Supplemental Listing Document

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this document, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser.

Application has been made to the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates (as defined below). The SGX-ST takes no responsibility for the contents of this document, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this document. Admission to the Official List of the SGX-ST is not to be taken as an indication of the merits of UBS AG, acting through its London branch, the Certificates, or the Company (as defined below).

23,000,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the ordinary H shares of Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd. with a Daily Leverage of 5x

UBS AG

(Incorporated with limited liability in Switzerland)
acting through its London Branch

Issue Price: S\$0.40 per Certificate

This document is published for the purpose of obtaining a listing of all the above certificates (the "Certificates") to be issued by UBS AG (the "Issuer") acting through its London branch, and is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with a base listing document dated 28 June 2024 (the "Base Listing Document"), including its supplements and addenda as executed from time to time, for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer and the Certificates. Information relating to the Company (as defined below) is contained in this document.

This document does not constitute or form part of any offer, or invitation, to subscribe for or to sell, or solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or to purchase, Certificates or other securities of the Issuer, nor is it calculated to invite, nor does it permit the making of, offers by the public to subscribe for or purchase for cash or other consideration the Certificates or other securities of the Issuer. Restrictions have been imposed on offers and sales of the Certificates and on distributions of documents relating thereto in the United States, the United Kingdom, the European Economic Area, Singapore and Hong Kong (see "Placing and Sale" contained herein).

The Certificates are complex products. You should exercise caution in relation to them. Investors are warned that the price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise and holders may sustain a total loss of their investment. The price of the Certificates also depends on the supply and demand for the Certificates in the market and the price at which the Certificates is trading at any time may differ from the underlying valuation of the Certificates because of market inefficiencies. It is not possible to predict the secondary market for the Certificates. Although the

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Issuer and/or any of its affiliates may from time to time purchase the Certificates or sell additional Certificates on the market, the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates are not obliged to do so. Investors should also note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock (as defined below) and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock.

For the purpose of section 309B(1) of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore (the "SFA"), the Issuer has determined, and hereby notifies all relevant persons (as defined in section 309A of the SFA) that the Certificates are classified as capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products and Specified Investment Products (SIPs)², and may only be sold to retail investors with enhanced safeguards, including an assessment of such investors' investment knowledge or experience.

Prospective purchasers should therefore ensure that they understand the nature of the Certificates and carefully study the risk factors set out in the Base Listing Document and pages 5 to 10 of this document before they invest in the Certificates.

Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates will commence on or about 4 July 2024.

As at the date hereof, the Issuer's long term credit rating by S&P Global Ratings Europe Limited is A+, by Moody's Investors Service Ltd. is Aa2 and by Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited is A+.

The Issuer is regulated by, among others, the Swiss Federal Banking Commission. In the United Kingdom, it is authorised by the Prudential Regulatory Authority and subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulatory Authority.

3 July 2024

¹ As defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018.

² As defined in the MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products.

Subject as set out below, the Issuer accepts full responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document in relation to itself and the Certificates. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Issuer (which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document for which it accepts responsibility (subject as set out below in respect of the information contained herein with regard to the Company) is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The information with regard to the Company as set out herein is extracted from publicly available information. The Issuer accepts responsibility only for the accurate reproduction of such information. No further or other responsibility or liability in respect of such information is accepted by the Issuer.

No persons have been authorised to give any information or to make any representation save as contained in this document or otherwise authorised by the Issuer in connection with the Certificates and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer. Neither the delivery of this document nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer or its subsidiaries and associates since the date hereof.

This document does not constitute an offer or solicitation by or on behalf of the Issuer to purchase or subscribe for any of the Certificates. The distribution of this document and the offering of the Certificates may, in certain jurisdictions, be restricted by law. The Issuer requires persons into whose possession this document comes to inform themselves of and observe all such restrictions. In particular, the Certificates have not been, and will not be, registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Subject to certain exceptions, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act) or to others for offering, sale or resale in the United States or to any such U.S. person. Offers and sales of Certificates, or interests therein, in the United States or to U.S. persons would constitute a violation of United States securities laws unless made in compliance with registration requirements of the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption therefrom. A further description of certain restrictions on offering and sale of the Certificates and distribution of this document is given in the section headed "Placing and Sale" contained herein.

The SGX-ST has made no assessment of, nor taken any responsibility for, the financial soundness of the Issuer or the merits of investing in the Certificates, nor have they verified the accuracy or the truthfulness of statements made or opinions expressed in this document.

The Issuer and/or any of its affiliates may repurchase Certificates at any time on or after the date of issue and any Certificates so repurchased may be offered from time to time in one or more transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise at prevailing market prices or in negotiated transactions, at the discretion of the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates. Investors should not therefore make any assumption as to the number of Certificates in issue at any time.

References in this document to the "Conditions" shall mean references to the Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities contained in the Base Listing Document. Terms not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Conditions.

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RISK FACTORS

The following risk factors are relevant to the Certificates:-

- (a) investment in Certificates involves substantial risks including market risk, liquidity risk, and the risk that the Issuer will be unable to satisfy its obligations under the Certificates. Investors should ensure that they understand the nature of all these risks before making a decision to invest in the Certificates. You should consider carefully whether Certificates are suitable for you in light of your experience, objectives, financial position and other relevant circumstances. Certificates are not suitable for inexperienced investors;
- (b) the Certificates constitute direct, general and unsecured contractual obligations of the Issuer and if you purchase the Certificates you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person. In particular, it should be noted that the Issuer issues a large number of financial instruments, including Certificates, on a global basis and, at any given time, the financial instruments outstanding may be substantial. If you purchase the Certificates you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and have no rights under the Certificates against the Company which has issued the Underlying Stock (as defined below). The Issuer has substantially no obligation to a Certificate Holder (as defined in the Conditions) other than to pay amounts in accordance with the terms thereof as set forth herein and in the Base Listing Document. The Issuer does not in any respect underwrite or guarantee the performance of any Certificate. Any profit or loss realised by a Certificate Holder in respect of a Certificate upon exercise or otherwise due to changes in the value of such Certificate or the Underlying Stock is solely for the account of such Certificate Holder. In addition, the Issuer shall have the absolute discretion to put in place any hedging transaction or arrangement which it deems appropriate in connection with any Certificate or the Underlying Stock. A reduction in the rating, if any, accorded to outstanding debt securities of the Issuer by any one of its rating agencies could result in a reduction in the trading value of the Certificates;
- (c) since the Certificates relate to the price of the Underlying Stock, certain events relating to the Underlying Stock may cause adverse movements in the value and the price of the Underlying Stock, as a result of which, the Certificate Holders may, in extreme circumstances, sustain a significant loss of their investment if the price of the Underlying Stock has fallen sharply;
- (d) due to their nature, the Certificates can be volatile instruments and may be subject to considerable fluctuations in value. The price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise due to, including but not limited to, variations in the frequency and magnitude of the changes in the price of the Underlying Stock, the time remaining to expiry and the creditworthiness of the Issuer;
- (e) fluctuations in the price of the Underlying Stock will affect the price of the Certificates but not necessarily in the same magnitude and direction, therefore, prospective investors intending to purchase Certificates to hedge their market risk associated with investing in the Underlying Stock which may be specified herein, should recognise the complexities of utilising the Certificates in this manner;
- (f) a Certificate Holder must tender a specified number of Certificates at any one time in order to exercise. Thus, Certificate Holders with fewer than the specified minimum number of Certificates in a particular series will either have to sell their Certificates or purchase additional Certificates, incurring transactions costs in each case, in order to realise their investment:

- (g) if, whilst any of the Certificates remain unexercised, trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or halted on the relevant stock exchange, trading in the Certificates may be suspended for a similar period;
- (h) investors should note that the Issuer's obligations to pay amounts in accordance with the terms thereof as set forth herein shall be discharged by delivery of the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (if positive) to all Certificate Holders in accordance with the agreement with the Warrant Agent;
- investors should note that in the event of there being a Market Disruption Event (as defined in the Conditions) determination or payment of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined in the Conditions) may be delayed, all as more fully described in the Conditions;
- (j) certain events relating to the Underlying Stock require or, as the case may be, permit the Issuer to make certain adjustments or amendments to the Conditions;
- (k) the Certificates are only exercisable on the expiry date and may not be exercised by Certificate Holders prior to such expiry date. Accordingly, if on such expiry date the Cash Settlement Amount is zero, a Certificate Holder will lose the value of his investment;
- the total return on an investment in any Certificate may be affected by the Hedging Fee
 Factor (as defined below), Management Fee (as defined below) and Gap Premium (as
 defined below);
- (m) investors holding their position overnight should note that they would be required to bear the annualised cost which consists of the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy (as described below) including the Funding Cost (as defined below) and the Rebalancing Cost (as defined below);
- (n) investors should note that there may be an exchange rate risk where the Cash Settlement Amount may be converted from a foreign currency into Singapore dollars. Exchange rates between currencies are determined by forces of supply and demand in the foreign exchange markets. These forces are, in turn, affected by factors such as international balances of payments and other economic and financial conditions, government intervention in currency markets and currency trading speculation. Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, foreign political and economic developments, and the imposition of exchange controls or other foreign governmental laws or restrictions applicable to such investments may affect the foreign currency market price and the exchange rate-adjusted equivalent price of the Certificates. Fluctuations in the exchange rate of any one currency may be offset by fluctuations in the exchange rate of other relevant currencies;
- (o) investors should note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock;
- (p) when held for longer than a day, the performance of the Certificates could be more or less than the leverage factor that is embedded within the Certificates. The performance of the Certificates each day is locked in, and any subsequent returns are based on what was achieved the previous day. This process, referred to as compounding, may lead to a performance difference from 5 times the performance of the Underlying Stock over a period longer than one day. This difference may be amplified in a volatile market with a sideway

trend, where market movements are not clear in direction, whereby investors may sustain substantial losses;

- (q) the Air Bag Mechanism (as defined below) is triggered only when the Underlying Stock is calculated or traded, which may not be during the trading hours of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Certificates (as defined below);
- (r) investors should note that the Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Strategy if the Underlying Stock falls further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to rise after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses;
- there is no assurance that the Air Bag Mechanism will prevent investors from losing the entire value of their investment, in the event of (i) an overnight fall in the Underlying Stock, where there is a 20% or greater gap between the previous day closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock the following day, as the Air Bag Mechanism will only be triggered when the market (in respect of which the Underlying Stock is listed) opens the following day (including pre-opening session or opening auction, as the case may be) or (ii) a sharp intraday fall in the Underlying Stock of 20% or greater during the observation period compared to the reference price, being: (a) if air bag event has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (b) if one or more air bag events have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest new observed price. Investors may refer to pages 41 to 42 of this document for more information;
- (t) certain events may, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Certificates, trigger (A) the implementation of methods of adjustment or (B) the early termination of the Certificates. The Issuer will give the investors reasonable notice of any early termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of the Certificate less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. The performance of this commitment shall depend on (A) general market conditions and (B) the liquidity conditions of the underlying instrument(s) and, as the case may be, of any other hedging transactions. Investors should note that the amount repaid by the Issuer may be less than the amount initially invested. Investors may refer to Condition 13 on pages 28 to 29 of this document for more information;
- (u) investors should note that it is not possible to predict the price at which the Certificates will trade in the secondary market or whether such market will be liquid or illiquid. To the extent Certificates of a particular issue are exercised, the number of Certificates of such issue outstanding will decrease, resulting in a diminished liquidity for the remaining Certificates of such issue. A decrease in the liquidity of an issue of Certificates may cause, in turn, an increase in the volatility associated with the price of such issue of Certificates. The Issuer may, but is not obligated to, at any time, purchase Certificates at any price in the open market or by tender or private agreement. Any Certificates so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation. To the extent that an issue of Certificates becomes illiquid, an investor may have to exercise such Certificates to realise value;
- (v) two or more risk factors may simultaneously have an effect on the value of a Certificate such that the effect of any individual risk factor may not be predicted. No assurance can be given as to the effect any combination of risk factors may have on the value of a Certificate;

- (w) investors should note that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred. Investors who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers. In addition, investors should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax treatment which will apply at any given time. Investors should refer to the Taxation Section in the Base Listing Document;
- (x) investors should note that the Issuer may enter into discount, commission or fee arrangements with brokers and/or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates with respect to the primary or secondary market in the Certificates. The arrangements may result in the benefit to investors in Certificates buying and selling Certificates through nominated brokers by reducing or eliminating the commission payable by such Certificate Holders. In the event that the commission payable by Certificate Holders is eliminated, fee arrangements between the Issuer and brokers and/or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates will continue to apply. Investors in the Certificates should note that any brokers with whom the Issuer has a commission arrangement does not, and cannot be expected to, deal exclusively in the Certificates, therefore any broker and/or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates may from time to time engage in transactions involving the Underlying Stock and/or structured products of other issuers over the Underlying Stock as the Certificates for their proprietary accounts and/or accounts of their The fact that the same broker may deal simultaneously for different clients in competing products in the market place may affect the value of the Certificates and present certain conflicts of interests;
- (y) various potential and actual conflicts of interest may arise from the overall activities of the Issuer and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates.

The Issuer and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates are diversified financial institutions with relationships in countries around the world. These entities engage in a wide range of commercial and investment banking, brokerage, funds management, hedging transactions and investment and other activities for their own account or the account of others. In addition, the Issuer and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates, in connection with their other business activities, may possess or acquire material information about the Underlying Stock. Such activities and information may involve or otherwise affect issuers of the Underlying Stock in a manner that may cause consequences adverse to the Certificate Holders or otherwise create conflicts of interests in connection with the issue of Certificates by the Issuer. Such actions and conflicts may include, without limitation, the exercise of voting power, the purchase and sale of securities, financial advisory relationships and exercise of creditor rights. The Issuer and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates have no obligation to disclose such information about the Underlying Stock or such activities. The Issuer and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates and their officers and directors may engage in any such activities without regard to the issue of Certificates by the Issuer or the effect that such activities may directly or indirectly have on any Certificate;

(z) in the ordinary course of their business, including without limitation in connection with the Issuer or its appointed designated market maker's market making activities, the Issuer and any of its respective subsidiaries and affiliates may effect transactions for their own account or for the account of their customers and hold long or short positions in the Underlying Stock and/or related derivatives. In addition, in connection with the offering of any Certificates, the Issuer and any of its respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into one or more hedging transactions with respect to the Underlying Stock and/or related derivatives. In connection with such hedging or market-making activities or with respect to proprietary or other trading

activities by the Issuer and any of its respective subsidiaries and its affiliates, the Issuer and any of its respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into transactions in the Underlying Stock and/or related derivatives which may affect the market price, liquidity or value of the Certificates and which may affect the interests of Certificate Holders;

- (aa) the value of the Certificates depends on the Leverage Strategy performance built in the Certificate. The Calculation Agent will make the Leverage Strategy last closing level and a calculation tool available to the investors on a website;
- (bb) certain risks relating to the Issuer's operating environment and strategy, including those as set out in Appendix 2 of the Base Listing Document, may impact the Issuer's ability to execute its strategy and directly affect its business activities, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. As a broad-based international financial services firm, the Issuer is inherently exposed to risks that become apparent only with the benefit of hindsight, risks of which it is not presently aware or which it currently does not consider to be material could also materially affect its business activities, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. The sequence in which the risk factors are set out in Appendix 2 of the Base Listing Document is not indicative of their likehood of occurrence or the potential magnitude of their financial consequences;
- (cc) as the Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"):-
 - (i) investors should note that no definitive certificate will be issued in relation to the Certificates;
 - (ii) there will be no register of Certificate Holders and each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates by way of interest (to the extent of such number) in the global warrant certificate in respect of those Certificates represented thereby shall be treated as the holder of such number of Certificates;
 - (iii) investors will need to rely on any statements received from their brokers/custodians as evidence of their interest in the Certificates; and
 - (iv) notices to such Certificate Holders will be published on the website of the SGX-ST. Investors will need to check the website of the SGX-ST regularly and/or rely on their brokers/custodians to obtain such notices;
- (dd) Generally, investing in the Certificates may involve risks related to the discontinuance, changes or adjustments to benchmarks generally

Discontinuance of, or changes to, benchmarks may require adjustments to the Issuer's agreements, systems and processes. The interbank offered rate(s) and other interest rate, equity, commodity, foreign exchange and other types of indices which are deemed to be "benchmarks", are the subject of national, international and other regulatory guidance and proposals for reform. Some of these reforms are already effective whilst others are still to be or may be implemented. These reforms may cause such benchmarks to perform differently than in the past, to disappear entirely, or have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Any such consequence could have a material adverse effect on any Certificates referencing such a benchmark. Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks or any of the international or national reforms in making any investment decision with respect to any Certificates referencing a benchmark: and

(ee) Specifically, the reform of HIBOR may adversely affect the value of the Certificates

The Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") benchmark is referenced in the Leverage Strategy.

It is not possible to predict with certainty whether, and to what extent, HIBOR will continue to be supported going forwards. This may cause HIBOR to perform differently than they have done in the past, and may have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Such factors may have (without limitation) the following effects: (i) discouraging market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to a benchmark; (ii) triggering changes in the rules or methodologies used in the benchmark and/or (iii) leading to the disappearance of the benchmark. Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on the Certificates.

