup>1</sup>	<b>3.3</b>	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.4
Cost / income ratio (%)	<b>81.9</b>	70.7	76.3	75.4	74.9
Net profit growth (%)	<b>(19.7)</b>	6.8	151.3	13.5	56.3
<b>Resources</b>					
Total assets	<b>1,116,145</b>	1,088,246	1,125,327	1,116,145	1,125,327
Equity attributable to shareholders	<b>58,102</b>	57,085	57,754	58,102	57,754
Common equity tier 1 capital <sup>2</sup>	<b>41,594</b>	41,356	38,181	41,594	38,181
Risk-weighted assets <sup>2</sup>	<b>299,005</b>	299,612	286,743	299,005	286,743
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio (%) <sup>2</sup>	<b>13.9</b>	13.8	13.3	13.9	13.3
Going concern capital ratio (%) <sup>2</sup>	<b>18.5</b>	18.5	18.3	18.5	18.3
Total loss-absorbing capacity ratio (%) <sup>2</sup>	<b>33.3</b>	32.6	34.2	33.3	34.2
Leverage ratio denominator <sup>1,2</sup>	<b>1,067,679</b>	1,044,438	1,036,771	1,067,679	1,036,771
Common equity tier 1 leverage ratio (%) <sup>1,2</sup>	<b>3.90</b>	3.96	3.68	3.90	3.68
Going concern leverage ratio (%) <sup>1,2</sup>	<b>5.2</b>	5.3	5.1	5.2	5.1
Total loss-absorbing capacity leverage ratio (%) <sup>2</sup>	<b>9.3</b>	9.4	9.5	9.3	9.5
<b>Other</b>					
Invested assets (USD billion) <sup>3</sup>	<b>4,596</b>	4,432	4,187	4,596	4,187
Personnel (full-time equivalents)	<b>47,067</b>	47,293	47,546	47,067	47,546

<sup>1</sup> Leverage ratio denominators and leverage ratios for the respective periods in 2020 do not reflect the effects of the temporary exemption that applied from 25 March 2020 until 1 January 2021 and was granted by FINMA in connection with COVID-19. Refer to the "Regulatory and legal developments" section of our Annual Report 2020 for more information. <sup>2</sup> Based on the Swiss systemically relevant bank framework as of 1 January 2020. Refer to the "Capital management" section of this report for more information. <sup>3</sup> Consists of invested assets for Global Wealth Management, Asset Management and Personal & Corporate Banking. Refer to "Note 32 Invested assets and net new money" in the "Consolidated financial statements" section of our Annual Report 2020 for more information.

**Currency translation rates**

The following table shows the rates of the main currencies used to translate the financial information of UBS's operations with a functional currency other than the US dollar into US dollars.

	Closing exchange rate			Average rate <sup>1</sup>				
	As of			For the quarter ended			For the year ended	
	<b>31.12.21</b>	30.9.21	31.12.20	<b>31.12.21</b>	30.9.21	31.12.20	31.12.21	31.12.20
1 CHF	<b>1.10</b>	1.07	1.13	<b>1.09</b>	1.09	1.11	1.09	1.07
1 EUR	<b>1.14</b>	1.16	1.22	<b>1.14</b>	1.17	1.19	1.18	1.15
1 GBP	<b>1.35</b>	1.35	1.37	<b>1.35</b>	1.37	1.33	1.37	1.29
100 JPY	<b>0.87</b>	0.90	0.97	<b>0.88</b>	0.90	0.96	0.91	0.94

<sup>1</sup> Monthly income statement items of operations with a functional currency other than the US dollar are translated into US dollars using month-end rates. Disclosed average rates for a quarter or a year represent an average of three month-end rates or an average of twelve month-end rates, respectively, weighted according to the income and expense volumes of all operations of the Group with the same functional currency for each month. Weighted average rates for individual business divisions may deviate from the weighted average rates for the Group.

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