In addition, the occurrence of a modification or cessation of HIBOR may cause adjustment of the Certificates which may include selecting one or more successor benchmarks and making related adjustments to the Certificates, including if applicable to reflect increased costs.

The Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate if any of the following circumstances occurs or may occur: (1) HIBOR is materially changed or cancelled or (2)(i) the relevant authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval in respect of the benchmark or the administrator or sponsor of the benchmark is not obtained, (ii) an application for authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision, approval or inclusion in any official register is rejected or (iii) any authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval is suspended or inclusion in any official register is withdrawn.

Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks imposed by any of the international or national reforms in making any investment decision with respect to any Certificate.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CERTIFICATES

The following are the terms and conditions of the Certificates and should be read in conjunction with, and are qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document.

The Conditions are set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document. For the purposes of the Conditions, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Certificates: 23,000,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating

to the ordinary H shares of Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd. traded in HKD (the "Underlying Stock" or the

"Underlying")

ISIN: CH1227876724

Company: Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd. (RIC: 2318.HK)

Underlying Price³ and Source: HK\$36.85 (Bloomberg)

Calculation Agent: UBS AG acting through its London Branch

Strike Level: Zero

Daily Leverage: 5x (within the Leverage Strategy as described below)

Notional Amount per Certificate: SGD 0.40

Management Fee (p.a.)4: 0.40%

Gap Premium (p.a.)⁵: 7.00%, is a hedging cost against extreme market movements

overnight.

Funding Cost⁶: The annualised costs of funding, referencing a publically published

interbank offered rate plus spread.

Rebalancing Cost⁶: The transaction costs (if applicable), computed as a function of

leverage and daily performance of the Underlying Stock.

Launch Date: 26 June 2024

Closing Date: 3 July 2024

³ These figures are calculated as at, and based on information available to the Issuer on or about 3 July 2024. The Issuer is not obliged, and undertakes no responsibility to any person, to update or inform any person of any changes to the figures after 3 July 2024.

⁴ Please note that the Management Fee is calculated on a 360-day basis and may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET. Please refer to "Fees and Charges" below for further details of the fees and charges payable and the maximum of such fees as well as other ongoing expenses that may be borne by the Certificates.

⁵ Please note that the Gap Premium is calculated on a 360-day basis.

⁶ These costs are embedded within the Leverage Strategy.

Expected Listing Date: 4 July 2024

Last Trading Date: The date falling 5 Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry

Date, currently being 19 June 2025

Expiry Date: 26 June 2025 (if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, then the

Expiry Date shall fall on the preceding Business Day and subject to adjustment of the Valuation Date upon the occurrence of Market Disruption Events as set out in the Conditions of the Certificates)

Board Lot: 100 Certificates

Valuation Date: 25 June 2025 or if such day is not an Exchange Business Day, the

immediately preceding Exchange Business Day.

Exercise: The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the

Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of

the Certificates.

Cash Settlement Amount: In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount (if positive)

payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate

Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section on pages 33 to 47 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation

of the Cash Settlement Amount.

Hedging Fee Factor: In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount calculated as:

Product (for t from Expected Listing Date to Valuation Date) of (1 - Management Fee x (ACT (t-1;t) ÷ 360)) x (1 - Gap Premium (t-1) x

 $(ACT (t-1;t) \div 360))$, where:

"t" refers to "Observation Date" which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date; and

ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is "t-1") (included) and the Observation Date (which is "t") (excluded).

An "**Underlying Stock Business Day**" is a day on which The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**HKEX**") is open for dealings in Hong Kong during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Hong Kong.

Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section on pages 33 to 47 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Hedging Fee Factor.

Closing Level:

In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

 $\left(\frac{\text{Final Reference Level} \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level} \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level}\right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$

Initial Reference Level:

1,000

Final Reference Level:

The closing level of the Leverage Strategy (as described below) on the Valuation Date

The calculation of the closing level of the Leverage Strategy is set out in the "Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Strategy" section on pages 15 to 19 below.

Initial Exchange Rate³:

0.1736294684

Final Exchange Rate:

The rate for the conversion of HKD to SGD as at 5:00pm (Singapore Time) on the Valuation Date as shown on Reuters, provided that if the Reuters service ceases to display such information, as determined by the Issuer by reference to such source(s) as the Issuer may reasonably determine to be appropriate at such a time.

Air Bag Mechanism:

The "Air Bag Mechanism" refers to the mechanism built in the Leverage Strategy and which is designed to reduce the Leverage Strategy exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions. If the Underlying Stock falls by 15% or more ("Air Bag Trigger Price") during the trading day (which represents approximately 75% loss after a 5 times leverage), the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered and the Leverage Strategy is adjusted intraday. The Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Strategy if the Underlying Stock falls further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to rise after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses.

Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes of continuous trading after the Air Bag is triggered. The resumption of trading is subject to the SGX-ST's requirements of at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST approves the request from the Issuer to resume trading on the Certificates, rounded to the next quarter of an hour.

The Leverage Strategy is floored at 0 and the Certificates cannot be valued below zero.

Please refer to the "Air Bag Mechanism" section on page 19 below and the "Description of Air Bag Mechanism" section on pages 39 to 40 of this document for further information of the Air Bag Mechanism.

Adjustments and Extraordinary Events:

The Issuer has the right to make adjustments to the terms of the Certificates if certain events, including any capitalisation issue, rights issue, extraordinary distributions, merger, delisting, insolvency (as more specifically set out in the terms and conditions of the Certificates) occur in respect of the Underlying Stock. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

Underlying Stock Currency: Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD")

Settlement Currency: Singapore Dollar ("SGD")

Exercise Expenses: Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are

incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates.

the Certificates:

Relevant Stock Exchange for The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST")

Relevant Stock Exchange for **HKEX**

the Underlying Stock:

Business Day, Business Day and Exchange Business Day:

Settlement A "Business Day" or a "Settlement Business Day" is a day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays) on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

> An "Exchange Business Day" is a day on which the SGX-ST and the HKEX are open for dealings in Singapore and Hong Kong respectively during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore and Hong Kong.

The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP") Warrant Agent:

Clearing System: CDP

Fees and Charges: Normal transaction and brokerage fees shall apply to the trading of

> the Certificates on the SGX-ST. Investors should note that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in

accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred. Investors who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers. In addition, investors should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax treatment which will apply at any given time.

Investors holding position overnight would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy including the Funding Cost and the Rebalancing Cost. The Management Fee may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Certificates. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET.

Further Information:

Please refer to the website at http://dlc.ubs.com for more information on the theoretical closing price of the Certificates on the previous trading day, the closing price of the Underlying Stock on the previous trading day, the Air Bag Trigger Price for each trading day and the Management Fee and Gap Premium.

Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Strategy

Description of the Leverage Strategy

The Leverage Strategy is designed to track a 5 times daily leveraged exposure to the Underlying Stock.

At the end of each trading day of the Underlying Stock, the exposure of the Leverage Strategy to the Underlying Stock is reset within the Leverage Strategy in order to retain a daily leverage of 5 times the performance of the Underlying Stock (excluding costs) regardless of the performance of the Underlying Stock on the preceding day. This mechanism is referred to as the Daily Reset.

The Leverage Strategy incorporates an air bag mechanism which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, as further described below.

Leverage Strategy Formula

LSL_t means, the Leverage Strategy Level as at the Leverage Reset Time (t), calculated in accordance with the following formulae:

On Leverage Reset Time (1):

$$LSL_1 = 1000$$

On each subsequent Leverage Reset Time (t):

$$LSL_{t} = Max \Big[LSL_{r(t)} \times \Big(1 + LR_{r(t),t} - \ FC_{r(t),t} - \ RC_{r(t),t} \Big), 0 \Big]$$

Leverage Reset

means

Time (t)

- 1) the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on any Observation Date; and
- 2) end of any Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period.

Leverage Reset Time (1) is the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock on Issue Date.

Leverage Reset Time r(t) means the Leverage Reset Time immediately preceding the Leverage Reset Time (t).

 $LR_{r(t),t}$

means the Leveraged Return of the Underlying Stock between Leverage Reset Time r(t) and Leverage Reset Time (t), calculated as follows:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times \textit{Rfactor}_t} - 1\right)$$

 $FC_{r(t),t}$

means, the Funding Cost between the Leverage Reset Time r(t) (included) and the Leverage Reset Time (t) (excluded) calculated as follows:

If the Leverage Reset Time r(t) is at the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on any Observation Date,

$$FC_{r(t),t} = (Leverage - 1) \times \frac{Rate_{r(t)} \times ACT(r(t), t)}{DayCountBasisRate}$$

Otherwise, $FC_{r(t),t} = 0$

 $RC_{r(t),t}$

means the Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Strategy as at Leverage Reset Time (t), calculated as follows:

$$RC_{r(t),t} = Leverage \times (Leverage - 1) \times \left(\left| \frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right| \right) \times TC$$

TC

means the Transaction Costs applicable as determined by the Calculation Agent (including Stamp Duty and any other applicable taxes, levies and costs which may be levied on the stock transactions on the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock by the applicable regulatory authorities from time to time) that are currently equal to:

0.10%

"Stamp Duty" refers to the applicable rate of stamp duty on the stock transactions in the jurisdiction of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock, which may be changed by the applicable regulatory authorities from time to time.

Leverage

5

S_t means the Underlying Stock Price as of Leverage Reset Time (t) computed as follows, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions:

If the Leverage Reset Time (t) is at the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on any Observation Date,

 \mathbf{S}_{t} is the Closing Price of the Underlying Stock as of such Observation Date. Otherwise.

 \mathbf{S}_{t} is the lowest price of the Underlying Stock during the respective Intraday Restrike Observation Period.

Rfactor_t

means an amount determined by the Calculation Agent, according to the following formula, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions:

If in respect of the Leverage Reset Time (t), the immediately preceding Leverage Reset Time r(t) is at the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on any Observation Date,

$$Rfactor_{t} = 1 - \frac{Div_{t}}{S_{r(t)}}$$

Otherwise,

$$Rfactor_t = 1$$

Where

 Div_{t} is the dividend to be paid out in respect of the Underlying Stock on the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time (t) if such Observation Date is an ex-dividend date, otherwise is zero. The dividend shall be considered net of any applicable withholding taxes.

Rate_t

means, in respect of the Observation Date of Leverage Reset Time (t), a rate calculated as of such day in accordance with the following formula:

$$Rate_t = CashRate_t + \%SpreadLevel_t$$

CashRate_t

means, in respect of the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time (t), the Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND= or any successor page, being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rate is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page. Upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of a Benchmark Event, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.

%SpreadLevel,

means, in respect of the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time (t), a rate which shall be determined with respect to such Valuation Date(t) by the Calculation Agent as the difference between (1) the 12-month HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKD1YD= and (2) Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND=or any successor page, each being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rates is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page. Upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of a Benchmark Event, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.

Provided that if such difference is negative, %SpreadLevel_t should be 0%.

Benchmark Event

means:

- the relevant reference rate has ceased to be published on the relevant screen page as a result of such benchmark ceasing to be calculated or administered; or
- (b) a public statement by the administrator of the relevant reference rate that (in circumstances where no successor administrator has been or will be appointed that will continue publication of such reference rate) it has ceased publishing such reference rate permanently or indefinitely or that it will cease to do so by a specified future date (the "Specified Future Date"); or
- (c) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the relevant reference rate that such reference rate has been or will, by a specified future date (the "Specified Future Date"), be permanently or indefinitely discontinued; or
- (d) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the relevant reference rate as a consequence of which Reference Rate will, by a specified future date (the "Specified Future Date"), be prohibited from being used, or that its use will be subject to restrictions or adverse consequences, either generally or in respect of the Certificates; or
- (e) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the relevant reference rate that, in the view of such supervisor, such reference rate is or will, by a specified future date (the "Specified Future Date"), be no longer representative of an underlying market or the methodology to calculate such reference rate has materially changed; or
- (f) it has or will, by a specified date within the following six months, become unlawful for the Calculation Agent or the Issuer to calculate any payments due to be made to any holder of the Certificates

using the relevant reference rate (including, without limitation, under the Benchmarks Regulation (EU) 2016/1011, if applicable).

Notwithstanding the subparagraphs above, where the relevant Benchmark Event is a public statement within subparagraphs (b), (c), (d) or (e) above and the Specified Future Date in the public statement is more than six months after the date of that public statement, the Benchmark Event shall not be deemed occur until the date falling six months prior to such Specified Future Date.

ACT(r(t),t)

ACT(r(t),t) means the number of calendar days between the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time r(t) (included) and the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time (t) (excluded).

DayCountBasisRate

365

Air Bag Mechanism

Intraday Restrike Event

means in respect of an Observation Date, the decrease at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the amount of $S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t$ where r(t) means the immediately preceding Leverage Reset Time prior to such Calculation Time.

Calculation Time

means any time between the TimeReferenceOpening and the TimeReferenceClosing, provided that the relevant data is available to enable the Calculation Agent to determine the Leverage Strategy Level.

TimeReferenceOpening

means the scheduled opening time (including pre-opening session or opening auction, as the case may be) for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).

TimeReferenceClosing

means the scheduled closing time (including closing auction session) for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).

Intraday Restrike Event
Observation Period

means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the period starting on and excluding the Intraday Restrike Event Time and finishing on and including the sooner between (1) the time falling 15 minutes of continuous trading after the Intraday Restrike Event Time and (2) the TimeReferenceClosing.

Where, during such period, the Calculation Agent determines that (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is disrupted or subject to suspension or limitation or (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is not open for continuous trading, the Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period will be extended to the extent necessary until (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is no longer disrupted, suspended or limited and (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is open for continuous trading.

Intraday Restrike Event Time

means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the Calculation Time on which such event occurs.

The Conditions set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document are set out below. This section is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the relevant Conditions set out below, replace or modify the relevant Conditions for the purpose of the Certificates.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG/SHORT CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

1. Form, Status, Transfer and Title

- (a) Form. The Certificates (which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include any further certificates issued pursuant to Condition 11) are issued subject to and with the benefit of:-
 - a master instrument by way of deed poll (the "Master Instrument") dated 28
 June 2024, made by UBS AG (the "Issuer") acting through its London Branch; and
 - (ii) a warrant agent agreement (the "Master Warrant Agent Agreement" or "Warrant Agent Agreement") dated any time on or before the Closing Date, made between the Issuer and the Warrant Agent for the Certificates.

Copies of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement are available for inspection at the specified office of the Warrant Agent.

The Certificate Holders (as defined below) are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

- (b) Status. The Certificates constitute direct, general and unsecured contractual obligations of the Issuer and rank, and will rank, equally among themselves and pari passu with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer (save for statutorily preferred exceptions). The Certificates provide for cash settlement on exercise and, in particular, the Certificates will not be secured by any underlying assets. The Certificates do not entitle Certificate Holders to the delivery of any Underlying Stock, are not secured by the Underlying Stock and do not entitle Certificate Holders to any interest in any Underlying Stock.
- (c) Transfer. The Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate ("Global Warrant") which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"). Certificates in definitive form will not be issued. Transfers of Certificates may be effected only in Board Lots or integral multiples thereof. All transactions in (including transfers of) Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records maintained by CDP.
- (d) Title. Each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates shall be treated by the Issuer and the Warrant Agent as the holder and absolute owner of such number of Certificates, notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. The expression "Certificate Holder" shall be construed accordingly.

2. Certificate Rights and Exercise Expenses

(a) Certificate Rights. Every Certificate entitles each Certificate Holder, upon due exercise and on compliance with Condition 4, to payment by the Issuer of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined below) (if any) in the manner set out in Condition 4.

The "Cash Settlement Amount", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount (if positive) payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The "Closing Level", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

$$\left(\frac{Final\,Reference\,Level\,\times Final\,Exchange\,Rate}{Initial\,Reference\,Level\,\times Initial\,Exchange\,Rate} - Strike\,Level\right) \times Hedging\,Fee\,Factor$$

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on the Valuation Date or any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Valuation Date or Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Exchange Business Days or Underlying Stock Business Days, as the case may be, immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been a Valuation Date or an Observation Date. In that case:-

- (i) that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the Valuation Date or the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event; and
- (ii) the Issuer shall determine the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level on the basis of its good faith estimate of the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level that would have prevailed on that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, but for the Market Disruption Event provided that the Issuer, if applicable, may, but shall not be obliged to, determine such Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level by having regard to the manner in which futures contracts relating to the Underlying Stock are calculated.

"Market Disruption Event" means the occurrence or existence of (i) any suspension of trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange of the Underlying Stock requested by the Company if that suspension is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, (ii) any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Stock Exchange or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) on the Relevant Stock Exchange in the Underlying Stock if that suspension or limitation is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, or (iii) the closing of the Relevant Stock Exchange or a disruption to trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange, if that disruption is, in the determination of the Issuer, material as a result of the occurrence of any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion or terrorism.

- (b) Exercise Expenses. Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates (the "Exercise Expenses"). An amount equivalent to the Exercise Expenses will be deducted by the Issuer from the Cash Settlement Amount in accordance with Condition 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Certificate Holders shall account to the Issuer on demand for any Exercise Expenses to the extent that they were not or could not be deducted from the Cash Settlement Amount prior to the date of payment of the Cash Settlement Amount to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 4.
- (c) No Rights. The purchase of Certificates does not confer on the Certificate Holders any right (whether in respect of voting, dividend or other distributions in respect of the Underlying Stock or otherwise) which the holder of an Underlying Stock may have.

3. Expiry Date

Unless automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Certificates shall be deemed to expire at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day (as defined below), the immediately preceding Business Day.

4. Exercise of Certificates

- (a) Exercise. Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in accordance with Condition 4(b).
- (b) Automatic Exercise. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) below. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
- In respect of Certificates which are automatically exercised in (c) Settlement. accordance with Condition 4(b), the Issuer will pay to the Warrant Agent who will then pay to the relevant Certificate Holder the Cash Settlement Amount (if any) in the Settlement Currency. The aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) shall be dispatched by the Warrant Agent as soon as practicable and no later than five Settlement Business Days (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) following the Expiry Date (subject to extension upon the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event (as defined above) by way of crossed cheque or other payment in immediately available funds drawn in favour of the Certificate Holder only (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, the first-named Certificate Holder) appearing in the records maintained by CDP. Any payment made pursuant to this Condition 4(c) shall be delivered at the risk and expense of the Certificate Holder and posted to the Certificate Holder's address appearing in the records maintained by CDP (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, to the address of the first-named Certificate Holder appearing in the records maintained by CDP). If

the Cash Settlement Amount is equal to or less than the determined Exercise Expenses, no amount is payable.

The Issuer's obligations to pay the Cash Settlement Amount shall be discharged by payment to the Warrant Agent in accordance with the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

- (d) CDP not liable. CDP shall not be liable to any Certificate Holder with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Issuer or the Warrant Agent in connection with the exercise of the Certificates or otherwise pursuant to or in connection with these Conditions.
- (e) Business Day. In these Conditions, a "Business Day" shall be a day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays) on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

5. Warrant Agent

- (a) Warrant Agent. The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the appointment of a successor, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Warrant Agent and to appoint another Warrant Agent provided that it will at all times maintain a Warrant Agent which, so long as the Certificates are listed on the SGX-ST, shall be in Singapore. Notice of any such termination or appointment and of any change in the specified office of the Warrant Agent will be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.
- (b) Agent of Issuer. The Warrant Agent will be acting as agent of the Issuer and will not assume any obligation or duty to or any relationship of agency or trust for the Certificate Holders. All determinations and calculations by the Warrant Agent under these Conditions shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final and binding on the Issuer and the Certificate Holders.

6. Adjustments

- (a) Potential Adjustment Event. Following the declaration by a Company of the terms of any Potential Adjustment Event (as defined below), the Issuer will determine whether such Potential Adjustment Event has a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock and, if so, will (i) make the corresponding adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate to account for that dilutive or concentrative or other effect, and (ii) determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of such Potential Adjustment Event made by an exchange on which options or futures contracts on the Underlying Stock are traded.
- (b) Definitions. "Potential Adjustment Event" means any of the following:
 - (i) a subdivision, consolidation, reclassification or other restructuring of the Underlying Stock (excluding a Merger Event) or a free distribution or dividend of any such Underlying Stock to existing holders by way of bonus, capitalisation or similar issue;
 - (ii) a distribution or dividend to existing holders of the Underlying Stock of (1) such Underlying Stock, or (2) other share capital or securities granting the

right to payment of dividends and/or the proceeds of liquidation of the Company equally or proportionately with such payments to holders of such Underlying Stock, or (3) share capital or other securities of another issuer acquired by the Company as a result of a "spin-off" or other similar transaction, or (4) any other type of securities, rights or warrants or other assets, in any case for payment (in cash or otherwise) at less than the prevailing market price as determined by the Issuer;

- (iii) an extraordinary dividend;
- (iv) a call by the Company in respect of the Underlying Stock that is not fully paid;
- a repurchase by the Company of the Underlying Stock whether out of profits or capital and whether the consideration for such repurchase is cash, securities or otherwise;
- (vi) with respect to a Company an event that results in any shareholder rights pursuant to a shareholder rights agreement or other plan or arrangement of the type commonly referred to as a "poison pill" being distributed, or becoming separated from shares of common stock or other shares of the capital stock of such Company (provided that any adjustment effected as a result of such an event shall be readjusted upon any redemption of such rights); or
- (vii) any other event that may have, in the opinion of the Issuer, a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock.
- (c) Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation and Insolvency. If a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency occurs in relation to the Underlying Stock, the Issuer may take any action described below:
 - (i) determine the appropriate adjustment, if any, to be made to any one or more of the Conditions to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, and determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency made by an options exchange to options on the Underlying Stock traded on that options exchange;
 - (ii) cancel the Certificates by giving notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. If the Certificates are so cancelled, the Issuer will pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such Certificate Holder which amount shall be the fair market value of a Certificate taking into account the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, less the cost to the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9; or
 - (iii) following any adjustment to the settlement terms of options on the Underlying Stock on such exchange(s) or trading system(s) or quotation system(s) as the Issuer in its reasonable discretion shall select (the "Option Reference Source") make a corresponding adjustment to any one or more of the Conditions, which adjustment will be effective as of the date determined by the Issuer to be the

effective date of the corresponding adjustment made by the Option Reference Source. If options on the Underlying Stock are not traded on the Option Reference Source, the Issuer will make such adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate, with reference to the rules and precedents (if any) set by the Option Reference Source, to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, that in the determination of the Issuer would have given rise to an adjustment by the Option Reference Source if such options were so traded.

Once the Issuer determines that its proposed course of action in connection with a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, it shall give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 stating the occurrence of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, giving details thereof and the action proposed to be taken in relation thereto. Certificate Holders should be aware that due to the nature of such events, the Issuer will not make an immediate determination of its proposed course of action or adjustment upon the announcement or occurrence of a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency.

(d) Definitions. "Insolvency" means that by reason of the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, bankruptcy, insolvency, dissolution or winding-up of or any analogous proceeding affecting a Company (i) all the Underlying Stock of that Company is required to be transferred to a trustee, liquidator or other similar official or (ii) holders of the Underlying Stock of that Company become legally prohibited from transferring them. "Merger Date" means the closing date of a Merger Event or, where a closing date cannot be determined under the local law applicable to such Merger Event, such other date as determined by the Issuer. "Merger Event" means, in respect of the Underlying Stock, any (i) reclassification or change of such Underlying Stock that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all of such Underlying Stock outstanding to another entity or person, (ii) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of a Company with or into another entity or person (other than a consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange in which such Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in reclassification or change of all of such Underlying Stock outstanding), (iii) takeover offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person to purchase or otherwise obtain 100 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock of the Company that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all such Underlying Stock (other than such Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity or person), or (iv) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of the Company or its subsidiaries with or into another entity in which the Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in a reclassification or change of all such Underlying Stock outstanding but results in the outstanding Underlying Stock (other than Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity) immediately prior to such event collectively representing less than 50 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock immediately following such event, in each case if the Merger Date is on or before the Valuation Date. "Nationalisation" means that all the Underlying Stock or all or substantially all of the assets of a Company are nationalised, expropriated or are otherwise required to be transferred to any governmental agency, authority, entity or instrumentality thereof. "Tender Offer" means a takeover offer, tender offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person that results in such entity or person purchasing, or otherwise obtaining or having the right to obtain, by conversion or other means, greater than 10 per cent. and less than 100 per cent. of the outstanding voting shares of the Company, as determined by the Issuer, based upon the making of filings with

governmental or self-regulatory agencies or such other information as the Issuer deems relevant.

- (e) Subdivision or Consolidation of the Certificates. The Issuer reserves the right to subdivide or consolidate the Certificates, provided that such adjustment is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction).
- Other Adjustments. Except as provided in this Condition 6 and Conditions 10 and 12, (f) adjustments will not be made in any other circumstances, subject to the right reserved by the Issuer (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole and unfettered discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to make such adjustments and amendments as it believes appropriate in circumstances where an event or events (including the events as contemplated in Conditions 6(a) to 6(e)) occur which it believes in its sole discretion (and notwithstanding any prior adjustment made pursuant to the above) and irrespective of, in substitution for, or in addition to the provisions contemplated in Conditions 6(a) to 6(e) should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such adjustment or as the case may be, amendment provided that such adjustment or as the case may be, amendment is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction).
- (g) Notice of Adjustments. All determinations made by the Issuer pursuant hereto will be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders. The Issuer will give, or procure that there is given notice as soon as practicable of any adjustment and of the date from which such adjustment is effective in accordance with Condition 9. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

7. Purchases

The Issuer or its related corporations may at any time purchase Certificates at any price in the open market or by tender or by private treaty. Any Certificates so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation.

8. Meetings of Certificate Holders; Modification

(a) Meetings of Certificate Holders. The Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of the Certificate Holders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement) of a modification of the provisions of the Certificates or of the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

At least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the meeting is held) specifying the date, time and place of the meeting shall be given to the Certificate Holders.

Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer or by Certificate Holders holding not less than ten per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution will be two

or more persons holding or representing not less than 25 per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised, or at any adjourned meeting two or more persons being or representing Certificate Holders whatever the number of Certificates so held or represented.

A resolution will be an Extraordinary Resolution when it has been passed at a duly convened meeting by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by such Certificate Holders who, being entitled to do so, vote in person or by proxy.

An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Certificate Holders shall be binding on all the Certificate Holders whether or not they are present at the meeting. Resolutions can be passed in writing if passed unanimously.

(b) Modification. The Issuer may, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, effect (i) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Certificate Holders or (ii) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is of a formal, minor or technical nature, which is made to correct an obvious error or which is necessary in order to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law. Any such modification shall be binding on the Certificate Holders and shall be notified to them by the Warrant Agent before the date such modification becomes effective or as soon as practicable thereafter in accordance with Condition 9.

9. Notices

- (a) Documents. All cheques and other documents required or permitted by these Conditions to be sent to a Certificate Holder or to which a Certificate Holder is entitled or which the Issuer shall have agreed to deliver to a Certificate Holder may be delivered by hand or sent by post addressed to the Certificate Holder at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, addressed to the joint holder first named at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP, and airmail post shall be used if that address is not in Singapore. All documents delivered or sent in accordance with this paragraph shall be delivered or sent at the risk of the relevant Certificate Holder.
- (b) Notices. All notices to Certificate Holders will be validly given if published in English on the website of the SGX-ST. Such notices shall be deemed to have been given on the date of the first such publication. If publication on the website of the SGX-ST is not practicable, notice will be given in such other manner as the Issuer may determine. The Issuer shall, at least one month prior to the expiry of any Certificate, give notice of the date of expiry of such Certificate in the manner prescribed above.

10. Liquidation

In the event of a liquidation or dissolution of the Company or the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, all unexercised Certificates will lapse and shall cease to be valid for any purpose, in the case of voluntary liquidation, on the effective date of the relevant resolution and, in the case of an involuntary liquidation or dissolution, on the date of the relevant court order or, in the case of the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, on the date when such appointment is effective but subject (in any such case) to any contrary mandatory

requirement of law. In the event of the voluntary liquidation of the Company, the Issuer shall make such adjustments or amendments as it reasonably believes are appropriate in the circumstances.

11. Further Issues

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, to create and issue further certificates so as to form a single series with the Certificates.

12. Delisting

- (a) Delisting. If at any time, the Underlying Stock ceases to be listed on the Relevant Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall give effect to these Conditions in such manner and make such adjustments and amendments to the rights attaching to the Certificates as it shall, in its absolute discretion, consider appropriate to ensure, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, that the interests of the Certificate Holders generally are not materially prejudiced as a consequence of such delisting (without considering the individual circumstances of any Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences that may result in any particular jurisdiction).
- (b) Issuer's Determination. The Issuer shall determine, in its absolute discretion, any adjustment or amendment and its determination shall be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders save in the case of manifest error. Notice of any adjustments or amendments shall be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable after they are determined.

13. Early Termination

(a) Early Termination for Illegality etc. The Issuer shall have the right to terminate the Certificates if it shall have determined in its absolute discretion that a Regulatory Event (as defined below) has occurred and, for reasons beyond its control its performance thereunder shall have become unlawful in whole or in part under any applicable present or future law, rule, regulation, judgment, order or directive of any governmental, administrative, legislative or judicial authority or power ("Applicable Law").

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Regulatory Event" means, following the occurrence of a Change in Law (as defined below) with respect to the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates involved in the issue of the Certificates (hereafter the "Relevant Affiliates" and each of the Issuer and the Relevant Affiliates, a "Relevant Entity") that, after the Certificates have been issued, (i) any Relevant Entity would incur a materially increased (as compared with circumstances existing prior to such event) amount of tax, duty, liability, penalty, expense, fee, cost or regulatory capital charge however defined or collateral requirements for performing its obligations under the Certificates or hedging the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, including, without limitation, due to clearing requirements of, or the absence of, clearing of the transactions entered into in connection with the issue of, or hedging the Issuer's obligation under, the Certificates, (ii) it is or will become for any Relevant Entity impracticable, impossible (in each case, after using commercially reasonable efforts), unlawful, illegal or otherwise prohibited or contrary, in whole or in part, under any law, regulation, rule, judgement, order or directive of any governmental, administrative or judicial authority, or power, applicable to such Relevant Entity (a) to hold, acquire, issue, reissue, substitute, maintain, settle, or as the case may be, guarantee, the Certificates, (b) to acquire, hold, sponsor or dispose of any asset(s) (or any interest thereof) of any other transaction(s) such Relevant Entity may use in connection with the issue of the Certificates or to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, (c) to perform

obligations in connection with, the Certificates or any contractual arrangement entered into between the Issuer and any Relevant Affiliate (including without limitation to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates) or (d) to hold, acquire, maintain, increase, substitute or redeem all or a substantial part of its direct or indirect shareholding in the Issuer's capital or the capital of any Relevant Affiliate or to directly or indirectly sponsor the Issuer or any Relevant Affiliate, or (iii) there is or may be a material adverse effect on a Relevant Entity in connection with the issue of the Certificates.

"Change in Law" means (i) the adoption, enactment, promulgation, execution or ratification of any applicable new law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) after the Certificates have been issued, (ii) the implementation or application of any applicable law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) already in force when the Certificates have been issued but in respect of which the manner of its implementation or application was not known or unclear at the time, or (iii) the change of any applicable law, regulation or rule existing when the Certificates are issued, or the change in the interpretation or application or practice relating thereto, existing when the Certificates are issued of any applicable law, regulation or rule, by any competent court, tribunal, regulatory authority or any other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any additional or alternative court, tribunal, authority or entity, to that existing when the Certificates are issued).

- (b) Early Termination for other reasons. The Issuer reserves the right (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole and unfettered discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to terminate the Certificates in accordance with Condition 13(c) where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such termination provided that such termination is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the interests of Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such termination in any particular jurisdiction).
- (c) Termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. The Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by the Applicable Law, pay to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such Certificate Holder an amount calculated by it as the fair market value of the Certificate immediately prior to such termination (ignoring such illegality) less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any related hedging arrangements. Payment will be made to the Certificate Holder in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holder in accordance with Condition 9.

14. Governing Law

The Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law. The Issuer and each Certificate Holder (by its purchase of the Certificates) shall be deemed to have submitted for all purposes in connection with the Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of Singapore.

15. Prescription

Claims against the Issuer for payment of any amount in respect of the Certificates will become void unless made within six years of the Expiry Date and, thereafter, any sums payable in respect of such Certificates shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Issuer.

16. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 2001 of Singapore

Unless otherwise expressly provided in the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement, a person who is not a party to any contracts made pursuant to the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement has no rights under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 2001 of Singapore to enforce any terms of such contracts. Except as expressly provided herein, the consent of any third party is not required for any subsequent agreement by the parties hereto to amend or vary (including any release or compromise of any liability) or terminate such contracts.

SUMMARY OF THE ISSUE

The following is a summary of the issue and should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document. Terms used in this Summary are defined in the Conditions.

Issuer: UBS AG acting through its London Branch

Company: Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd.

The Certificates: European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the Underlying

Stock

Number: 23,000,000 Certificates

Form: The Certificates will be issued subject to, and with the benefit of, a

master instrument by way of deed poll dated 28 June 2024 (the "Master Instrument") and executed by the Issuer and a master warrant agent agreement dated 27 February 2008 (the "Master Warrant Agent

Agreement") and made between the Issuer and the Warrant Agent.

Cash Settlement Amount: In respect of each Certificate, is the amount (if positive) equal to:

Notional Amount per Certificate x Closing Level

Denominations: Certificates are represented by a global warrant in respect of all the

Certificates.

Exercise: The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry

Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders will not be required to deliver an exercise notice. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates will be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to

receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.

Exercise and Trading

Currency:

SGD

Board Lot: 100 Certificates

Transfers of Certificates: Certificates may only be transferred in Board Lots (or integral multiples

thereof). All transfers in Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass

upon registration of the transfer in the records of CDP.

Listing: Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and

for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. Issue of the Certificates is conditional on such listing being granted. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates on the SGX-ST will commence

on or about 4 July 2024.

Governing Law: The laws of Singapore

Warrant Agent: The Central Depository (Pte) Limited

4 Shenton Way

#02-01 SGX Centre 2 Singapore 068807

Further Issues: Further issues which will form a single series with the Certificates will be

permitted.

The above summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document and the Base Listing Document.

INFORMATION RELATING TO

THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

What are European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities?

European style cash settled long certificates on single equities (the "Certificates") are structured products relating to the Underlying Stock and the return on a Certificate is linked to the performance of the Leverage Strategy.

A) Cash Settlement Amount Payable upon the Exercise of the Certificates at Expiry

Upon the exercise of the Certificates at expiry, the Certificate Holders would be paid a Cash Settlement Amount in respect of each Certificate.

The Cash Settlement Amount, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The Closing Level, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to (1) divided by (2) less (3) subject to any adjustments such as (4), where:

- (1) is the Final Reference Level multiplied by the Final Exchange Rate;
- (2) is the Initial Reference Level multiplied by the Initial Exchange Rate;
- (3) is the Strike Level; and
- (4) is the Hedging Fee Factor.

If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised and investors will receive a Cash Settlement Amount. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired. Please refer to the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" for further details on the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.

The Certificates are only suitable for investors who believe that the price of the Underlying Stock will increase and are seeking short-term leveraged exposure to the Underlying Stock.

B) Trading the Certificates before Expiry

If the Certificate Holders want to cash out their investments in the Certificates before the expiry of the Certificates, they may sell the Certificates in the secondary market during the life of the Certificates, and would be subject to the following fees and charges:

- (i) For Certificate Holders who trade the Certificates intraday: shall pay normal transaction and brokerage fees for the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST, and may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred; and
- (ii) For Certificate Holders who hold the Certificates overnight: in addition to the normal transaction and brokerage fees and applicable stamp taxes, would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy including the Funding Cost and the Rebalancing Cost.

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Illustration of the Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor

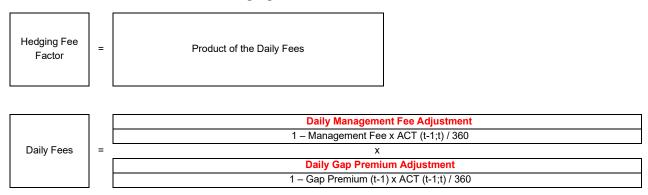


Illustration of the Calculation of Cash Settlement Amount

Cash Settlement Amount = Final Value of Certificates – Strike Level (zero)

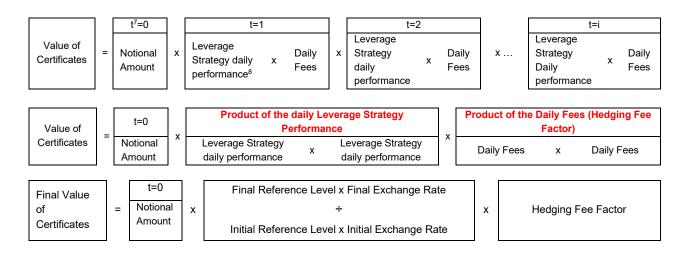


Illustration of the applicable fees and charges for an intraday trading scenario

Hedging Fee is implemented overnight in the price of the Certificate. As a consequence, when trading intraday, investors will not bear any Hedging Fee.

Investors will only support bid/ask costs, which are the difference between the price at which the Designated Market Maker purchases (bid) and sells (ask) the Certificate at any point of time.

⁷ "t" refers to "**Observation Date**" which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date.

⁸ Leverage Strategy daily performance is computed as the Leverage Strategy Level on Business Day (t) divided by the Leverage Strategy Level on Business Day (t-1).

Example of Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor and Cash Settlement Amount

The example is purely hypothetical. We include the example to illustrate how the Certificates work, and you MUST NOT rely on them as any indication of the actual return or what the payout on the Certificates might actually be. The example also assumes a product which expires 16 days after listing date, to illustrate the daily calculation of price, costs and fees from listing date to expiry date.

Assuming an investor purchases the following Certificates at the Issue Price:

Underlying Stock: Ordinary H shares of Ping An Insurance

(Group) Company of China, Ltd. traded in

HKD

Expected Listing Date: 01/02/2021

Expiry Date: 16/02/2021

Initial Reference Level: 1,000

Initial Exchange Rate: 1

Final Reference Level: 1,200

Final Exchange Rate: 1

Issue Price: 0.40 SGD

Notional Amount per Certificate: 0.40 SGD

Management Fee (p.a.): 0.40%

Gap Premium (p.a.): 7.00%

Strike Level: Zero

Hedging Fee Factor

Hedging Fee Factor on the nth Underlying Stock Business Day after issuance of Certificate ("HFF (n)") is calculated as follows:

HFF(0) = 100%

On Next Calendar Day (assuming it is an Underlying Stock Business Day):

$$\mathsf{HFF}\left(1\right) \ = \ \mathsf{HFF}\left(0\right) \ \times \left(1 - \mathsf{Management}\,\mathsf{Fee} \ \times \ \frac{\mathsf{ACT}\left(t-1;t\right)}{360}\right) \ \times \left(1 - \mathsf{Gap}\,\mathsf{Premium} \ \times \ \frac{\mathsf{ACT}\left(t-1;t\right)}{360}\right)$$

HFF (1) = 100% ×
$$\left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 7.00\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right)$$

HFF (1) = $100\% \times 99.9989\% \times 99.9806\% \approx 99.9794\%$

Assuming 2nd Underlying Stock Business Day falls 3 Calendar Days after 1st Underlying Stock Business Day:

$$\text{HFF (2)} = \text{HFF (1)} \times \left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT (t-1;t)}}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT (t-1;t)}}{360}\right)$$

HFF (2) = 99.9794% ×
$$\left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right)$$
 × $\left(1 - 7.00\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right)$

HFF (2) =
$$99.9794\% \times 99.9967\% \times 99.9417\% \approx 99.9178\%$$

The same principle applies to the following Underlying Stock Business Days:

$$HFF\left(n\right) = HFF\left(n-1\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Management Fee } \times \frac{ACT\left(t-1;t\right)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium } \times \frac{ACT\left(t-1;t\right)}{360}\right)$$

In this example, the Hedging Fee Factor as of the Valuation Date would be equal to 99.6921% as illustrated below:

| Date | HFF |
|-----------|-----------|
| 2/1/2021 | 100.0000% |
| 2/2/2021 | 99.9794% |
| 2/3/2021 | 99.9589% |
| 2/4/2021 | 99.9383% |
| 2/5/2021 | 99.9178% |
| 2/8/2021 | 99.8562% |
| 2/9/2021 | 99.8357% |
| 2/10/2021 | 99.8151% |
| 2/11/2021 | 99.7946% |
| 2/12/2021 | 99.7741% |
| 2/15/2021 | 99.7126% |
| 2/16/2021 | 99.6921% |

Cash Settlement Amount

In this example, the Closing Level and the Cash Settlement Amount would be computed as follows:

Closing Level = [(Final Reference Level x Final Exchange Rate) / (Initial Reference Level x Initial Exchange Rate) – Strike Level] x Hedging Fee Factor

Cash Settlement Amount = Closing Level x Notional Amount per Certificate

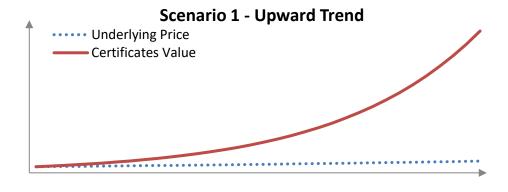
= 119.63% x 0.40 SGD

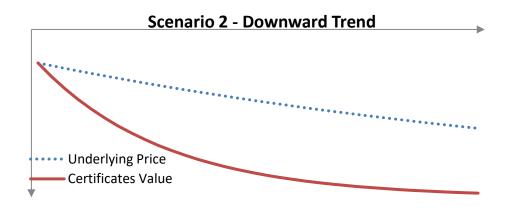
= 0.479 SGD

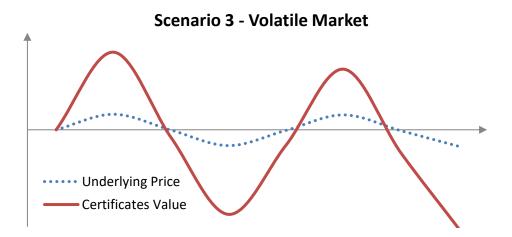
Illustration on how returns and losses can occur under different scenarios

The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of the Underlying Stock performance on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, dividends, or any other market parameters.

1. Illustrative examples







2. Numerical Examples

Scenario 1 - Upward Trend

| Underlying | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Day 0 | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 |
| Daily Return | | 2.00% | 2.00% | 2.00% | 2.00% | 2.00% |
| Value at end of day | 10,000.00 | 10,200.00 | 10,404.00 | 10,612.08 | 10,824.32 | 11,040.81 |
| Accumulated Return | | 2.00% | 4.04% | 6.12% | 8.24% | 10.41% |

| Value of the Certificates | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Day 0 | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 |
| Daily Return | | 10.00% | 10.00% | 10.00% | 10.00% | 10.00% |
| Price at end of day | 0.40 | 0.44 | 0.48 | 0.53 | 0.59 | 0.64 |
| Accumulated Return | | 10.00% | 21.00% | 33.10% | 46.41% | 61.05% |

Scenario 2 - Downward Trend

| Underlying | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Day 0 | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 |
| Daily Return | | -2.00% | -2.00% | -2.00% | -2.00% | -2.00% |
| Value at end of day | 10,000.00 | 9,800.00 | 9,604.00 | 9,411.92 | 9,223.68 | 9,039.21 |
| Accumulated Return | | -2.00% | -3.96% | -5.88% | -7.76% | -9.61% |

| Value of the Certificates | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Day 0 | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 |
| Daily Return | | -10.00% | -10.00% | -10.00% | -10.00% | -10.00% |
| Price at end of day | 0.40 | 0.36 | 0.32 | 0.29 | 0.26 | 0.24 |
| Accumulated Return | | -10.00% | -19.00% | -27.10% | -34.39% | -40.95% |

Scenario 3 - Volatile Market

| | Underlying | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | Day 0 | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 |
| Daily Return | | 2.00% | -2.00% | -2.00% | 2.00% | 2.00% |
| Value at end of day | 10,000.00 | 10,200.00 | 9,996.00 | 9,796.08 | 9,992.00 | 10,191.84 |
| Accumulated Return | | 2.00% | -0.04% | -2.04% | -0.08% | 1.92% |

| Value of the Certificates | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| | Day 0 | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 |
| Daily Return | | 10.00% | -10.00% | -10.00% | 10.00% | 10.00% |
| Price at end of day | 0.40 | 0.44 | 0.40 | 0.36 | 0.39 | 0.43 |
| Accumulated Return | | 10.00% | -1.00% | -10.90% | -1.99% | 7.81% |

Description of Air Bag Mechanism

The Certificates integrate an "Air Bag Mechanism" which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions.

In accordance with the Air Bag Mechanism timeline below, when the Air Bag triggers, the following typically occurs:

- Observation Period: the price of the Underlying Stock is observed and its minimum price is recorded (i) during 15 minutes of continuous trading after the Air Bag is triggered, or (ii) until Market Close if there is 15 minutes (or less) of continuous trading until Market Close when the Air Bag is triggered; and
- Reset Period: thereafter, the Leverage Strategy is reset using the minimum price of the Underlying Stock during the Observation Period as the New Observed Price. The New Observed Price replaces the last closing price of the Underlying Stock in order to compute the performance of the Leverage Strategy.

During the Observation Period and Reset Period, trading of Certificates is suspended for a period of <u>at least</u> 30 minutes of continuous trading after the Air Bag is triggered, and such suspension will be based on instructions provided by the Issuer to the SGX-ST for suspension of trading. Investors cannot sell or purchase any Certificates during this period.

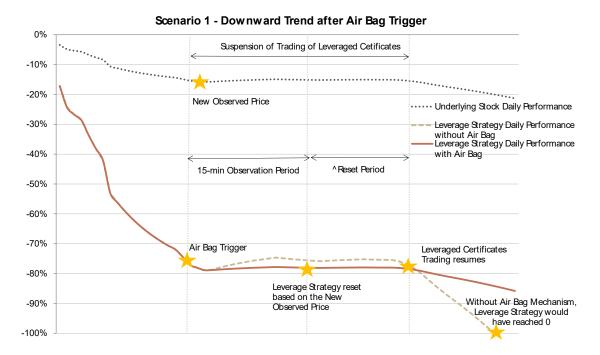
For the avoidance of doubt, if the Air Bag Mechanism was triggered with more than 60 minutes of continuous trading before Market Close, trading of Certificates will resume the same trading day after the Reset Period has elapsed, subject to the SGX-ST's approval to resume trading. If the Air Bag Mechanism was triggered between 45 minutes and 60 minutes of continuous trading before Market Close, trading of Certificates may or may not resume the same trading day after the Reset Period has elapsed. If the Air Bag Mechanism was triggered with only 45 minutes (or less) of continuous trading before Market Close, trading of Certificates resumes on the next trading day.

The resumption of trading is subject to the SGX-ST's requirements of at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST approves the request from the Issuer to resume trading on the Certificates, rounded to the next quarter of an hour. The Issuer will provide at least 15 minutes' notice of the resumption of trading by making an SGXNET announcement.

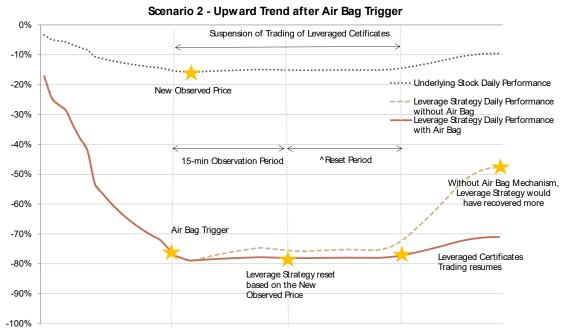
With Market Close defined as:

- the Underlying Stock closing time, including the closing auction session, with respect to the Observation Period; and
- the sooner of (i) the Underlying Stock closing time for continuous trading and (ii) the SGX-ST closing time, with respect to the Resumption of Trading

Illustrative examples of the Air Bag Mechanism9



^ The resumption of trading is subject to the SGX-ST's requirements of at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST approves the request from the Issuer to resume trading on the Certificates, rounded to the next quarter of an hour.



^ The resumption of trading is subject to the SGX-ST's requirements of at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST approves the request from the Issuer to resume trading on the Certificates, rounded to the next quarter of an hour.

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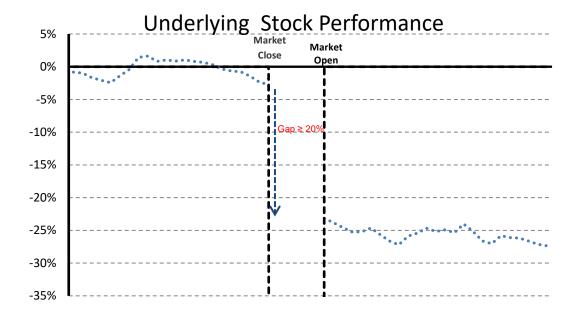
⁹ The illustrative examples are not exhaustive.

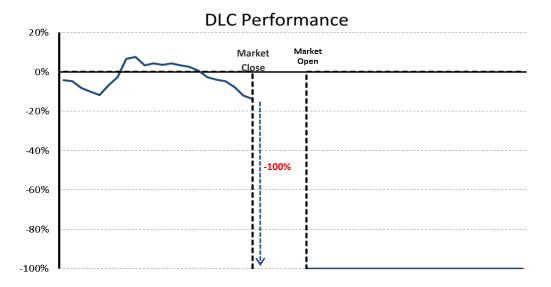
Scenarios where the investor may lose the entire value of the investment

The scenarios below are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The scenarios highlight cases where the Certificates may lose 100% of their value.

Scenario 1 – Overnight fall of the Underlying Stock

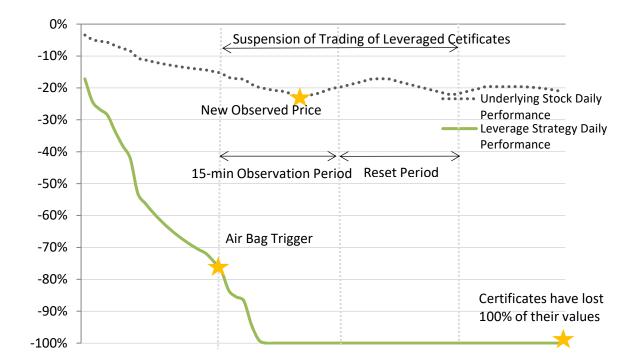
On any business day, the opening price of the Underlying Stock may be higher or lower than the closing price on the previous day. The difference between the previous closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock is termed a "gap". If the opening price of the Underlying Stock is 20% or more below the previous day closing price, the Air Bag Mechanism would only be triggered when the market (in respect of which the Underlying Stock is listed) opens the following day (including preopening session or opening auction, as the case may be), and the Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.





Scenario 2 – Sharp intraday fall of the Underlying Stock

Although the Air Bag Mechanism is designed to reduce the exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, the Certificate can lose 100% of its value in the event the price of the Underlying Stock falls by 20% or more within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (i) if air bag event has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (ii) if one or more air bag events have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. The Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.



Examples and illustrations of adjustments due to certain corporate actions

The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of corporate actions on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, or any other market parameters.

In the case of any corporate action on the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent will, as soon as reasonably practical after it becomes aware of such event, determine whether such corporate action has a dilutive or concentrative effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock, and if so, will (a) calculate the corresponding adjustment, if any, to be made to the elements relating to the Underlying Stock which are used to determine any settlement or payment terms under the Certificates and/or adjust at its discretion any other terms of the Certificates as it determines appropriate to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under the Certificates and (b) determine the effective date of such adjustment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Observation Date of the Leverage Reset Time (t) is an ex-date with respect to a corporate action related to the Underlying Stock, and the immediately preceding Leverage Reset Time r(t) is at the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto), the Calculation Agent may, in its sole and absolute discretion, replace the $Rfactor_t$ with respect to such Leverage Reset Time (t) by an amount computed according to the following generic formula:

$$Rfactor_{t} = \left[1 - \frac{Div_{t} + DivExc_{t} - M \times R}{S_{r(t)}}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + M}$$

This formula is provided for indicative purposes and the Calculation Agent may determine that this formula is not appropriate for certain corporate actions and may apply a different formula instead.

Such adjustment of $Rfactor_t$ would affect the Leveraged Return, the Rebalancing Cost, and the Underlying Reference Price used to determine the Intraday Restrike Event. The Air Bag mechanism would not be triggered if the stock price falls by 15% exclusively because of the dilutive effect of a corporate action.

Where:

DivExc_t is the amount received as an Extraordinary Dividend by a holder of existing Shares for each Share held prior to the Extraordinary Dividend, net of any applicable withholding taxes.

M is the number of new Share(s) (whether a whole or a fraction) per existing Share each holder thereof is entitled to subscribe or to receive (positive amount) or the number of existing Shares redeemed or canceled per existing Share (negative amount), as the case may be, resulting from the corporate action.

R is the subscription price per Share (positive amount) or the redemption price per Share (negative amount) including any dividends or other benefits forgone to be subscribe to or to receive (as applicable), or to redeem a Share.

1. Stock split

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 1 to 2 stock split (i.e. 1 new Share for every 1 existing share):

$$S_{r(t)} = $100$$

$$S_t = $51$$

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

M = 1 (i.e. 1 new Shares for 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 2 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 1} = 50\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = Leverage \ \times \ \left(\frac{s_t}{s_{r(t)} \times \textit{Rfactor}_t} - 1\right) = \ 5 \ \times \ \left(\frac{51}{100 \times 50\%} - 1\right) = 10\%$$

| S _{r(t)} | $S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t$ | S _t | Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|
| 100 | 50 | 51 | 2% |

| Value of the Certificate r(t) | Value of the Certificate (t) | Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees) |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| 0.40 | 0.44 | 10% |

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$42.5, which is 15% below \$50, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

2. Share Consolidation

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 2 to 1 share consolidation (i.e. 1 Share canceled for every 2 existing Shares):

$$S_{r(t)} = $100$$

 $S_t = 202

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

M = -0.5 (i.e. 0.5 Shares canceled for each 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - (-0.5) \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + (-0.5)} = 200\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = Leverage \ \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \ \times \ Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = \ 5 \ \times \left(\frac{202}{100 \times 200\%} - 1\right) = 5\%$$

| S _{r(t)} | $S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t$ | S _t | Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|
| 100 | 200 | 202 | 1% |

| Value of the Certificate r(t) | Value of the Certificate (t) | Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees) |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| 0.40 | 0.42 | 5% |

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$170, which is 15% below \$200, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

3. Rights Issues

Assuming there is a rights issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, with a right to receive 1 new Share for every 2 existing Shares, for a subscription price of \$40.

$$S_{r(t)} = $100$$

 $S_t = 84

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

R = \$40 (i.e. subscription price of \$40)

M = 0.5 (i.e. 1 new share for every 2 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.5 \times 40}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.5} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1\right) = 25\%$$

| S _{r(t)} | $S_{r(t)} \times Rfactor_t$ | S _t | Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|
| 100 | 80 | 84 | 5% |

| Value of the Certificate r(t) | Value of the Certificate (t) | Certificates' performance |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | (excluding any cost and fees) |
| | | |
| 0.40 | 0.50 | 25% |
| | | |

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$68, which is 15% below \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

4. Bonus Issues

Assuming there is a bonus issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, where shareholders receive 1 bonus share for 5 existing shares:

$$S_{r(t)} = $100$$

 $S_t = 85

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

R = \$0

M = 0.2 (i.e. 1 new share for 5 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.2 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.2} = 83.33\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = Leverage \ \times \ \left(\frac{s_t}{s_{r(t)} \times \textit{Rfactor}_t} - 1\right) = \ 5 \ \times \ \left(\frac{85}{100 \times 83.33\%} - 1\right) = \ 10\%$$

| S _{r(t)} | $S_{t(t)} \times Rfactor_t$ | S _t | Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 100 | 83.33 | 85 | 2% |

| Value of the Certificate r(t) | Value of the Certificate (t) | Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees) |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| 0.40 | 0.44 | 10% |

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$70.83, which is 15% below \$83.33, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

5. Extraordinary Dividend

Assuming there is an extraordinary dividend of \$20 (net of taxes) paid in respect of each stock.

$$S_{r(t)} = $100$$

$$S_{\rm t} = \$84$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = $20$$

$$R = $0$$

$$M = 0$$

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 20 - 0 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{r(t),t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{r(t)} \times \textit{Rfactor}_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1\right) = 25\%$$

| S _{r(t)} | $S_{r(t)-} \times Rfactor_t$ | S _t | Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance |
|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------|--|
| 100 | 80 | 84 | 5% |

| Value of the Certificate r(t) | Value of the Certificate (t) | Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees) |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| 0.40 | 0.50 | 25% |

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$68, which is 15% below \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE COMPANY

All information contained in this document regarding the Company, including, without limitation, its financial information, is derived from publicly available information which appears on the web-site of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (the "HKExCL") at http://www.hkex.com.hk and/or the Company's web-site at http://www.pingan.com. The Issuer has not independently verified any of such information.

Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd. (the "Company") is a personal financial services provider. The Company provides insurance, banking, investment, and Internet finance products and services. The Company operates its businesses through four segments. The Insurance segment provides life insurance and property insurance, including term, whole-life, endowment, annuity, automobile and health insurance. The Banking segment is engaged in loan and intermediary businesses with corporate customers and retail business. The Assets management segment is engaged in security, trust and other assets management businesses, including investment, brokerage, trading and asset management services. The Internet Financing segment is engaged in the provision of Internet finance products and services.

The information set out in the Appendix to this document relates to the unaudited results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the three months ended 31 March 2024 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 23 April 2024 in relation to the same. Further information relating to the Company may be located on the web-site of the HKExCL at http://www.hkex.com.hk.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE DESIGNATED MARKET MAKER

UBS AG, acting through its London Branch, has been appointed the designated market maker ("DMM") for the Certificates. The DMM will provide competitive buy and sell quotes for the Certificates continuously during the trading hours of the SGX-ST on the following basis:

(a) Maximum bid and offer spread

when the best bid price of the Certificate is : (i) S\$10 and below: 10 ticks or S\$0.20 whichever is greater; and

(ii) when the best bid price of the Certificate is above S\$10: 5% of the best bid price of the Certificate.

Minimum quantity subject to bid and : 10,000 Certificates (b) offer spread

Last Trading Day for Market Making (c)

: The date falling 5 Exchange Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry Date

In addition, the DMM may not provide a quotation in the following circumstances:

- (i) during the pre-market opening and five minutes following the opening of the SGX-ST on any trading day;
- (ii) if the Certificates are valueless (where the Issuer's bid price is below the minimum bid size for such securities as prescribed by the SGX-ST);
- (iii) before the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has opened and after the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has closed on any trading day;
- (iv) when trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or limited in a material way for any reason, for the avoidance of doubt, the DMM is not obliged to provide quotations for the Certificates at any time when the Underlying Stock is not negotiated/traded for any reason;
- (v) where the Certificates are suspended from trading for any reason;
- market disruption events, including, without limitation, any suspension of or limitation (vi) imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the SGX-ST or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) in the Underlying Stock;
- where the Issuer or the DMM faces technical problems affecting the ability of the DMM to (vii) provide bids and offer quotations;
- (viii) where the ability of the Issuer to source a hedge or unwind an existing hedge, as determined by the Issuer in good faith, is materially affected by the prevailing market conditions, and the Issuer informs the SGX-ST of its inability to do so as soon as practicable;
- (ix) in cases where the Issuer has no Certificates to sell, then the DMM will only provide the bid

- (x) if the stock market experiences exceptional price movement and volatility;
- (xi) when it is a public holiday in Singapore and/or Hong Kong and the SGX-ST and/or the HKEX is not open for dealings; and
- (xii) during the suspension of trading of Certificates after an Air Bag Mechanism has been triggered.

The last trading day on which the DMM will provide competitive quotations for the Certificates would be the fifth Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Expiry Date.

PLACING AND SALE

General

No action has been or will be taken by the Issuer that would permit a public offering of the Certificates or possession or distribution of any offering material in relation to the Certificates in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of any Certificates, or distribution of any offering material relating to the Certificates may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws or regulations and will not impose any obligation on the Issuer. In the event that the Issuer contemplates a placing, placing fees may be payable in connection with the issue and the Issuer may at its discretion allow discounts to placees.

United Kingdom

In relation to each tranche of Certificates, the Issuer has represented, warranted and agreed that:

- (a) No deposit-taking: in relation to any Certificates having a maturity of less than one year:
 - (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business; and
 - (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Certificates other than to persons:
 - (A) whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses; or
 - (B) who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses,

where the issue of the Certificates would otherwise constitute a contravention of section 19 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "FSMA") by the Issuer;

- (b) Financial Promotion: it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Certificates in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not or would not, if the Issuer was not an authorised person, apply to the Issuer; and
- (c) General Compliance: it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Certificates in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

If the applicable Supplemental Listing Document in respect of any Certificates specifies the "Prohibition of Sales to European Economic Area Retail Investors" as "Not Applicable", the Issuer has represented and agreed that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available such Certificates to any retail investor in the United Kingdom. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "retail investor" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 ("EUWA"); or

- (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the FSMA and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA which were relied on immediately before exit day to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or
- (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; and
- (b) the expression an "offer" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

If the applicable Supplemental Listing Document in respect of any Certificates specifies the "Prohibition of Sales to European Economic Area Retail Investors" as "Not Applicable", the Issuer has represented and agreed that it has not made and will not make an offer of Certificates which are the subject of the offering contemplated by the Base Listing Document as completed by this Supplemental Listing Document to the public in the United Kingdom except that it may make an offer of such Certificates to the public in the United Kingdom:

- a) if the Supplemental Listing Document in relation to the Certificates specifies an offer of those Certificates may be made other than pursuant to Article 1(4) of the UK Prospectus Regulation in the United Kingdom (a "Public Offer"), following the date of publication of a prospectus in relation to such Certificates which either (i) has been approved by the UK Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA"), or (ii) is to be treated as if it had been approved by the FCA in accordance with the transitional provision in Regulation 74 of the Prospectus (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, provided that any such prospectus has subsequently been completed by final terms contemplating such Public Offer, in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified in such prospectus or final terms, as applicable, and the Issuer has consented in writing to its use for the purpose of that Public Offer;
- b) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation;
- c) at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in Article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation); or
- d) at any time in any other circumstances falling within section 86 of the FSMA, provided that no such offer of Certificates to the public referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the publication of a prospectus pursuant to section 85 of the FSMA or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the UK Prospectus Regulation.

provided that no such offer of Certificates referred to in (b) to (d) above shall require the Issuer to publish a prospectus pursuant to section 85 of the FSMA or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the UK Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression "an offer of Certificates to the public" in relation to any products in the United Kingdom means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Certificates, and the expression "**UK Prospectus Regulation**" means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA.

United States of America

The Certificates have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act. Subject to certain exceptions, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offering, sale or resale in the United States or to any such U.S. person. Offers and sales of Certificates, or interests therein, in the United States or to U.S. persons would constitute a violation of United States securities laws unless made in compliance with registration requirements of the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption therefrom. The Certificates will not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to U.S. persons. As used herein, "United States" means the United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia), its territories, its possessions and other areas subject to its jurisdiction; and "U.S. person" means (i) any citizen or resident of the United States, including any corporation, partnership or other entity created or organised in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof, (ii) any estate or trust the income of which is subject to United States income taxation regardless of its source, (iii) "U.S. person" as such term is defined in (a) Regulation S under the Securities Act or (b) the Interpretive Guidance and Policy Statement Regarding Compliance with Certain Swap Regulations promulgated by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") pursuant to the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended, or (iv) a person other than a "Non-United States Person" as defined in CFTC Rule 4.7, in each case, as such definition is amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

Prohibition of Sales to European Economic Area

If the applicable Supplemental Listing Document in respect of any Certificates specifies the "Prohibition of Sales to European Economic Area Retail Investors" as "Not Applicable", the Issuer has represented and agreed that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering contemplated by the Base Listing Document as completed by this Supplemental Listing Document to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "retail investor" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "MiFID II");
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2016/97 (as amended), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (as amended, the "**Prospectus Regulation**"); and
- (b) the expression an "offer" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Certificates.

PUBLIC OFFER SELLING RESTRICTION UNDER THE PROSPECTUS REGULATION

If the Supplemental Listing Document specifies "Prohibition of Sales to European Economic Area Retail Investors" as "Not Applicable", in relation to each member state of the European

Economic Area (each, a "Relevant State"), the Issuer has represented, warranted and agreed that it has not made and will not make an offer of Certificates which are the subject of the offering contemplated by the Base Listing Document as completed by this Supplemental Listing Document to the public in that Relevant State except that it may make an offer of such Certificates to the public in that Relevant State:

- (a) Approved listing document: if the Supplemental Listing Document in relation to the Certificates specifies that an offer of those Certificates may be made other than pursuant to Article 1(4) of the Prospectus Regulation in that Relevant State (a "Non-exempt Offer"), following the date of publication of a listing document in relation to such Certificates which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant State, provided that any such listing document has subsequently been completed by the Supplemental Listing Document contemplating such Non-exempt Offer, in accordance with the Prospectus Regulation, in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified in such listing document or Supplemental Listing Document, as applicable and the Issuer has consented in writing to its use for the purpose of that Non-exempt Offer;
- (b) Qualified investors: at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Regulation;
- (c) Fewer than 150 offered: at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Regulation), subject to obtaining the prior consent of the Issuer for any such offer; or
- (d) Other exempt offers: at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Regulation,

provided that no such offer of Certificates referred to in (b) to (d) above shall require the Issuer to publish a listing document pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Regulation or supplement a listing document pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer of Certificates to the public" in relation to any Certificates in any Relevant State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates, as the same may be varied in that Relevant State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Regulation in that Relevant State.

Singapore

This document has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this document and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of Certificates may not be circulated or distributed, nor may Certificates be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any applicable provision of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore.

Hong Kong

No person, other than a person permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong, has issued, or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, or will issue, or have in its possession for the purposes of issue any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Certificates, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong other than with respect to Certificates which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of the Laws of Hong Kong and any rules made thereunder.

SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL INFORMATION

The information set out herein is supplemental to, and should be read in conjunction with, the information set out on page 268 of the Base Listing Document.

- Save as disclosed in the Base Listing Document and herein, there is no litigation, arbitration or administrative proceedings relating to claims or amounts which are material in the context of the issue of the Certificates to which the Issuer is a party nor, to the best of its knowledge and belief, is there any threatened litigation, arbitration or administrative proceedings relating to claims or amounts which are material in the context of the issue of the Certificates which would in either case jeopardise its ability to discharge its obligations in respect of the Certificates.
- 2. UBS AG, Singapore Branch at 9 Penang Road, Singapore 238459, has been authorised to accept, on behalf of the Issuer, service of process and any other notices required to be served on the Issuer. Any notices required to be served on the Issuer should be sent to UBS AG, Singapore Branch at the above address for the attention of Han-Kiat Tan, Legal & Compliance.
- 3. Settlement of trades done on a normal "ready basis" on the SGX-ST generally take place on the second Business Day following the transaction. Dealing in the Certificates will take place in board lots of 100 Certificates in Singapore dollars. For further details on the transfer of Certificates and their exercise, please refer to the section headed "Summary of the Issue" above.
- 4. It is not the current intention of the Issuer to apply for a listing of the Certificates on any stock exchange other than the SGX-ST.
- 5. There has been no adverse change, material in the context of the issue of the Certificates, in the financial position of the Issuer since 31 March 2024.
- 6. The following contracts, relating to the issue of the Certificates, have been or will be entered into by the Issuer and may be material to the issue of the Certificates:
 - (a) the Master Instrument; and
 - (b) the Master Warrant Agent Agreement.

None of the directors of the Issuer has any direct or indirect interest in any of the above contracts.

- 7. The Issuer has appropriate risk management capabilities to manage the issue of the Certificates.
- 8. Copies of the following documents may be inspected during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays, Sundays and holidays excepted) at the office of Allen & Gledhill LLP at One Marina Boulevard #28-00, Singapore 018989, during the period of 14 days from the date of this document:

- (a) the articles of association of the Issuer;
- (b) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Issuer;
- (c) the Base Listing Document; and
- (d) this document.

APPENDIX

REPRODUCTION OF THE UNAUDITED RESULTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 OF PING AN INSURANCE (GROUP) COMPANY OF CHINA, LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited take no responsibility for the contents of this announcement, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this announcement.



中国平安保险(集团)股份有限公司

Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd.

(A joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

Stock Code: 2318 (HKD counter) and 82318 (RMB counter)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF UNAUDITED RESULTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

The board of directors (the "Board") of Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd. ("Ping An" or the "Company") hereby announces the unaudited results (the "First Quarter Results") of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (the "Reporting Period"). The Board and its Audit and Risk Management Committee have reviewed the First Quarter Results.

1. KEY BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

1.1 Business Highlights

China's economy is recovering, but the foundation for sustainable recovery needs to be further consolidated, and there are still challenges to enterprises seeking steady development. Ping An maintained strong resilience of overall operations in the first three months of 2024 by focusing on core financial businesses and pursuing high-quality development.

- Ping An maintained steady development, and its core businesses resumed growth. Operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company reached RMB38,709 million in the first three months of 2024. Three core businesses, namely life and health insurance ("Life & Health"), property and casualty insurance, and banking, resumed growth, with operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company up 0.3% year on year.
- Life & Health achieved steady business development and enhanced comprehensive strength in channels. New business value ("NBV") amounted to RMB12,890 million in the first three months of 2024, up 20.7% year on year on a like-for-like basis. NBV per agent increased 56.4% year on year. NBV margin was 22.8%, up 6.5 pps year on year on a like-for-like basis.

- Ping An Property and Casualty ("Ping An P&C") maintained healthy business quality with steady business growth. Insurance revenue rose by 5.7% year on year to RMB80,627 million in the first three months of 2024. Overall combined ratio ("COR") excluding guarantee insurance was 98.4%, up year on year mainly due to snowstorms on early days of the Chinese New Year and increased customer travels.
- Ping An Bank maintained steady business performance and stable asset quality. Net profit grew 2.3% year on year to RMB14,932 million in the first three months of 2024. Core tier 1 capital adequacy ratio rose to 9.59% and provision coverage ratio was 261.66% as of March 31, 2024.
- Ping An continued to develop its integrated finance model. Retail customers increased 1.0% year to date to nearly 234 million and contracts per customer reached 2.94 as of March 31, 2024.
- Ping An continued to implement its health and senior care ecosystem strategy, empowering its core financial businesses with differentiated advantages. By integrating providers, Ping An partnered with all top 100 hospitals and 3A hospitals in China, and accumulated about 50,000 in-house doctors and contracted external doctors in China as of March 31, 2024. Ping An partnered with approximately 231,000 pharmacies as of March 31, 2024, up by nearly 1,000 year to date. Ping An's home-based senior care services have covered 54 cities across China, offering nearly 600 service items in total. Customers entitled to service benefits in the health and senior care ecosystem contributed about 70% of Ping An Life's NBV in the first three months of 2024, up 6 pps year on year.
- Ping An actively fulfilled its social responsibilities and supported green development and rural vitalization. Ping An achieved RMB10,682 million in green insurance premium income and provided RMB2,677 million for rural industrial vitalization through "Ping An Rural Communities Support" in the first three months of 2024. Ping An received a "Low Risk" ESG risk rating from Morningstar Sustainalytics with a score of 17.0 in 2024, ranked first in the Chinese mainland's insurance sector.

1.2 Key Figures

| For the three months ended March 31 | 2024 | 2023 | Change (%) |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company (in RMB million) | 36,709 | 38,352 | (4.3) |
| Basic earnings per share (in RMB) | 2.07 | 2.17 | (4.6) |
| Operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company ⁽¹⁾ (in RMB million) | 38,709 | 39,920 | (3.0) |
| Basic operating earnings per share ⁽¹⁾ (in RMB) | 2.18 | 2.26 | (3.5) |
| Life & Health NBV ⁽²⁾ (in RMB million) | 12,890 | 10,682 | 20.7 |
| Ping An P&C's COR ⁽³⁾ (%) | 99.6 | 98.7 | 0.9 pps |
| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | Change (%) |
| Number of retail customers (in million) | 233.78 | 231.57 | 1.0 |
| Contracts per retail customer (contract) | 2.94 | 2.95 | (0.3) |

- Notes: (1) The computation of operating profit is based on a 4.5% long-run investment return assumption. Operating profit for the same period last year computed based on a 4.5% long-run investment return assumption was disclosed in the chapter "Analysis of Embedded Value" of the Company's 2023 Annual Report.
 - (2) The computation of Life & Health NBV is based on a 4.5% long-run investment return assumption and a 9.5% risk discount rate. Quarterly NBV computed based on the end-2023 assumptions and model was disclosed in the chapter "Analysis of Embedded Value" of the Company's 2023 Annual Report.
 - (3) COR under IFRS 17 = (insurance service expenses + (allocation of reinsurance premiums paid amount recovered from reinsurer) + (net insurance finance expenses for insurance contracts issued net reinsurance finance income for reinsurance contracts held) + changes in insurance premium reserves)/insurance revenue.

2. PERFORMANCE REVIEW FOR KEY BUSINESSES

2.1 Overview

China's economy gradually recovered in the first three months of 2024, with capital markets picking up compared with the last three months of 2023. However, China still faced growth challenges including insufficient effective demand, overcapacity in some industries, and weak economic expectations. The foundation for economic recovery needed to be further consolidated. Facing opportunities and challenges, Ping An focused on core financial businesses and strengthened the insurance protection function to serve the real economy. Ping An continued to implement its business policy of "focusing on core businesses, boosting revenue and cutting costs, optimizing structure, and enhancing quality and efficiency." Following the technology-driven "integrated finance + health and senior care" strategy, Ping An continuously consolidated its integrated finance advantages, remained customer needs-oriented, and pursued high-quality development.

The Group's operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company declined 3.0% year on year to RMB38,709 million and net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company declined 4.3% year on year to RMB36,709 million in the first three months of 2024. Three core businesses, namely Life & Health, property and casualty insurance, and banking, resumed growth and delivered RMB39,816 million in operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company, up 0.3% year on year.

Operating profit

Operating profit is a meaningful business performance evaluation and comparison metric given the long-term nature of the Company's major L&H business. Ping An defines operating profit after tax as reported net profit excluding the following items which are of a short-term, volatile or one-off nature and others:

- Short-term investment variance applies to Life & Health business excluding the part subject to the variable fee approach (the "VFA")⁽¹⁾. This short-term investment variance is the variance between the actual investment return on the aforesaid business and the embedded value long-run investment return assumption. Net of the short-term investment variance, the investment return on the aforesaid Life & Health business is locked at 4.5%. Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income backing such business are measured at cost.
- The impact of one-off material non-operating items and others is the impact of material items that management considered to be non-operating incomes and expenses. Such impact in the first three months of 2024 and the first three months of 2023 comprised the revaluation gain or loss on the convertible bonds issued by Lufax Holding to the Company.

Note: (1) Insurance finance income or expenses of liabilities subject to the VFA match the changes in the fair value of the underlying items backing such business. Therefore, no adjustment is made when operating metrics are measured.

| For the three months ended March 31 (in RMB million) | Life and health insurance business | Property and casualty insurance business | Banking business | Asset management business | Technology _business | Other businesses and elimination | The Group |
|---|---|--|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------|
| Operating profit attributable to shareholders | | | | | | | |
| of the parent company | 27,288 | 3,874 | 8,654 | 910 | (202) | (1,816) | 38,709 |
| Operating profit attributable to non-controlling interests | 1,002 | 18 | 6,278 | 238 | 199 | 624 | 8,359 |
| Operating profit (A) | 28,291 | 3,892 | 14,932 | 1,148 | (3) | (1,192) | 47,068 |
| Plus: | | | | | | | |
| Short-term investment variance (B) Impact of one-off material non-operating | (2,161) | - | - | - | - | - | (2,161) |
| items and others (C) | | | | | 143 | | 143 |
| Net profit (D=A+B+C) | 26,130 | 3,892 | 14,932 | 1,148 | 140 | (1,192) | 45,050 |
| Net profit attributable to shareholders | | | | | | | |
| of the parent company | 25,146 | 3,874 | 8,654 | 910 | (59) | (1,816) | 36,709 |
| Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests | 984 | 18 | 6,278 | 238 | 199 | 624 | 8,341 |

| Property Life and and Other health casualty Asset businesses For the three months ended March 31 insurance insurance business bus | The Group |
|--|-----------|
| (iii ratio) Outsiness Outsiness Outsiness Outsiness Outsiness Outsiness | |
| Operating profit attributable to shareholders | |
| of the parent company 26,696 4,523 8,462 1,305 693 (1,759) | 39,920 |
| Operating profit attributable to non-controlling interests 511 21 6,140 301 240 606 | 7,819 |
| Operating profit (A) 27,207 4,544 14,602 1,606 933 (1,153) | 47,739 |
| Plus: | |
| Short-term investment variance (B) (1,732) – – – – – – – – Impact of one-off material non-operating | (1,732) |
| items and others (C) | 157 |
| Net profit (D=A+B+C) | 46,165 |
| Net profit attributable to shareholders | |
| of the parent company 24,971 4,523 8,462 1,305 850 (1,759) | 38,352 |
| Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests 505 21 6,140 301 240 606 | 7,813 |

- Notes: (1) The life and health insurance business represents the results of three subsidiaries, namely Ping An Life, Ping An Annuity, and Ping An Health Insurance. The property and casualty insurance business represents the results of Ping An P&C. The banking business represents the results of Ping An Bank. The asset management business represents the results of subsidiaries that engage in asset management business including Ping An Securities, Ping An Trust, Ping An Asset Management, Ping An Financial Leasing and Ping An Overseas Holdings. The technology business represents the results of member companies that engage in technology business including Lufax Holding, OneConnect, Ping An Health, and Autohome. Eliminations include offsets against shareholding among business lines.
 - (2) Operating profit is computed based on a 4.5% long-run investment return assumption. Quarterly operating profits in 2023 computed based on a 4.5% long-run investment return assumption were disclosed in the chapter "Analysis of Embedded Value" of the Company's 2023 Annual Report.
 - (3) Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

2.2 Life and Health Insurance Business

Ping An Life furthered the "4 channels + 3 products" strategy, and achieved steady business development thanks to comprehensive advancement in channels, improved business quality, and diverse products and services launched. Life & Health NBV amounted to RMB12,890 million in the first three months of 2024, up 20.7% year on year on a like-for-like basis. NBV margin was 22.8%, up 6.5 pps year on year on a like-for-like basis. The number of individual life insurance sales agents decreased 4.0% year to date to approximately 333,000 as of March 31, 2024.

In respect of channels, under the value proposition of high-quality development, Ping An Life continued to deepen the transformation and build multi-channel professional sales capabilities, significantly improving the development quality. Ping An Life improved the business quality of the agent channel, and continuously increased team productivity by recruiting high-quality agents through high-quality existing ones. NBV per agent rose by 56.4% year on year in the first three months of 2024, and the proportion of "Talent +" new agents increased by 11.0 pps year on year. Ping An Life furthered the exclusive agency model with Ping An Bank, and continuously expanded partnership with high-quality external banks. In addition, Ping An Life standardized outlet operations, and continuously boosted operational efficiency. Ping An Life continued to roll out Community Grid, focusing on retained customers. Guided by the principle of "Services First, Sales Later," Ping An Life implemented the "Pre-sell, Soft-sell, Cross-sell and Up-sell" model and pursued digital management, which has achieved remarkable results. Overall policy persistency ratio of all retained customers in the cities with Community Grid outlets improved by 2.5 pps year on year as of March 31, 2024.

In respect of products, Ping An Life continues to focus on three areas, namely wealth management, pension insurance, and protection insurance. In respect of wealth management and pension insurance, Ping An Life continued to improve its product portfolio by optimizing product features and diversifying premium payment periods. In respect of protection insurance, Ping An Life launched new products which combine wealth management features and critical illness benefits. These new products, along with the existing Shouhu critical illness products, meet customers' demands for diverse insurance products. By leveraging the Group's health and senior care ecosystem, Ping An Life builds differentiated advantages by enhancing its three core services, namely health care, home-based senior care and high-end senior care. In respect of health care, Ping An Life provided health management services to over 10 million customers in the first three months of 2024. Ping An's home-based senior care services covered 54 cities across China, and nearly 100,000 customers qualified for the home-based senior care services as of March 31, 2024. Ping An established the "Ping An Concierge Senior Care Service Alliance" jointly with partners and launched the "5-7-3 Home Safety Renovation Service" in March 2024 to help elderly people improve their quality of life. In respect of high-end senior care, Ping An has unveiled high-end senior care projects in Shenzhen, Shanghai, Hangzhou and Foshan.

Key indicators of Life & Health

| For the three months ended March 31 (in RMB million) | 2024 | 2023 | Change (%) |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Operating profit ⁽¹⁾ | 27,288 | 26,696 | 2.2 |
| First year premium ("FYP") used to calculate NBV NBV ⁽²⁾ NBV margin ⁽²⁾ (By FYP, %) NBV margin ⁽²⁾ (By ANP ⁽³⁾ , %) | 56,628 12,890 22.8 29.0 | 65,514 10,682 16.3 22.8 | (13.6) 20.7 6.5 pps 6.2 pps |

- Notes: (1) Operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company. The computation of operating profit is based on a 4.5% long-run investment return assumption. Operating profit for the same period last year computed based on a 4.5% long-run investment return assumption was disclosed in the chapter "Analysis of Embedded Value" of the Company's 2023 Annual Report.
 - (2) The computation of Life & Health NBV is based on a 4.5% long-run investment return assumption and a 9.5% risk discount rate. Quarterly NBV computed based on the end-2023 assumptions and model was disclosed in the chapter "Analysis of Embedded Value" of the Company's 2023 Annual Report.
 - (3) ANP (annualized new premium) is calculated as the sum of 100 percent of annualized FYP and 10 percent of single premiums.

2.3 Property and Casualty Insurance Business

Ping An P&C maintained stable business growth as insurance revenue rose by 5.7% year on year to RMB80,627 million in the first three months of 2024. Overall COR rose by 0.9 pps year on year to 99.6%; COR excluding guarantee insurance was 98.4%, up year on year mainly due to snowstorms on early days of the Chinese New Year and increased customer travels. The snowstorms adversely impacted COR by 2.0 pps in the first three months of 2024.

| For the three months ended March 31 (in RMB million) | 2024 | 2023 | Change (%) |
|--|--------|--------|------------|
| Operating profit | 3,892 | 4,544 | (14.3) |
| Insurance revenue | 80,627 | 76,312 | 5.7 |
| COR ⁽¹⁾ (%) | 99.6 | 98.7 | 0.9 pps |

Note: (1) COR under IFRS 17 = (insurance service expenses + (allocation of reinsurance premiums paid – amount recovered from reinsurers) + (net insurance finance expenses for insurance contracts issued – net reinsurance finance income for reinsurance contracts held) + changes in insurance premium reserves) / insurance revenue.

2.4 Insurance Funds Investment Portfolio

China's macroeconomy gradually recovered in the first three months of 2024, but there were still challenges – effective domestic demands remained insufficient, and the foundation for economic recovery needed to be further consolidated. In response to volatile capital markets and declining treasury yields, Ping An continued to pursue long-term returns through cycles via value investing. The Company's insurance funds investment portfolio achieved an annualized comprehensive investment yield of 3.1% and an annualized net investment yield of 3.0% in the first three months of 2024.

The Company's insurance funds investment portfolio grew 4.4% year to date to over RMB4.93 trillion as of March 31, 2024. The Company is committed to creating stable investment incomes through macroeconomic cycles and meeting liability needs under a liability-driven approach, taking solvency as a core metric. At the asset allocation level, the Company keeps a prudent risk appetite and continuously optimizes its 10-year strategic asset allocation through cycles. The Company strikes a balance between low-risk long-term bonds and risk assets, and between value stocks and growth stocks. Moreover, the Company carries out disciplined tactical asset allocation, diversifies investment risks, and selects excellent managers and high-quality assets to cope with various market environments.

Debt schemes and debt wealth management products in the Company's insurance funds investment portfolio totaled RMB404,767 million as of March 31, 2024, accounting for 8.2% of the portfolio, down by 0.6 pps year to date.

The balance of real estate investments in the Company's insurance funds investment portfolio was RMB206,435 million as of March 31, 2024, accounting for 4.2% of the portfolio. The real estate investments were mainly in real properties (including developer-owned real properties invested in directly or in the form of equity stakes in project companies) measured at cost, which represented 79.8% of real estate investments. Such investments were primarily rent-collecting properties including commercial and office properties, logistics real estate, industrial parks, and long-term rental apartments, to match the duration of liabilities, with solid track records. Besides, debt investments and other equity investments accounted for 16.2% and 4.0% of real estate investments respectively.

- Notes: (1) In the computation of annualized investment yields, only interest revenue from deposits and debt financial assets as well as operating lease income from investment properties are annualized, while interest revenue from financial assets purchased under reverse repurchase agreements, interest expenses on assets sold under agreements to repurchase and placements from banks and other financial institutions, dividend income, capital gains from investments, and fair value gains or losses are not annualized.
 - (2) Computation of investment yields excludes changes in fair values of debt investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income backing Life & Health business.

2.5 Banking Business

Under the strategy of "strong retail banking, selective corporate banking, and specialized interbank business," Ping An Bank enhances its ability to serve the real economy, strengthens risk management, advances digital transformation, and maintains steady business performance.

Overall performance: Revenue and net interest margin declined in the first three months of 2024 due to ongoing support for the real economy, the adjusted asset portfolio, and other factors. Ping An Bank improved operational cost-effectiveness via digital transformation, strengthened asset quality control and management, and enhanced non-performing asset recovery and disposal. Net profit grew by 2.3% year on year to RMB14,932 million.

Retail banking: Retail assets under management ("AUM") rose by 1.3% year to date to RMB4,082,712 million as of March 31, 2024. Ping An Bank had approximately 125,843,900 retail customers as of March 31, 2024, including approximately 1,406,600 wealth management customers, up 2.1% year to date. The balance of retail deposits grew 3.9% year to date to RMB1,255,081 million as of March 31, 2024.

Corporate banking: Corporate customers increased by approximately 22,600 or 3.0% year to date to approximately 776,600 as of March 31, 2024. The balance of corporate deposits remained stable year to date at RMB2,197,224 million as of March 31, 2024. The balance of corporate loans grew 12.2% year to date to RMB1,603,958 million as of March 31, 2024.

Interbank business: Market share measured by bond trading volume increased 0.2 pps year on year to 3.1% in the first three months of 2024. Spot bonds sold by domestic and overseas institutions amounted to RMB847,574 million, up 33.8% year on year. The balance of third-party funds distributed under the "ET-Bank" increased 37.7% year to date to RMB255,556 million as of March 31, 2024.

Asset quality: Non-performing loan ratio rose by 0.01 pps year to date to 1.07% and provision coverage ratio was 261.66% as of March 31, 2024, with the deviation of loans more than 60 days overdue being 0.77.

Capital adequacy: Ping An Bank's capital adequacy ratios at all levels met regulatory requirements, and its core tier 1 capital adequacy ratio rose to 9.59% as of March 31, 2024.

| 2024 | 2023 | Change (%) |
|-------------------|---|--|
| 14,932 | 14,602 | 2.3 |
| 38,770 | 45,098 | (14.0) |
| 2.01 | 2.63 | −0.62 pps |
| March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | Change (%) |
| 3,452,305 | 3,407,295 | 1.3 |
| 3,482,088 | 3,407,509 | 2.2 |
| 1.07 | 1.06 | 0.01 pps |
| 261.66 | 277.63 | −15.97 pps |
| 9.59 | 9.22 | N/A ⁽³⁾ |
| | 14,932 38,770 2.01 March 31, 2024 3,452,305 3,482,088 1.07 261.66 | 14,932 14,602 38,770 45,098 2.01 2.63 March 31, December 31, 2024 2023 3,452,305 3,407,295 3,482,088 3,407,509 1.07 1.06 261.66 277.63 |

Notes: (1) Deposits as well as total loans and advances are exclusive of interest receivable and payable.

- (2) Ping An Bank and its wholly-owned subsidiary Ping An Wealth Management Co., Ltd. are included in the computation of the above capital adequacy ratios. According to the *Additional Regulations for Systematically Important Banks (Trial)* and the 2023 List of Systematically Important Banks in China, Ping An Bank is included in the first group on the list, and shall meet conditions including a 0.25% supplementary capital ratio, namely, the minimum regulatory requirement for the core tier 1 capital adequacy ratio is 7.75%.
- (3) For the measurement of capital adequacy ratios, the method specified in the *Administrative Measures for Capital of Commercial Banks* is adopted from 2024 onward. End-2023 capital adequacy ratios were measured by the method specified in the *Administrative Measures for Capital of Commercial Banks (Trial)*.

2.6 Asset Management Business

The Company primarily conducts its asset management business through companies including Ping An Securities, Ping An Trust, Ping An Financial Leasing, and Ping An Asset Management.

The Company continuously enhances its capabilities of making asset allocation, achieving stable long-term returns, and managing multi-asset portfolios to provide retail and institutional customers with comprehensive investment management services. Ping An's AUM⁽¹⁾ exceeded RMB7 trillion as of March 31, 2024.

Note: (1) The AUM is the sum of AUMs of Ping An Securities, Ping An Trust, Ping An Financial Leasing, Ping An Asset Management and so on.

2.7 Technology Business

The Company engages in technology business mainly through member companies including Lufax Holding, OneConnect, Ping An Health, and Autohome, providing diverse products and services for ecosystem users and forming significant synergies.

Ping An continuously invests in research and development to build leading technological capabilities, which have been widely utilized to empower its core financial businesses and accelerate the development of its ecosystems. Ping An promotes technological empowerment in diverse business scenarios. Moreover, Ping An improves the industry ecosystem and technology by sharing leading innovative products and services with external entities.

Ping An remains focused on developing core technologies and securing proprietary intellectual property rights. The Group's patent applications led most international financial institutions, totaling 51,700 as of March 31, 2024.

From the perspective of transforming and upgrading Ping An's core businesses, technology benefits are reflected in higher sales, better business efficiency, and stronger risk management. The volume of services provided by artificial intelligence ("AI") service representatives reached about 420 million times, accounting for 80% of Ping An's total service volume in the first three months of 2024. AI-driven product sales accounted for 58% of total product sales achieved by service representatives. Claims loss reduction via smart risk identification reached RMB3 billion.

2.8 Integrated Finance

Ping An's integrated finance strategy is focused on the development of retail customers⁽¹⁾ under a customer-centric philosophy to strengthen cross-selling among customer segments. In retail business, Ping An leverages its ecosystems to build a brand of heartwarming financial services by providing "worry-free, time-saving, and money-saving" one-stop integrated finance solutions. Retail customers increased 1.0% year to date to nearly 234 million and contracts per retail customer reached 2.94 as of March 31, 2024. Retail customers and contracts per retail customer have increased 17.9% and 10.1% respectively since December 31, 2019.

| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | Change (%) |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Number of retail customers (in million) | 233.78 | 231.57 | 1.0 |
| Contracts per retail customer (contract) | 2.94 | 2.95 | (0.3) |

Note: (1) Retail customers refer to retail customers holding valid financial products with the Group's core financial companies.

2.9 Senior care as a New Driver of Value Growth

Ping An's health and senior care ecosystem creates both standalone direct value and huge indirect value by empowering our core financial businesses through differentiated "Product + Service" offerings. Over 63% of Ping An's nearly 234 million retail customers used services from the health and senior care ecosystem as of March 31, 2024. They held approximately 3.37 contracts and RMB57,600 in AUM per capita, 1.6 times and 3.6 times those held by non-users of these services respectively.

Payers: Ping An made significant progress in both corporate and retail customer development by effectively integrating insurance with health and senior care services. The Group's health and senior care ecosystem had over 45,000 paying corporate clients in the first three months of 2024. Ping An Health had nearly 40 million paying users over the past 12 months. Ping An achieved nearly RMB40 billion in health insurance premium income in the first three months of 2024. Customers entitled to service benefits in the health and senior care ecosystem contributed approximately 70% of Ping An Life's NBV in the first three months of 2024, up 6 pps year on year.

Membership manager: Ping An maintains exclusive health records for customers, and provides membership-based health and senior care services via family doctors and senior care concierges. Ping An guides members through an end-to-end "online, in-store and home-delivered" service network covering the full process of consultation, diagnosis, treatment and services under AI-enabled 24/7 real-time management.

Providers:

In respect of proprietary flagships: Ping An invests in service capabilities via business sectors including general hospitals, checkup centers, medical testing centers, and imaging centers. Hospital beds owned or managed by Ping An can meet customer demands and help optimize the allocation of scarce medical resources, bringing differentiated advantages. PKU Healthcare Group's revenue has grown continuously, driven by its robust operations and faster development since its takeover by Ping An in 2021, exceeding RMB1.1 billion in the first three months of 2024. Peking University International Hospital continuously strengthened discipline development, streamlined operations management, and comprehensively improved patient services. Outpatient visits exceeded 290,000 and the number of available beds exceeded 1,200 in the first three months of 2024. Ping An had five general hospitals, one rehabilitation hospital, one cardiovascular and cerebrovascular hospital, 17 health management centers and 10 children's rehabilitation centers as of March 31, 2024.

In respect of partner networks: Ping An provides services via an "online, in-store, and home-delivered" service network by integrating domestic and overseas premium resources including medical services, health goods and services, and medicines. Ping An had about 50,000 in-house doctors and contracted external doctors in China as of March 31, 2024. Ping An partnered with over 36,000 hospitals (including all top 100 hospitals and 3A hospitals), over 100,000 healthcare management institutions and approximately 231,000 pharmacies (over 37% of all pharmacies, up by nearly 1,000 year to date) in China as of March 31, 2024. Moreover, Ping An launched nearly 600 home-based senior care service items in 54 cities across China and contracted nearly 120 home-based senior care service providers as of March 31, 2024. Our "10-dimensional" blockbuster home-based senior care services, covering service commodity management, order fulfillment management, standard process management, result management and risk management, had a coverage rate of more than 90% and a customer net promoter score of 83%. Overseas, Ping An partnered with over 1,300 healthcare institutions in 35 countries across the world as of March 31, 2024, including eight of global top 10 and 54 of global top 100.

Positive results from a proprietary "health and senior care ecosystem"

The health and senior care ecosystem provides customers with excellent and efficient service experience. Ping An builds its good reputation by providing excellent, efficient and convenient services through the health and senior care ecosystem, enhancing its brand image by word of mouth. For instance, Ping An Health has established an online consultation and treatment platform which covers nine medical specialties including dermatology, pediatrics and traditional Chinese medicine. Patients can see a doctor remotely on a 24/7 basis and get responses within 60 seconds by means of images, texts, speeches, videos and so on, without a need to queue offline. For difficult and complicated diseases, remote consultations can be conducted. Moreover, Ping An Health helps users prevent diseases by maintaining health records for them and carrying out regular clinical follow-ups. There has been no major healthcare incident since the online specialty consultation and treatment platform was established, with five-star monthly reviews from 98% of users.

Ping An integrates proprietary medical resources with commercial insurance to unlock potential value. Ping An provides "heartwarming services" by focusing on "insurance + health" products and exploring "insurance + health care" products. Since its launch in 2021, Ping An Zhen Xiang RUN Health Services Plan has been upgraded on the basis of interactive health management via the introduction of 18 service items including five highlights, namely unique checkups, blood sugar control, online consultation, outpatient appointment assistance and accompanying consultation, and critical illness management. Over 10 million customers of Ping An Life used services from the health and senior care ecosystem in the first three months of 2024. Notably, over 60% of Ping An Life's newly enrolled customers used health management services in the first three months of 2024. Ping An's health and senior care ecosystem empowers its core financial businesses through customer acquisition and retention. Synergies between integrated finance and the health care ecosystem give Ping An Health and PKU Healthcare Group access to corporate and retail customers of Ping An's financial businesses. Meanwhile, they also give companies including Ping An Life access to service benefits in the Group's health care ecosystem. Over 63% of Ping An's nearly 234 million retail customers used services from the health and senior care ecosystem as of March 31, 2024. They held approximately 3.37 contracts and RMB57,600 in AUM per capita, 1.6 times and 3.6 times those held by non-users of these services respectively.

2.10 Prospects of Future Development

Looking ahead, despite complex and severe challenges to economic development, China's economic fundamentals are improving, favorable conditions are increasing, and the trend of economic recovery will continue. Facing the challenges, Ping An will maintain its strategic focus on core financial businesses, continue advancing its technology-driven "integrated finance + health and senior care" strategy, and keep making improvements. We believe that the positive long-term fundamentals of the industries remain intact. The Company will keep its business resilience, build its strengths, and continuously improve operations and management to promote business recovery and growth.

3. TOTAL NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS AND SHAREHOLDINGS OF TOP TEN SHAREHOLDERS AS OF THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

As of March 31, 2024, the total share capital of the Company was 18,210,234,607 shares, of which 10,762,657,695 were A shares and 7,447,576,912 were H shares.

| Total number of shareholders as of the end of the Reporting Period Total number of shareholders was 961,520, of which 957,269 were holders of A shares and 4,251 were holders of H shares | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------|--|---|
| Shareholdings of top ten shareholders | | | | | | |
| Name of shareholder | Nature of shareholder ⁽¹⁾ | Shareholding percentage (%) | Total number of shares held (shares) | Type of shares | Number of shares subject to selling restrictions (shares) | Number of pledged, marked or frozen shares (shares) |
| Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Nominees Limited ⁽²⁾ | Overseas legal person | 38.26 | 6,966,552,371(3) | H share | - | Unknown |
| Shenzhen Investment Holdings Co., Ltd. | State-owned legal person | 5.29 | 962,719,102 | A share | - | 67,550,000 pledged shares |
| Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited ⁽⁴⁾ | Others | 3.03 | 551,696,561 | A share | _ | - |
| China Securities Finance Corporation Limited | Others | 3.01 | 547,459,258 | A share | _ | - |
| Central Huijin Asset Management Ltd. | State-owned legal person | 2.58 | 470,302,252 | A share | _ | - |
| Business Fortune Holdings Limited ⁽³⁾ | Overseas legal person | 2.53 | 459,935,080 | H share | _ | 375,136,584 pledged shares |
| Long-term Service Plan of Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd. (5) | Others | 1.93 | 350,906,763 | A share | - | - |
| Shum Yip Group Limited | State-owned legal person | 1.42 | 257,728,008 | A share | - | - |
| Dacheng Fund – Agricultural Bank of China – Dacheng Zhongzheng Financial Asset Management Plan | Others | 1.11 | 201,948,582 | A share | - | - |
| Huaxia Fund – Agricultural Bank of China – Huaxia Zhongzheng Financial Asset Management Plan | Others | 1.10 | 199,511,462 | A share | - | - |

- Notes: (1) Nature of the holders of A shares represents the nature of accounts held by the holders of A shares registered on the Shanghai Branch of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited.
 - (2) Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Nominees Limited ("**HKSCC Nominees Limited**") is the nominee holder of the shares held by non-registered H shareholders of the Company.
 - (3) Business Fortune Holdings Limited is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Charoen Pokphand Group Co., Ltd. ("CP Group Ltd."), and the shares owned by Business Fortune Holdings Limited have been registered under the name of HKSCC Nominees Limited. In order to avoid double counting, the shares owned by Business Fortune Holdings Limited have been deducted from the shares held by HKSCC Nominees Limited.
 - (4) The shares held by Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited refer to the shares held by non-registered shareholders of the Northbound Trading of the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect Program.
 - (5) Participants in the Long-term Service Plan of the Company are the employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. Over 140,000 employees have participated in the Long-term Service Plan cumulatively throughout the years. The source of funding is the remunerations payable to employees.
 - (6) The above A shareholders do not participate in securities margin trading or securities lending.

Explanation of the connected relationship or acting-in-concert relationship among the above shareholders

Business Fortune Holdings Limited is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of CP Group Ltd. CP Group Ltd. indirectly held 1,040,539,341 H shares of the Company, representing approximately 5.71% of the Company's total share capital as of March 31, 2024, through Business Fortune Holdings Limited and other subsidiaries.

Save as disclosed above, the Company is not aware of any connected relationship or acting-in-concert relationship among the above-mentioned shareholders.

4. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

Implementation of Share Purchase Plans of the Company

To align the interests of shareholders, the Company and employees, improve corporate governance, and establish and improve long-term incentive and restraint mechanisms, the Company has adopted the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan and the Long-term Service Plan. Total shares cumulatively held by the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan and the Long-term Service Plan do not exceed 10% of the Company's total share capital. Total shares corresponding to the equity interest cumulatively vested in a single employee of the Company through the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan and the Long-term Service Plan do not exceed 1% of the Company's total share capital.

Key Employee Share Purchase Plan

The Company has implemented the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan, which has a duration of six years, since 2015 as deliberated at the 16th meeting of the ninth Board held on October 28, 2014 and approved at the first extraordinary general meeting for 2015 held on February 5, 2015. The duration of the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan has been extended by six years to February 4, 2027 as deliberated at the 13th meeting of the 11th Board held on April 23, 2020. Participants in the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan are key employees of the Company and its subsidiaries, including directors, employee representative supervisors and senior management. The sources of funding are the employees' legitimate incomes and performance bonuses. The amount that must be paid for each share by participants in the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan is the market price of such share at the time of purchase by the Company.

Nine phases of the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan were implemented as of the end of the Reporting Period. Shares under each phase are subject to a one-year lock-up period after the purchase. After the lock-up period expires, one third of the shares for each phase are unlocked each year and vested in phases in accordance with the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan. All the shares under the six phases for 2015-2020 were unlocked, and the three phases for 2021-2023 were implemented as follows:

There were 1,754 participants in the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan for 2021. A total of 9,162,837 A shares of the Company were purchased in the secondary market at market prices for a total amount of RMB670,258,495.86 (expenses inclusive), accounting for approximately 0.050% of the Company's total share capital at that time.

There were 1,703 participants in the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan for 2022. A total of 12,518,547 A shares of the Company were purchased in the secondary market at market prices for a total amount of RMB595,602,067.09 (expenses inclusive), accounting for approximately 0.068% of the Company's total share capital at that time.

There were 3,095 participants in the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan for 2023. A total of 15,030,180 A shares of the Company were purchased in the secondary market at market prices for a total amount of RMB693,562,104.08 (expenses inclusive), accounting for approximately 0.082% of the Company's total share capital at that time.

During the Reporting Period, no change in the equity interest under the three phases of the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan for 2021-2023 was implemented, and the manager of the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan remained unchanged.

The Key Employee Share Purchase Plan held a total of 25,391,496 A shares of the Company as at the end of the Reporting Period, accounting for approximately 0.139% of the Company's total share capital.

Long-term Service Plan

The Company has implemented the Long-term Service Plan, which has a duration of ten years, since 2019 as deliberated at the third meeting of the 11th Board held on October 29, 2018 and approved at the second extraordinary general meeting for 2018 held on December 14, 2018. Participants in the Long-term Service Plan are the employees of the Company and its subsidiaries, including directors, employee representative supervisors and senior management. The source of funding is the remunerations payable to employees. The amount that must be paid for each share by participants in the Long-term Service Plan is the market price of such share at the time of purchase by the Company. Participants in the Long-term Service Plan may apply for vesting only when they are retiring from the Company, and will be awarded the shares after their applications have been approved and relevant taxes have been paid.

Five phases of the Long-term Service Plan were implemented as of the end of the Reporting Period:

There were 31,026 participants in the Long-term Service Plan for 2019. A total of 54,294,720 A shares of the Company were purchased in the secondary market at market prices for a total amount of RMB4,296,112,202.60 (expenses inclusive), accounting for approximately 0.297% of the Company's total share capital at that time. During the Reporting Period, in accordance with the Long-term Service Plan and applicable agreed rules, 203 employees were disqualified due to reasons including their resignation; and 376,512 shares were forfeited due to reasons including employees' resignation or failure to meet performance targets.

There were 32,022 participants in the Long-term Service Plan for 2020. A total of 49,759,305 A shares of the Company were purchased in the secondary market at market prices for a total amount of RMB3,988,648,517.41 (expenses inclusive), accounting for approximately 0.272% of the Company's total share capital at that time. During the Reporting Period, in accordance with the Long-term Service Plan and applicable agreed rules, 224 employees were disqualified due to reasons including their resignation; and 357,563 shares were forfeited due to reasons including employees' resignation or failure to meet performance targets.

There were 90,960 participants in the Long-term Service Plan for 2021. A total of 57,368,981 A shares of the Company were purchased in the secondary market at market prices for a total amount of RMB4,184,093,674.69 (expenses inclusive), accounting for approximately 0.314% of the Company's total share capital at that time. During the Reporting Period, in accordance with the Long-term Service Plan and applicable agreed rules, 938 employees were disqualified due to reasons including their resignation; and 588,270 shares were forfeited due to reasons including employees' resignation or failure to meet performance targets.

There were 90,960 participants in the Long-term Service Plan for 2022. A total of 93,314,482 A shares of the Company were purchased in the secondary market at market prices for a total amount of RMB4,438,825,366.37 (expenses inclusive), accounting for approximately 0.510% of the Company's total share capital at that time. During the Reporting Period, in accordance with the Long-term Service Plan and applicable agreed rules, 1,322 employees were disqualified due to reasons including their resignation; 1,157,021 shares were forfeited due to reasons including employees' resignation or failure to meet performance targets.

There were 83,651 participants in the Long-term Service Plan for 2023. A total of 96,608,364 A shares of the Company were purchased in the secondary market at market prices for a total amount of RMB4,450,946,615.20 (expenses inclusive), accounting for approximately 0.528% of the Company's total share capital at that time. During the Reporting Period, in accordance with the Long-term Service Plan and applicable agreed rules, 1,492 employees were disqualified due to reasons including their resignation; 1,585,056 shares were forfeited due to reasons including employees' resignation or failure to meet performance targets.

The manager of the Long-term Service Plan remained unchanged during the Reporting Period.

The Long-term Service Plan held a total of 350,906,763 A shares of the Company as at the end of the Reporting Period, accounting for approximately 1.927% of the Company's total share capital.

The Company has operated stably and healthily since the implementation of the Key Employee Share Purchase Plan and the Long-term Service Plan. The shareholders, the Company and the employees have shared benefits and risks, providing a strong foundation for further improving the Company's governance structure, establishing and strengthening long-term incentive and restraint mechanisms, and facilitating the Company's sustainable and healthy long-term development.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the three months from January 1, 2024 to March 31, 2024.

5. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON PREMIUMS

Life & Health Insurance Business

| For the three months ended March 31 (in RMB million) | 2024 | 2023 | Change (%) |
|--|---------|---------|------------|
| Written premium ⁽¹⁾ | 238,146 | 234,333 | 1.6 |
| Premium income ⁽²⁾ | 185,346 | 183,201 | 1.2 |
| Property and Casualty Insurance Business | | | |
| For the three months ended March 31 | | | |
| (in RMB million) | 2024 | 2023 | Change (%) |
| Premium income ⁽²⁾ | 79,076 | 76,958 | 2.8 |
| Including: Auto insurance | 51,798 | 50,025 | 3.5 |
| Non-auto insurance | 18,188 | 20,152 | (9.7) |
| Accident and health insurance | 9,090 | 6,781 | 34.1 |

Notes: (1) Written premium refers to all premiums received from the polices underwritten by the Company.

⁽²⁾ Premium income refers to premiums computed based on written premium after the significant insurance risk testing and separation of hybrid contracts in accordance with the Circular on the Insurance Industry's Implementation of the No.2 Interpretation of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises (Bao Jian Fa [2009] No.1) and the Circular on Issuing the Regulations regarding the Accounting Treatment of Insurance Contracts (Cai Kuai [2009] No.15).

6. SOLVENCY MARGIN OF SUBSIDIARIES

Below are the solvency data of the Company's insurance subsidiaries prepared and reported in accordance with the National Financial Regulatory Administration's Regulatory Rules on Solvency of Insurance Companies (II) and Circular on Improving Regulatory Standards for Solvency of Insurance Companies:

| As of March 31, 2024 | Ping An Life | Ping An P&C | Ping An Annuity | Ping An Health Insurance |
|---|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Core capital (in RMB million) | 462,586 | 107,397 | 10,429 | 8,688 |
| Actual capital (in RMB million) | 802,108 | 123,053 | 14,959 | 10,365 |
| Minimum capital (in RMB million) | 389,357 | 61,797 | 5,054 | 3,252 |
| Core solvency margin ratio (%) | 118.8 | 173.8 | 206.4 | 267.2 |
| Comprehensive solvency margin ratio (%) | 206.0 | 199.1 | 296.0 | 318.7 |

Notes: (1) Core solvency margin ratio = core capital / minimum capital. Comprehensive solvency margin ratio = actual capital / minimum capital.

- (2) The minimum regulatory requirements for the core solvency margin ratio and comprehensive solvency margin ratio in the table above are 50% and 100% respectively.
- (3) For details of subsidiaries' solvency margin, please visit the Company's website (www.pingan.cn).
- (4) Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

7. GUARANTEE

(in RMB million)

| External guarantee of the Company and its subsidiaries (excluding the guarantee in favor of its controlled subsidiaries) | | | |
|--|-----------|--|--|
| Total external guarantee incurred during the Reporting Period | _ | | |
| Total external guarantee balance as at the end of the Reporting Period | _ | | |
| Guarantee of the Company and its subsidiaries in favor of its sub | sidiaries | | |
| Total guarantee in favor of its subsidiaries incurred during the Reporting Period ⁽²⁾ | (69) | | |
| Total guarantee balance in favor of its subsidiaries as at the end of the Reporting Period | 8,693 | | |
| Total guarantee of the Company (including the guarantee in favor of its subsidiaries) | | | |
| Total guarantee | 8,693 | | |
| Total guarantee as a percentage of the Company's net assets (%) | 1.0 | | |
| Including: Direct or indirect guarantee for the companies with a total liabilities to total assets ratio over 70% (as of March 31, 2024) | 8,205 | | |
| The amount by which the total guarantee balance of the Company and its subsidiaries exceeded 50% of the Company's net assets | _ | | |

Notes: (1) The data set out in the table above does not include those arising from financial guarantee businesses conducted by the Company's controlled subsidiaries including Ping An Bank in strict compliance with the scope of business approved by regulatory authorities.

⁽²⁾ The total guarantee incurred during the Reporting Period was the guarantee withdrawal of RMB235 million less the guarantee repayment of RMB304 million.

8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (IFRSs)

8.1 Consolidated Income Statement

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

| For the three-month period ended 31 March (in RMB million) | 2024 (Unaudited) | 2023 (Unaudited) |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Insurance revenue | 136,852 | 133,106 |
| Interest revenue from banking operations | 53,299 | 58,670 |
| Interest revenue from non-banking operations | 29,196 | 29,781 |
| Fees and commission revenue from non-insurance operations | 11,197 | 11,919 |
| Investment income | 29,862 | 29,715 |
| Share of profits and losses of associates and joint ventures | (531) | 748 |
| Other revenues and other gains | 16,018 | 17,661 |
| Total revenue | 275,893 | 281,600 |
| Insurance service expenses | (109,996) | (105,955) |
| Allocation of reinsurance premiums paid | (3,788) | (3,458) |
| Less: Amount recovered from reinsurer | 2,775 | 2,395 |
| Net insurance finance expenses for insurance contracts issued | (39,244) | (40,271) |
| Less: Net reinsurance finance income for reinsurance | | |
| contracts held | 265 | 99 |
| Interest expenses on banking operations | (27,994) | (26,347) |
| Fees and commission expenses on non-insurance operations | (1,839) | (1,894) |
| Net impairment losses on financial assets | (10,351) | (15,526) |
| Net impairment losses on other assets | (6) | (14) |
| Foreign exchange gains/(losses) | (302) | 494 |
| General and administrative expenses | (18,833) | (19,886) |
| Changes in insurance premium reserves | (62) | (46) |
| Interest expenses on non-banking operations | (4,911) | (5,838) |
| Other expenses | (8,990) | (10,091) |
| Total expenses | (223,276) | (226,338) |

| For the three-month period ended 31 March (in RMB million) | 2024 (Unaudited) | 2023 (Unaudited) |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Profit before tax Income tax | 52,617 (7,567) | 55,262 (9,097) |
| Profit for the period | 45,050 | 46,165 |
| Attributable to: - Owners of the parent - Non-controlling interests | 36,709 8,341 45,050 | 38,352 7,813 46,165 |
| | RMB | RMB |
| Earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent: | 2.05 | 2.17 |
| BasicDiluted | 2.07 2.03 | 2.17 2.13 |

8.2 Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive IncomeFor the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

| For the three-month period ended 31 March (in RMB million) | 2024 (Unaudited) | 2023 (Unaudited) |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Profit for the period | 45,050 | 46,165 |
| Other comprehensive income | | |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Changes in the fair value of debt instruments at fair value | | |
| through other comprehensive income | 68,412 | 7,809 |
| Credit risks provision of debt instruments at fair value | | |
| through other comprehensive income | 136 | 21 |
| Insurance finance expenses for insurance contracts issued | (100,248) | (7,796) |
| Reinsurance finance income for reinsurance contracts held | 277 | 1 |
| Reserve from cash flow hedging instruments | 327 | 118 |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | (70) | (965) |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures | 94 | 109 |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Changes in the fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | (67) | 5,960 |
| Insurance finance income/(expenses) for insurance contracts | (0.) | 2,200 |
| issued | 131 | (3,826) |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates and | | |
| joint ventures | 156 | 400 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax | (30,852) | 1,831 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 14,198 | 47,996 |
| Attributable to: | | |
| - Owners of the parent | 5,713 | 40,443 |
| – Owners of the parent– Non-controlling interests | 8,485 | 7,553 |
| Tron controlling interests | | 1,333 |
| | 14,198 | 47,996 |

8.3 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2024

| | 31 March, | 31 December, |
|---|-------------|--------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| (in RMB million) | (Unaudited) | (Audited) |
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and amounts due from banks and | | |
| other financial institutions | 786,452 | 804,077 |
| Balances with the Central Bank | 318,059 | 270,976 |
| Financial assets purchased under reverse | | |
| repurchase agreements | 132,914 | 167,660 |
| Accounts receivable | 37,514 | 35,636 |
| Derivative financial assets | 47,800 | 44,978 |
| Insurance contract assets | _ | 3 |
| Reinsurance contract assets | 22,340 | 22,215 |
| Finance lease receivable | 193,392 | 180,674 |
| Loans and advances to customers | 3,384,720 | 3,318,122 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 1,962,415 | 1,803,047 |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | 1,252,468 | 1,243,353 |
| Debt financial assets at fair value through other | | |
| comprehensive income | 2,750,608 | 2,637,008 |
| Equity financial assets at fair value through other | | |
| comprehensive income | 263,139 | 264,877 |
| Investments in associates and joint ventures | 253,714 | 258,877 |
| Statutory deposits for insurance operations | 14,853 | 14,903 |
| Investment properties | 125,978 | 121,406 |
| Property and equipment | 48,759 | 50,401 |
| Intangible assets | 98,100 | 99,078 |
| Right-of-use assets | 9,002 | 9,794 |
| Deferred tax assets | 108,188 | 101,337 |
| Other assets | 171,881 | 134,995 |
| Total assets | 11,982,296 | 11,583,417 |
| |): -) | , , |

| | 31 March, 2024 | 31 December, 2023 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| (in RMB million) | (Unaudited) | (Audited) |
| (| (| (========= |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | |
| Equity | | |
| Share capital | 18,210 | 18,210 |
| Reserves | 233,095 | 263,752 |
| Treasury shares | (5,001) | (5,001) |
| Retained profits | 658,666 | 622,050 |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent | 904,970 | 899,011 |
| Non-controlling interests | 337,170 | 329,953 |
| Total equity | 1,242,140 | 1,228,964 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Due to banks and other financial institutions | 967,279 | 963,718 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 72,247 | 48,619 |
| Derivative financial liabilities | 47,597 | 44,531 |
| Assets sold under agreements to repurchase | 243,373 | 241,803 |
| Accounts payable | 7,658 | 8,858 |
| Income tax payable | 9,293 | 7,117 |
| Insurance contract liabilities | 4,429,595 | 4,159,801 |
| Reinsurance contract liabilities | 73 | 53 |
| Customer deposits and payables to brokerage customers | 3,589,254 | 3,534,539 |
| Bonds payable | 998,246 | 964,007 |
| Lease liabilities | 9,531 | 10,234 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 14,323 | 14,148 |
| Other liabilities | 351,687 | 357,025 |
| Total liabilities | 10,740,156 | 10,354,453 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 11,982,296 | 11,583,417 |

8.4 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

| For the three-month period ended 31 March (in RMB million) | 2024 (Unaudited) | 2023 (Unaudited) |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Net cash flows from operating activities | 74,958 | 209,986 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Purchases of property and equipment, intangibles | | |
| and other long-term assets | (1,063) | (1,414) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment, | | |
| intangibles and other long-term assets, net | 32 | 140 |
| Proceeds from disposal of investments | 484,516 | 505,461 |
| Purchases of investments | (528,533) | (576,028) |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries, net | _ | (16) |
| Disposal of subsidiaries, net | (50) | 5 |
| Interest received | 39,689 | 37,261 |
| Dividends received | 5,232 | 7,016 |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities | (177) | (27,575) |

| For the three-month period ended 31 March | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| (in RMB million) | (Unaudited) | (Unaudited) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Capital injected into subsidiaries by non-controlling interests | 183 | 16 |
| Proceeds from bonds issued | 324,625 | 189,144 |
| Decrease in assets sold under agreements to | | |
| repurchase of insurance operations, net | (19,708) | (19,983) |
| Proceeds from borrowings | 31,277 | 36,799 |
| Repayment of borrowings | (338,315) | (272,266) |
| Interest paid | (3,958) | (6,173) |
| Dividends paid | (1,863) | (2,010) |
| Decrease in insurance placements from banks and | | |
| other financial institutions, net | _ | (6,984) |
| Payment of shares purchased for Long-term Service Plan | _ | (4,451) |
| Repayment of lease liabilities | (1,130) | (1,399) |
| Payment of redemption for other equity instruments by | | |
| subsidiaries | _ | (3,650) |
| Others | (3,133) | (8,133) |
| Net cash flows used in financing activities | (12,022) | (99,090) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 62,759 | 83,321 |
| Net foreign exchange differences | 871 | (940) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 480,472 | 444,202 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 544,102 | 526,583 |

9. RELEASE OF RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT

This results announcement is simultaneously available on the website of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (www.hkexnews.hk) and the website of the Company (www.pingan.cn). This results announcement is prepared in accordance with IFRSs. The report of the First Quarter Results for 2024 prepared in accordance with the *Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises* issued by the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China and other relevant regulations will be published on the Company's website (www.pingan.cn) at the same time as it is published on the website of Shanghai Stock Exchange (www.sse.com.cn).

By order of the Board
Ma Mingzhe
Chairman

Shenzhen, the PRC, April 23, 2024

As at the date of this announcement, the executive directors of the Company are Ma Mingzhe, Xie Yonglin and Cai Fangfang; the non-executive directors of the Company are Soopakij Chearavanont, Yang Xiaoping, He Jianfeng, Cai Xun, Yao Jason Bo and Tan Sin Yin; the independent non-executive directors of the Company are Ng Sing Yip, Chu Yiyun, Liu Hong, Ng Kong Ping Albert, Jin Li and Wang Guangqian.

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